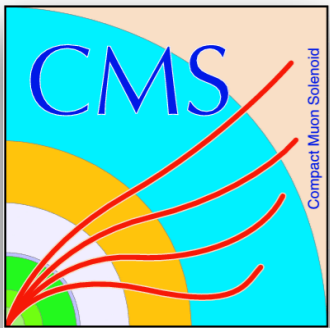


# Search for anomalous couplings in semileptonic $WW$ and $WZ$ decays in the CMS experiment

Matthias Mozer, Thomas Müller,  
Christoph Renner, Ivan Shvetsov

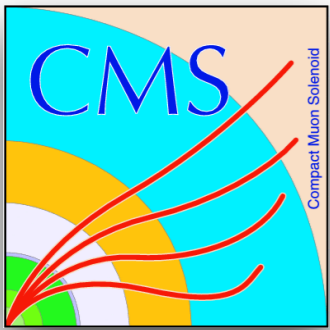
Institut für Experimentelle Kernphysik, Karlsruhe Institute of Technology



# Introduction



- Search for anomalous triple gauge couplings at  $\sqrt{s}= 13$  TeV is presented using full 2015 dataset ( $L= 2.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ).
- Search is based on the effective field theory approach (EFT)
- Semileptonic channel.
- Events with boosted topology (boosted AK8 jet) are used  $\rightarrow$  jet-substructure techniques used for V-tagging.
- Limits are extracted from diboson mass distribution modelled by analytical functions.



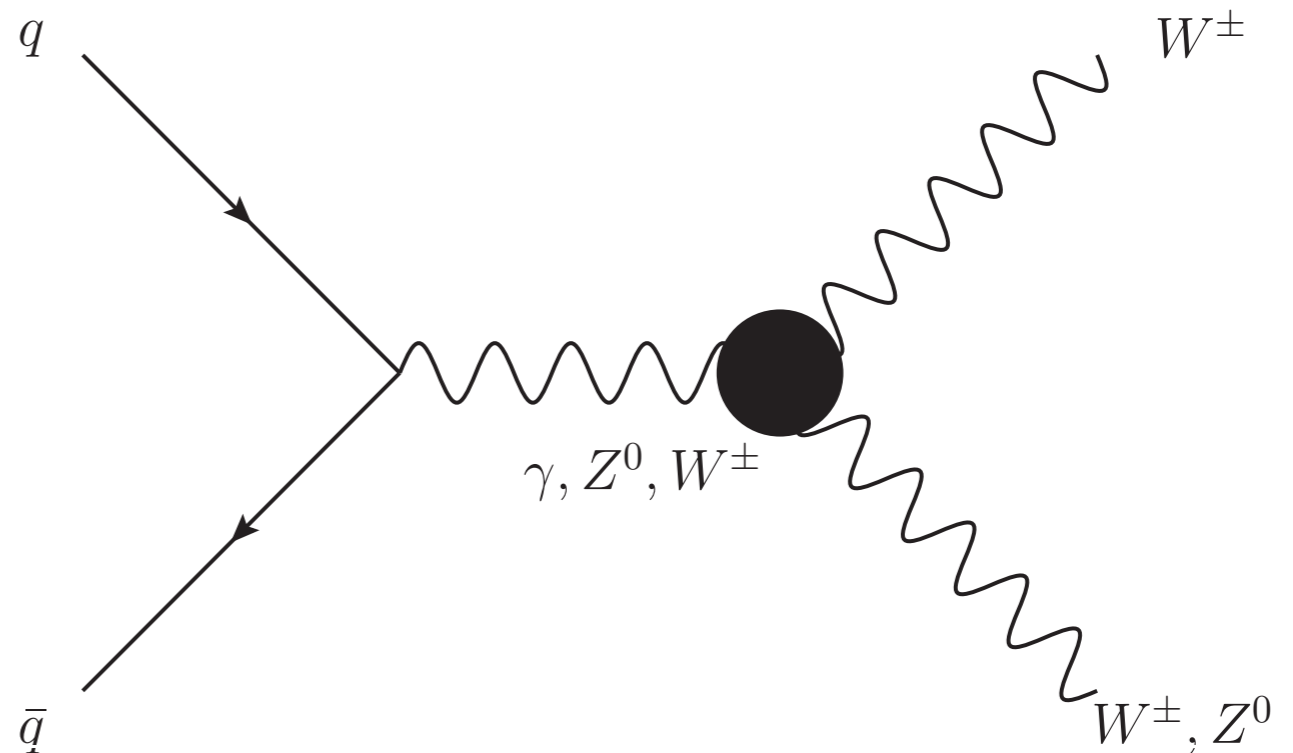
# Effective field theory approach

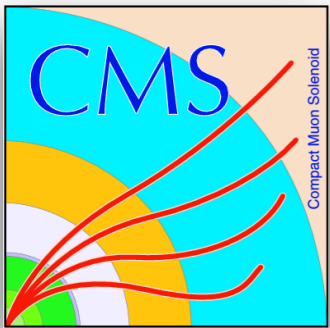


- Standard Model Lagrangian is extended with 3 CP-conserving dimension 6 operators:

$$\mathcal{L}_{eff} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \frac{c_{WWW}}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_{WWW} + \frac{c_W}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_W + \frac{c_B}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_B$$

- Assumption:  $E/\Lambda \ll 1$

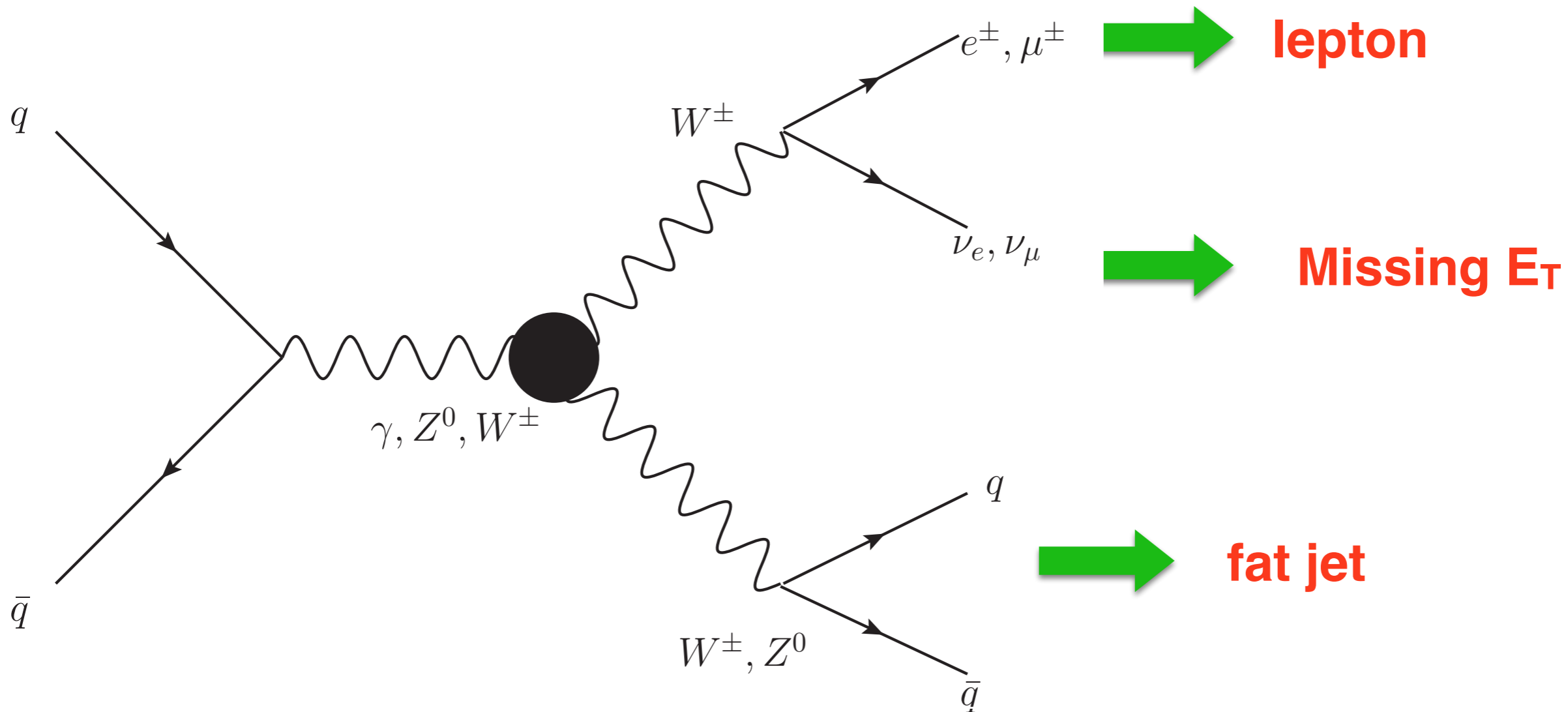


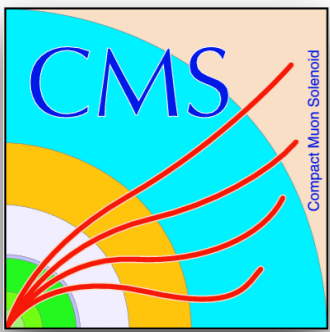


# Event signature



- Semileptonic channel



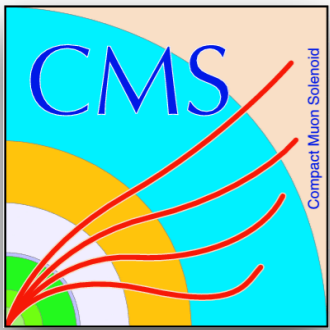


# Event selection



cut	electron channel	muon channel
lepton $p_T >$	50 GeV	53 GeV
lepton $ \eta  <$	2.5	2.4
$E_T^{miss} >$	80 GeV	40 GeV
$\tau_{21} <$	0.6	0.6
$M_{WV} >$	900 GeV	900 GeV
$W_{lep} p_T >$	200 GeV	200 GeV
fat jet $p_T >$	200 GeV	200 GeV
fat jet $ \eta  <$	2.4	2.4
$\Delta R(lepton, jet) >$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	$\frac{\pi}{2}$
$\Delta\Phi(jet, E_T^{miss}) >$	2.0	2.0
$\Delta\Phi(jet, W_{lep}) >$	2.0	2.0
$m_{pruned}$ window	[40., 150.] GeV	[40., 150.] GeV

- **Exactly 1 electron or muon passing quality criteria**
- **No additional loose leptons**
- **at least 1 AK8 jet passing quality requirements**
- AK4 jets are used for b-tag veto, cleaned from AK8 ( $\Delta R=0.8$ )



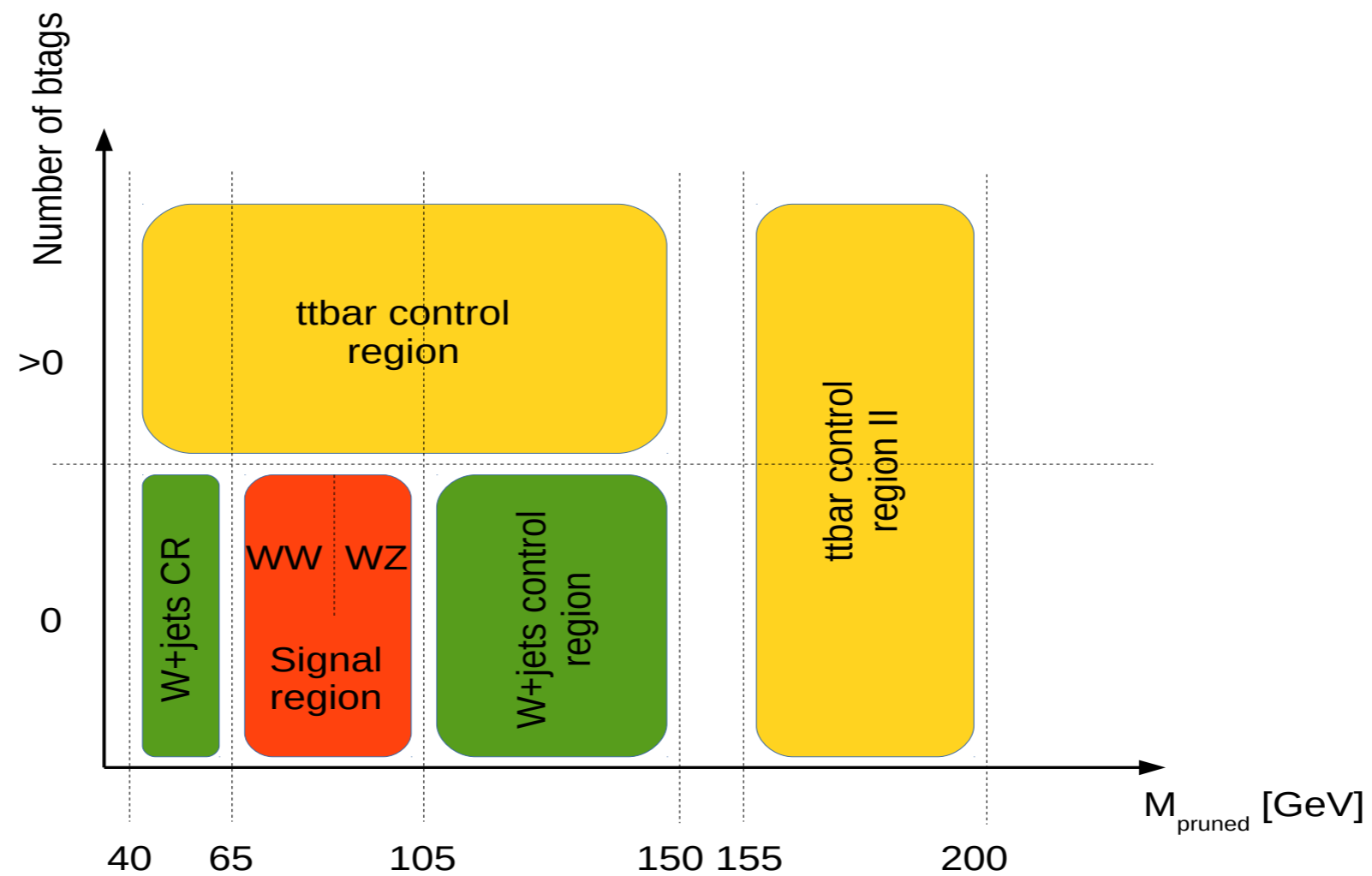
# Backgrounds

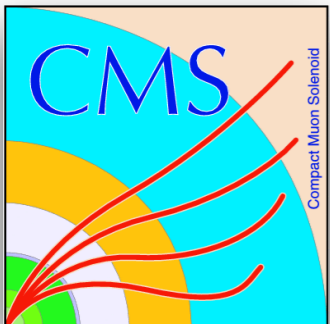


- top pair production ( $t\bar{t}$ )
- $W$ +jets
- Diboson production ( $WW$ ,  $WZ$ )
- Single top

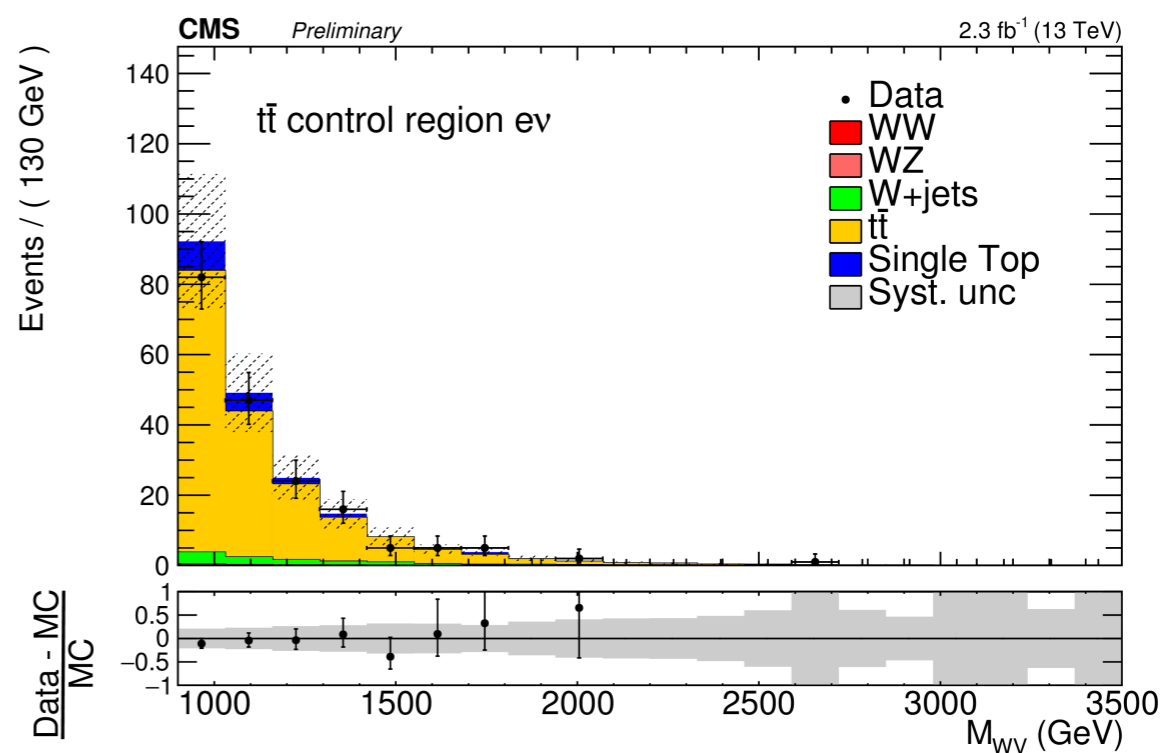
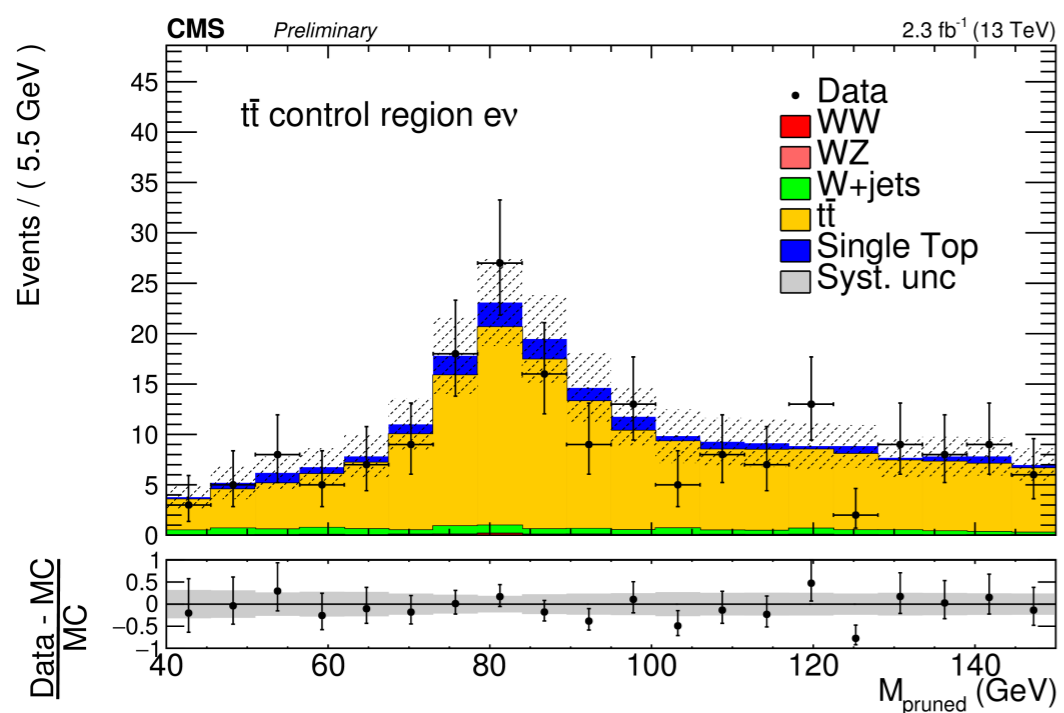
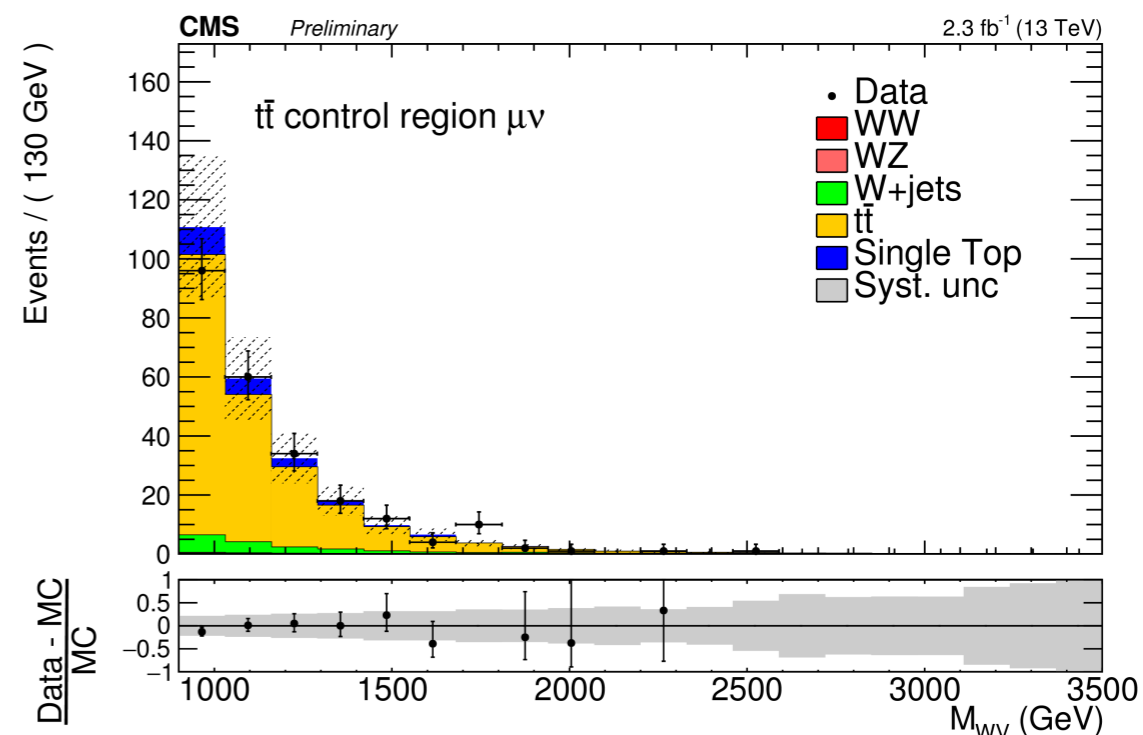
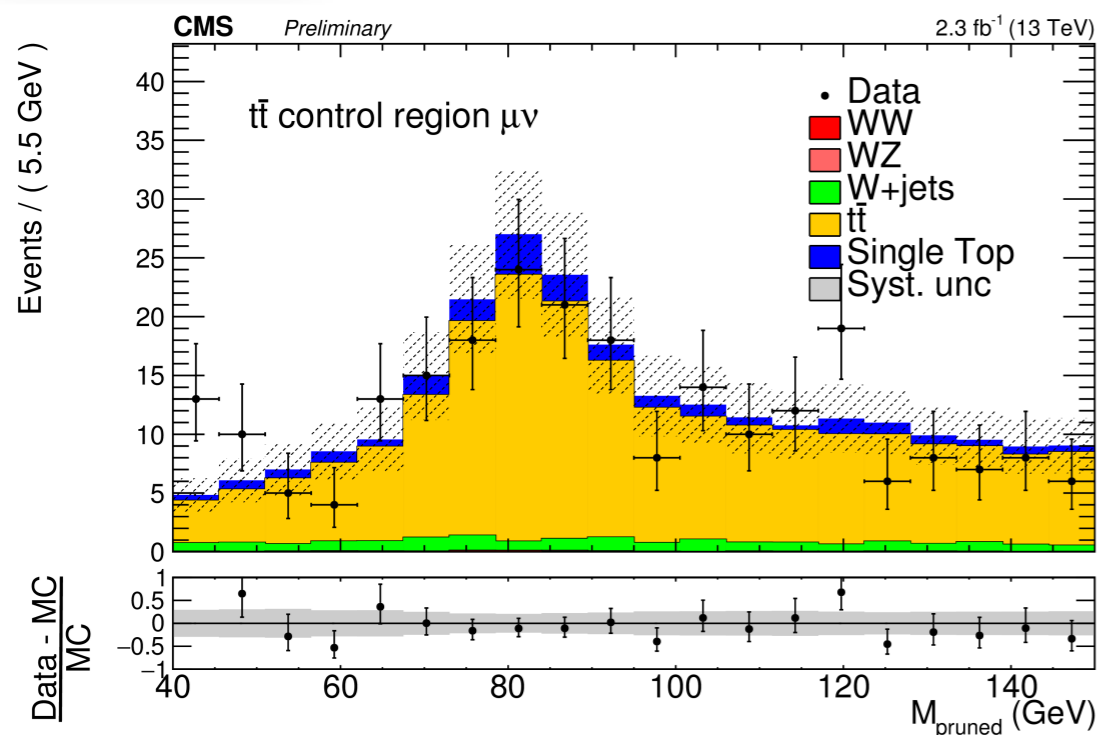
# Control regions

- 3 control regions are defined to validate modelling of main backgrounds

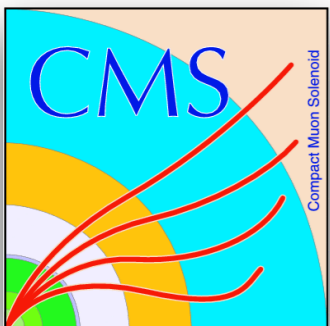




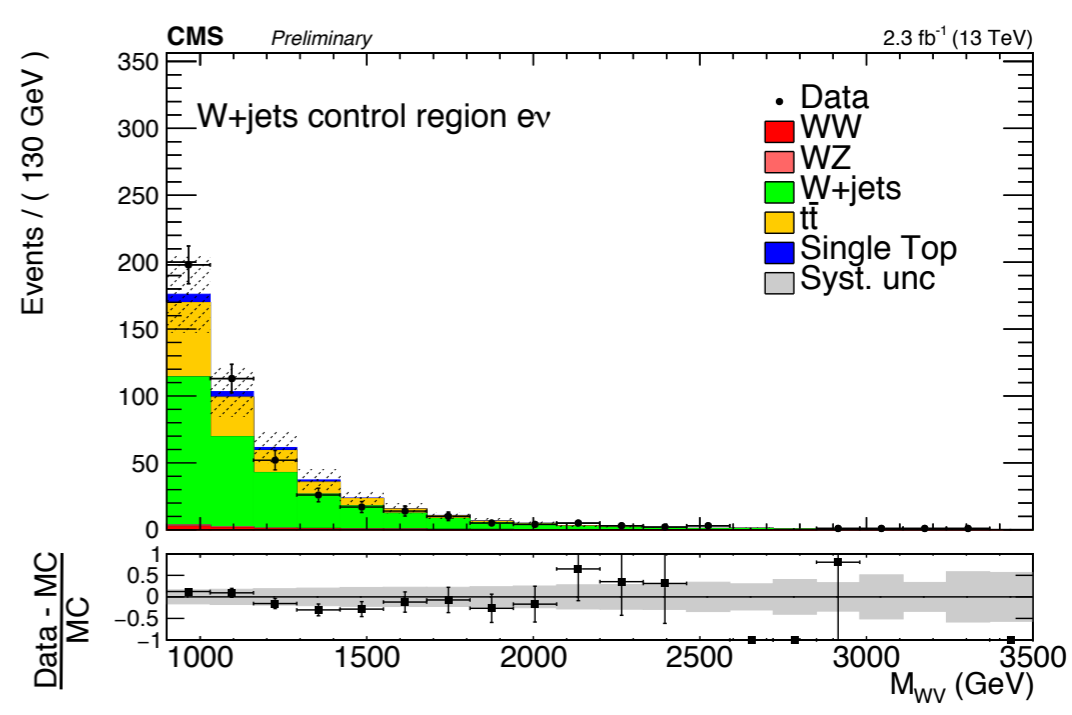
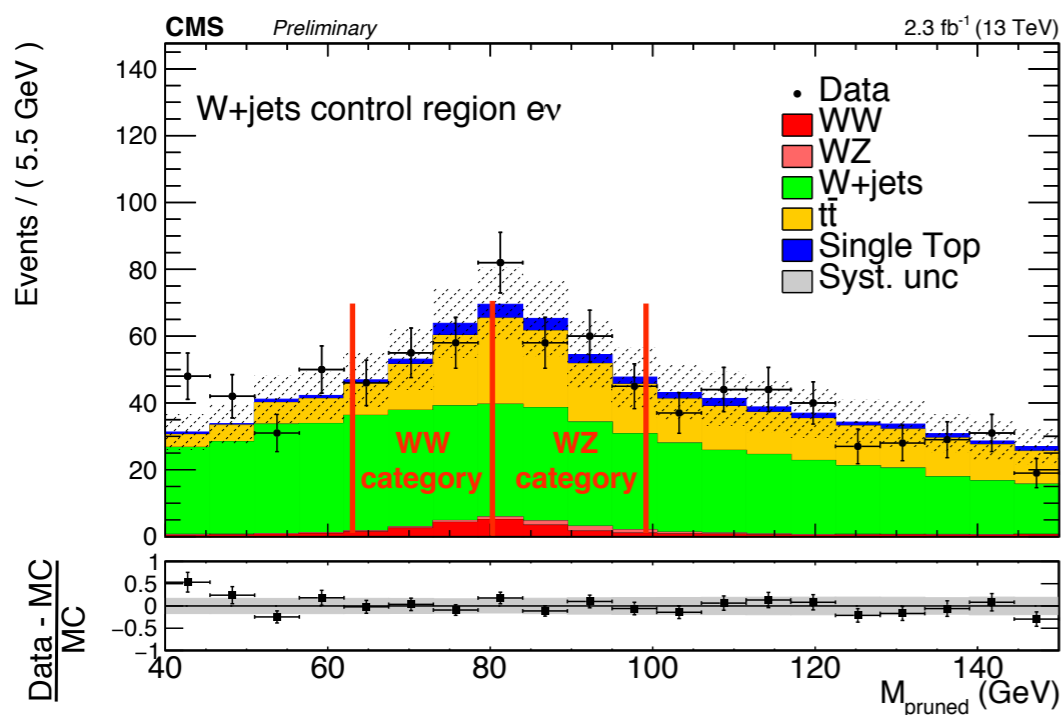
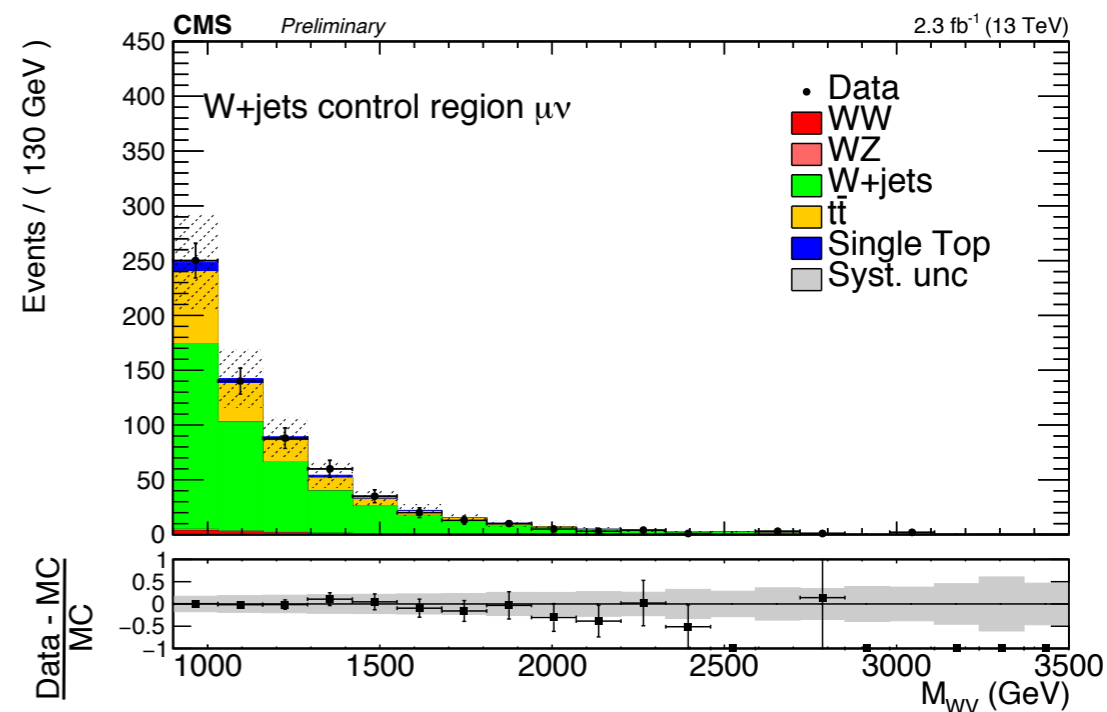
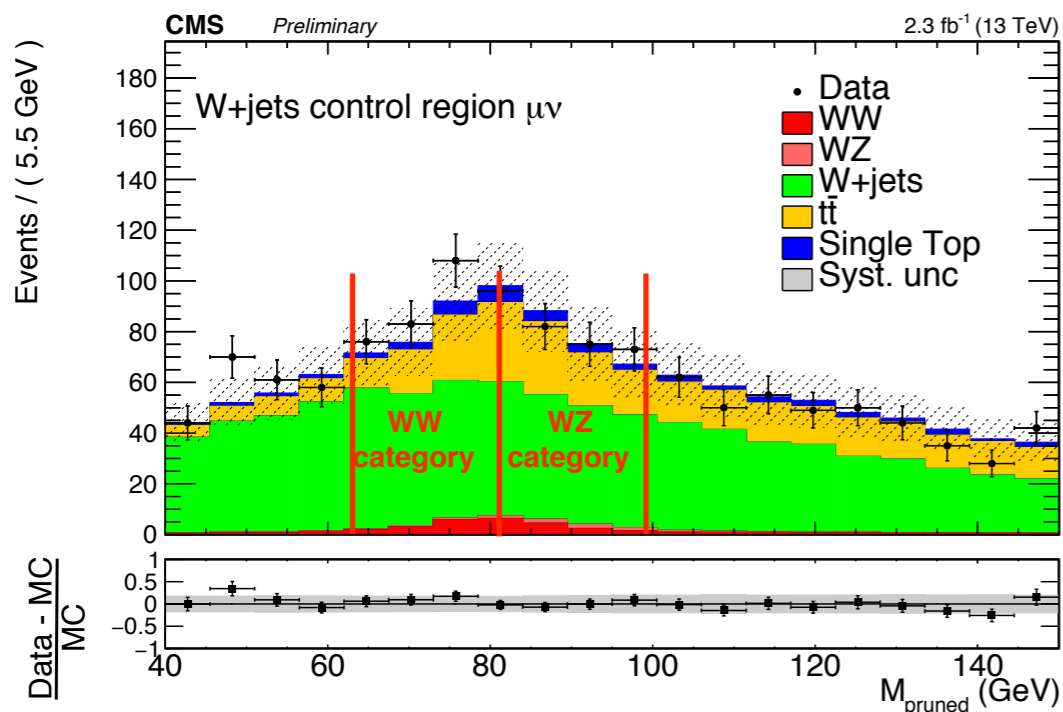
# ttbar control region

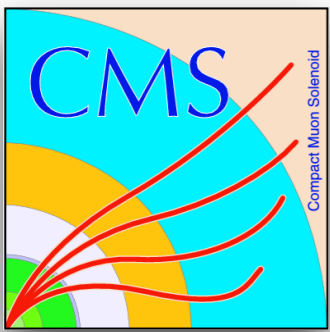




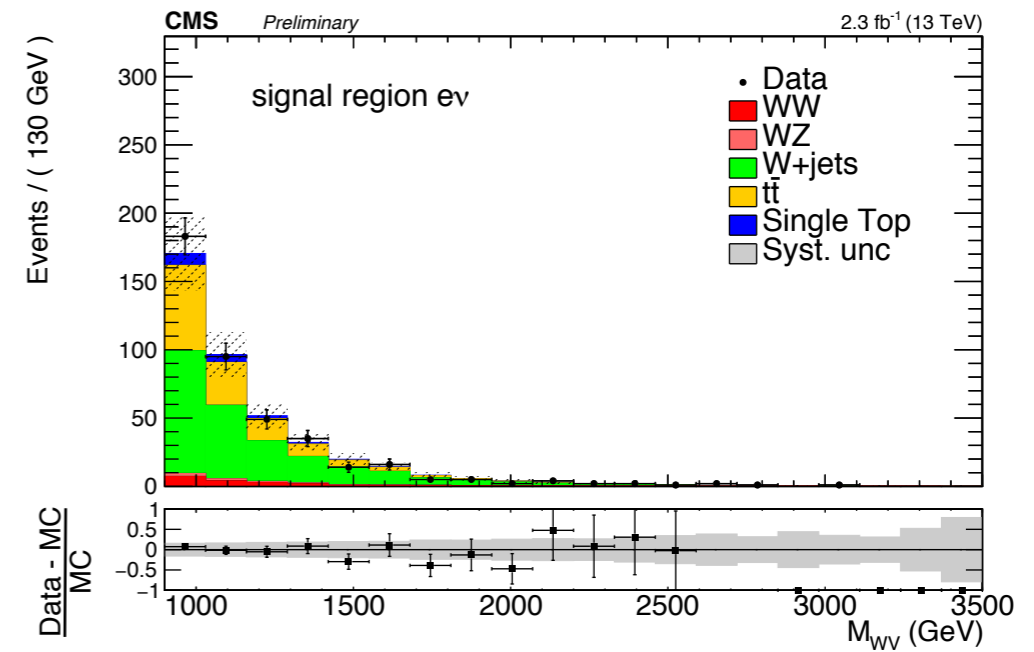
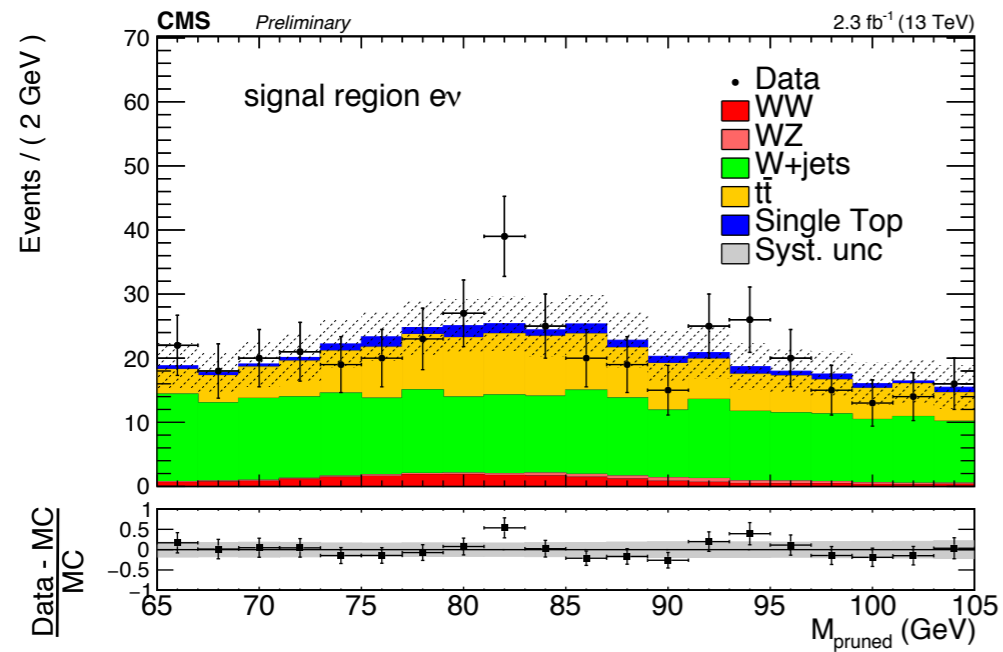
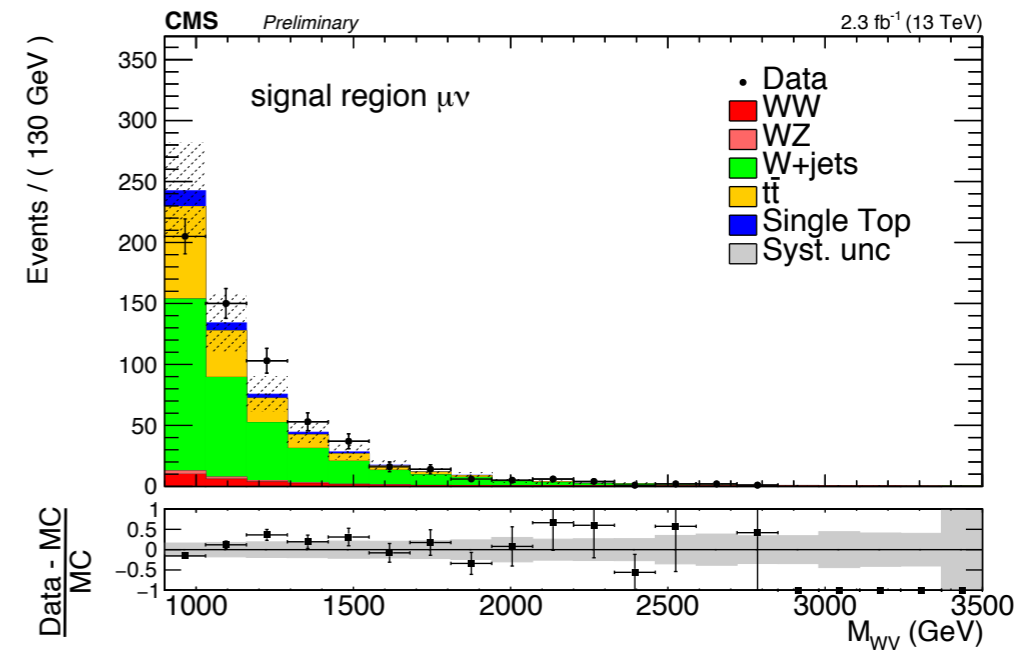
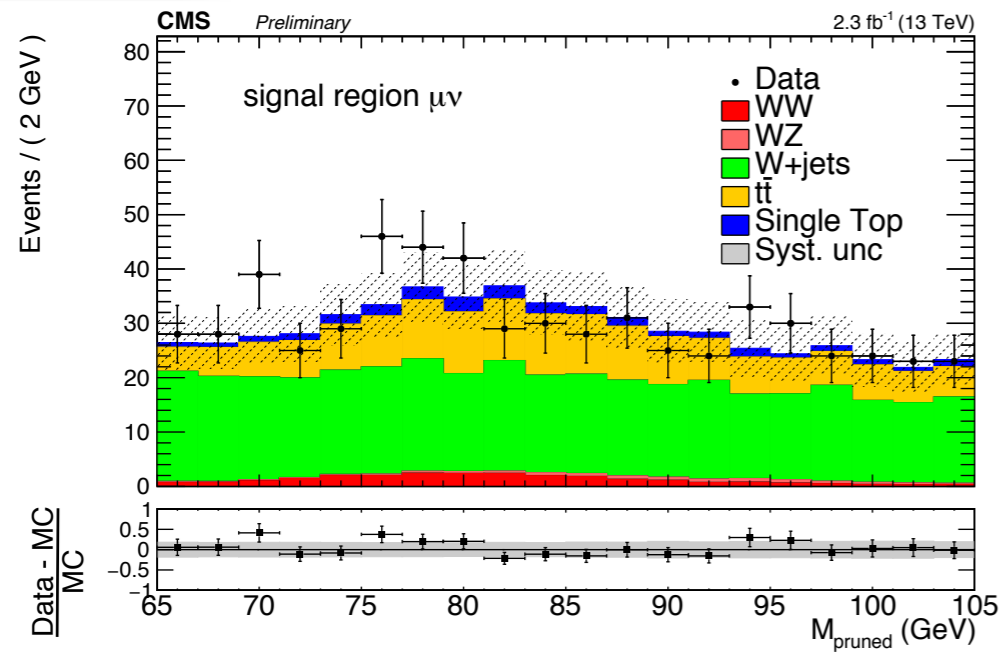


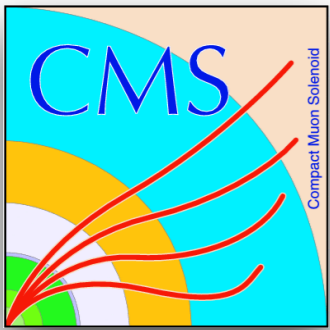
# W+jets control region





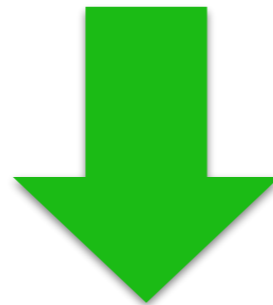
# Signal region





# Analysis strategy

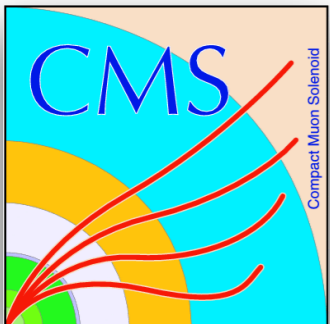
$M_{\text{Pruned}}$  fit in range (40, 150) GeV:  
normalization of  $t\bar{t}$ ,  $W$ +jets,  
 $W$ +jets uncertainty



$M_{WV}$  fit (sideband: (40., 65)  $\cup$  (105, 150) GeV ):  
shape of  $W$ +jets



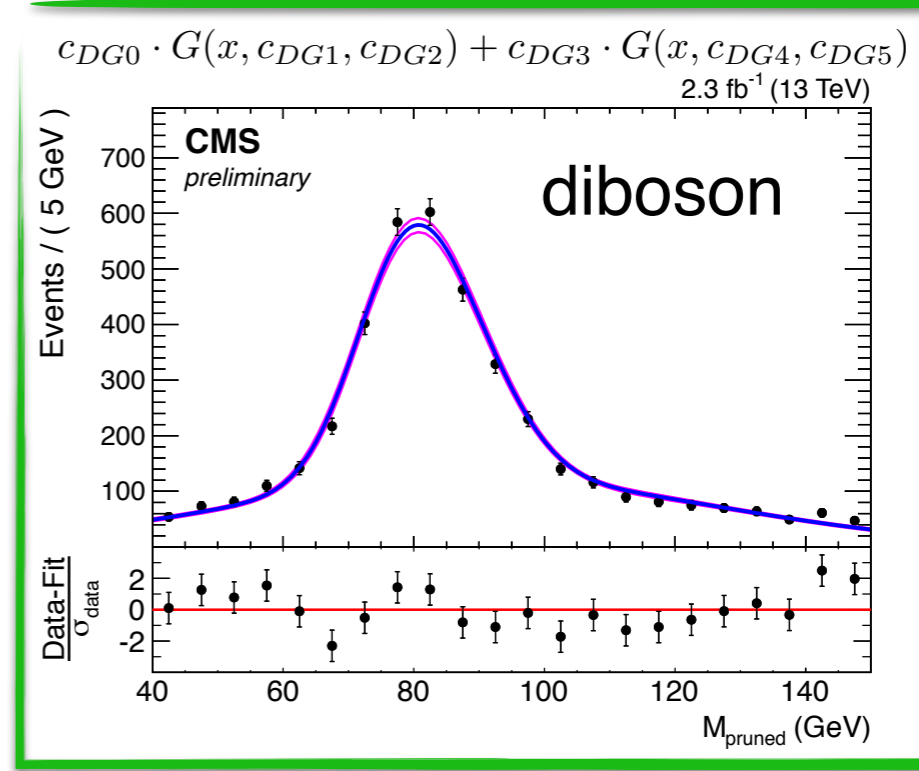
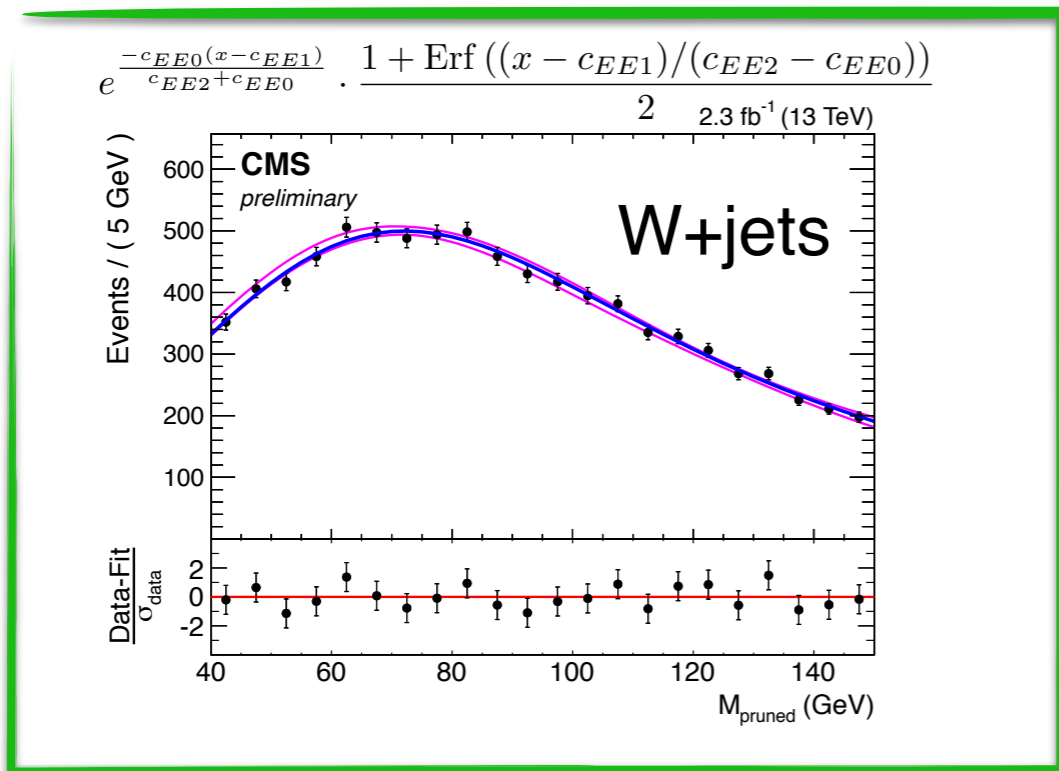
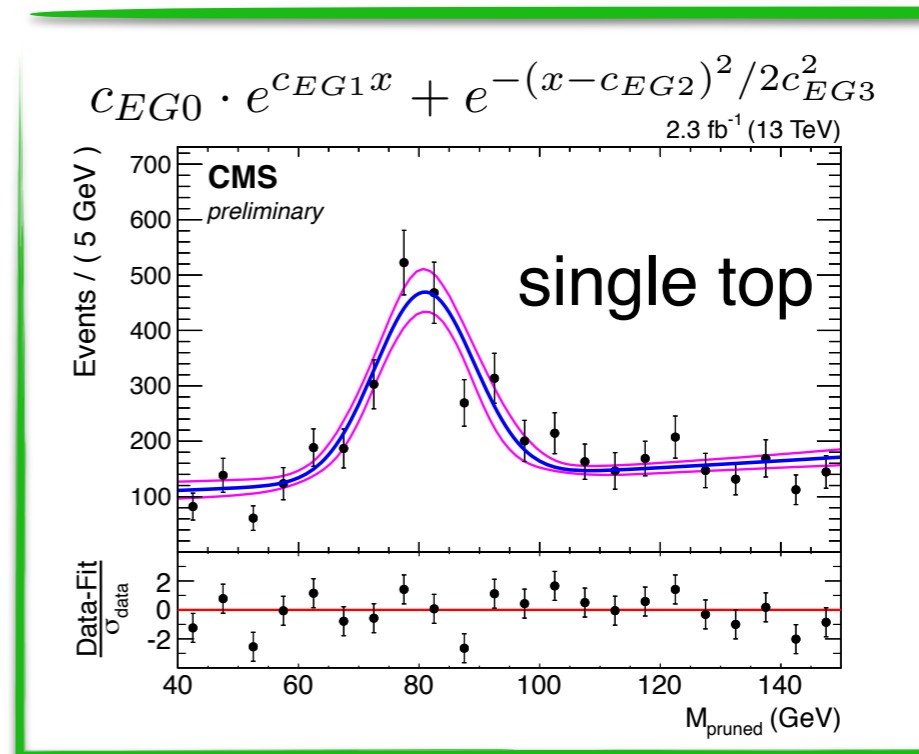
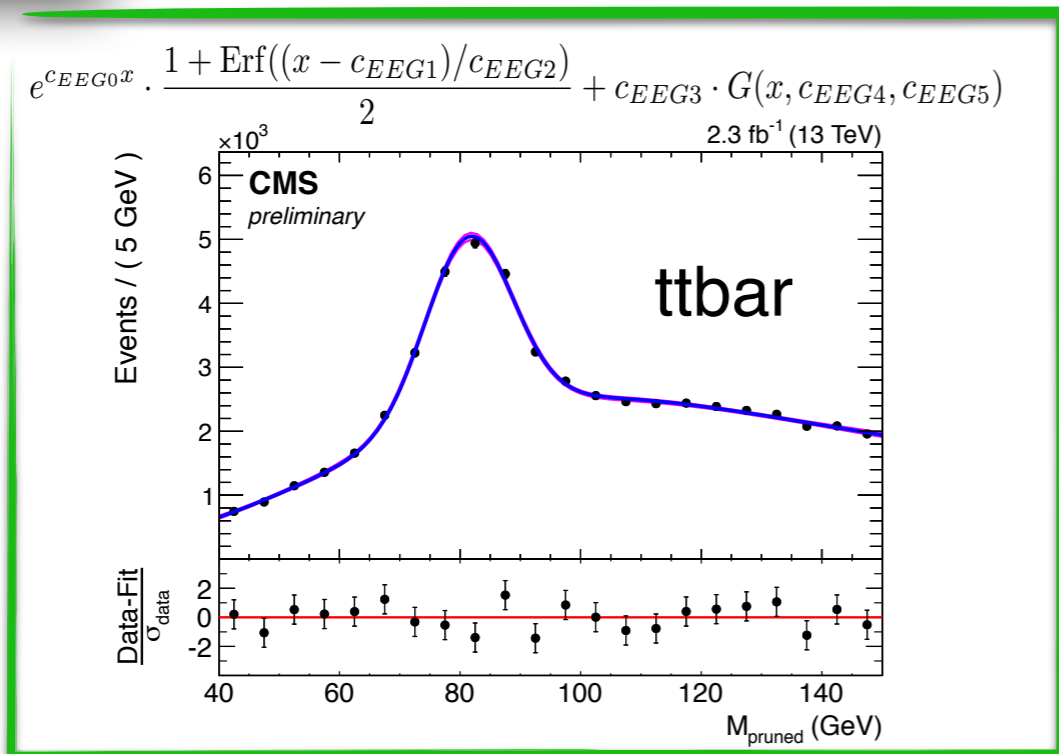
extract limits in the signal region

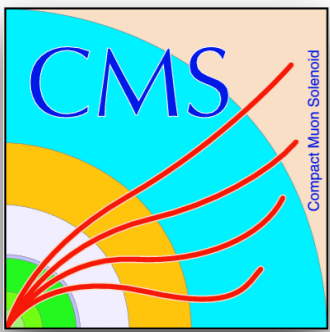


# M<sub>pruned</sub> fit: parametric shapes from Monte-Carlo



muon  
channel





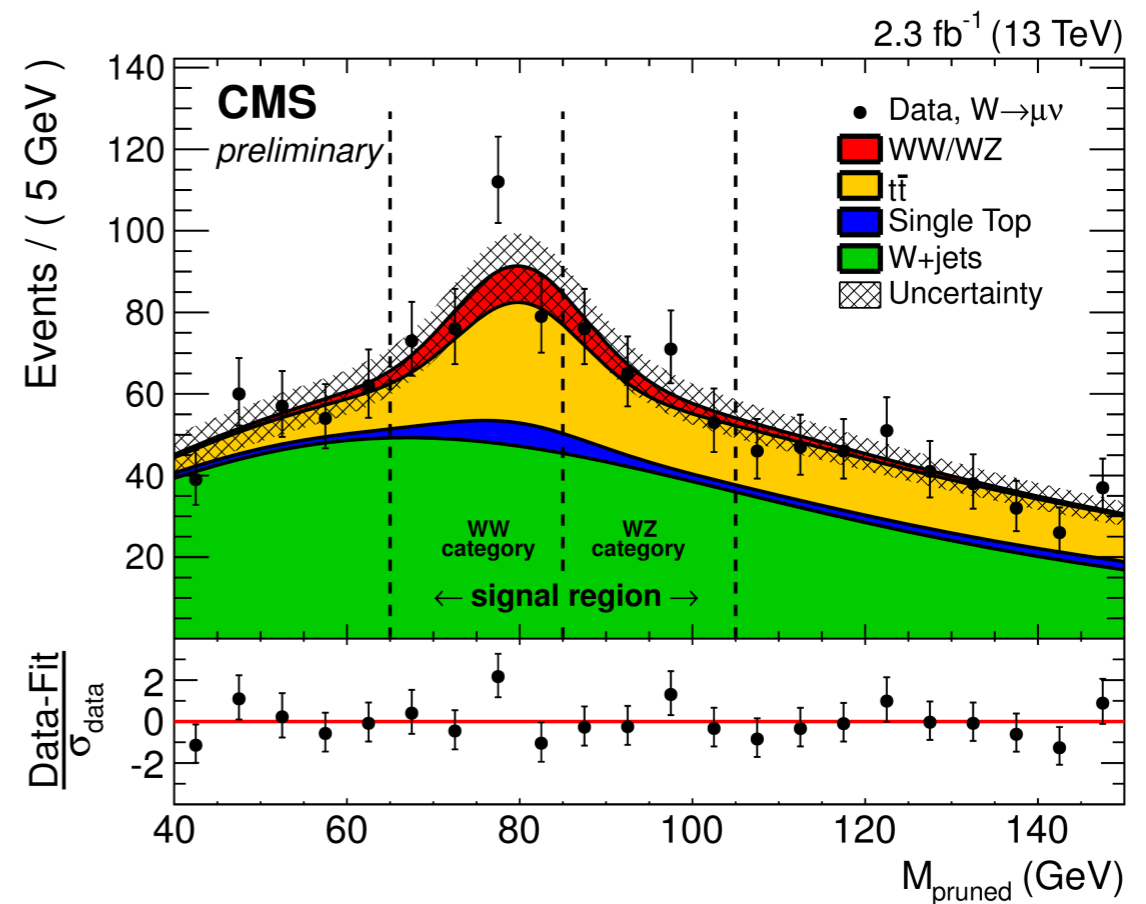
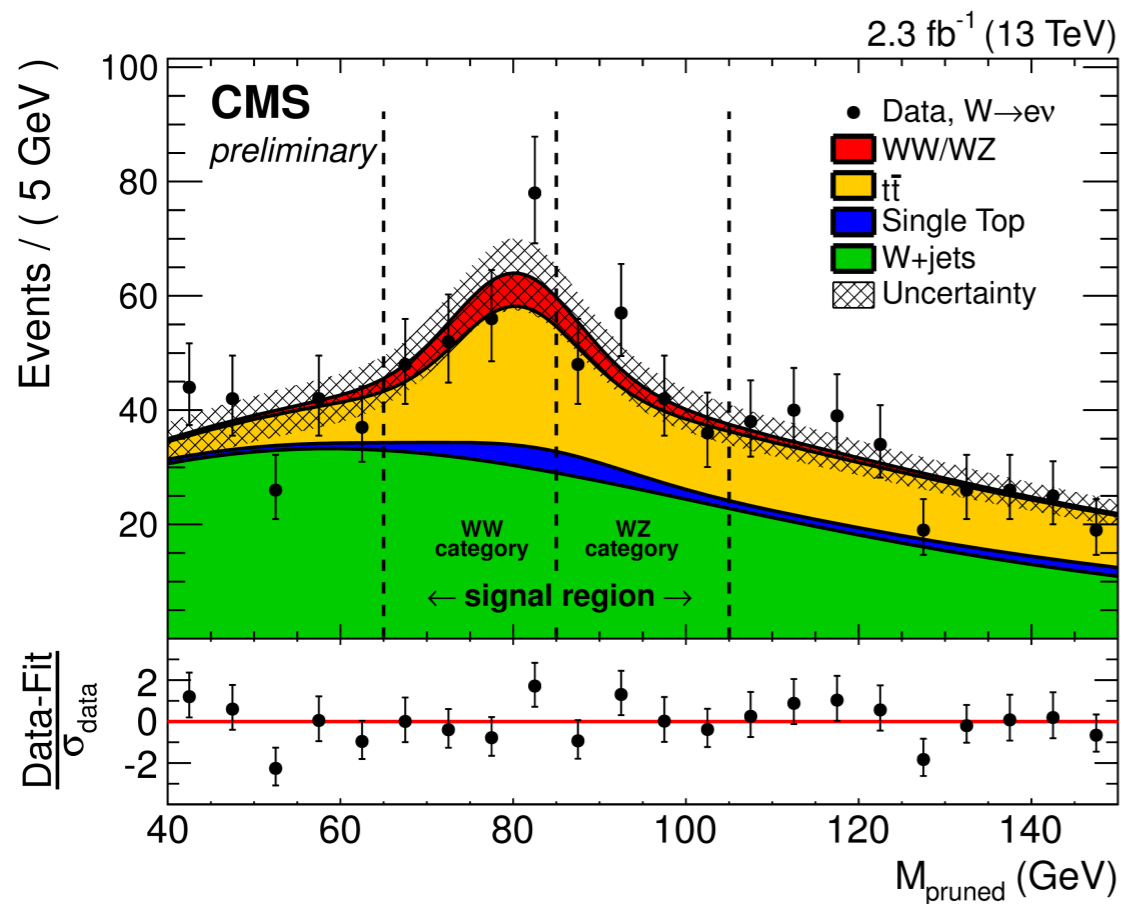
# $M_{\text{pruned}}$ fit

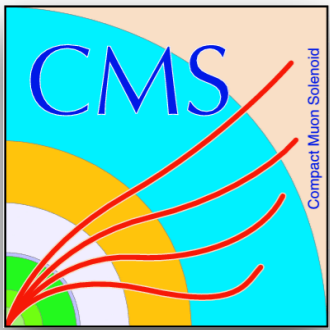


- Range [40., 150] GeV is used.
- $t\bar{t}$  normalization is constrained with Gaussian with uncertainty 20%
- W+jets normalization is floated freely +  $c_{EE0}$  in shape
- Diboson (SM) is constrained with 100% (possible enhancements from aTGC): **number is not used later.**
- single top is fixed to Monte-Carlo prediction.
- **$t\bar{t}$  and W+jets normalizations are extracted from the fit.**

# $M_{\text{pruned}}$ fit

- Data vs Monte-Carlo after the fit:





# M<sub>WV</sub> shapes



sideband region

signal region

ttbar	$F_{\text{ExpN}}(x) = e^{ax+b/x}$
single-top	$F_{\text{Exp}}(x) = e^{ax}$
diboson	$F_{\text{ExpN}}(x) = e^{ax}$
W+jets	$F_{\text{ExpN}}(x) = e^{ax+b/x}$

ttbar	$F_{\text{ExpN}}(x) = e^{ax+b/x}$
single-top	$F_{\text{Exp}}(x) = e^{ax}$
diboson	$F_{\text{ExpN}}(x) = e^{ax+b/x}$
W+jets	$F_{\text{ExpN}}(x) = e^{ax+b/x}$

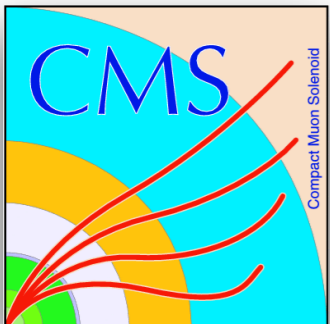


- Fit to sideband data
- Shapes fixed to one extracted from MC except W+jets
- Shape parameter for W+jets are freely floating
- Normalization is taken from M<sub>pruned</sub> fit.

Estimate W+Jets from data:

$$F_{W\text{jets}}^{SB,data} \rightarrow \frac{F_{W\text{jets}}^{SR,MC}}{F_{W\text{jets}}^{SB,MC}}$$

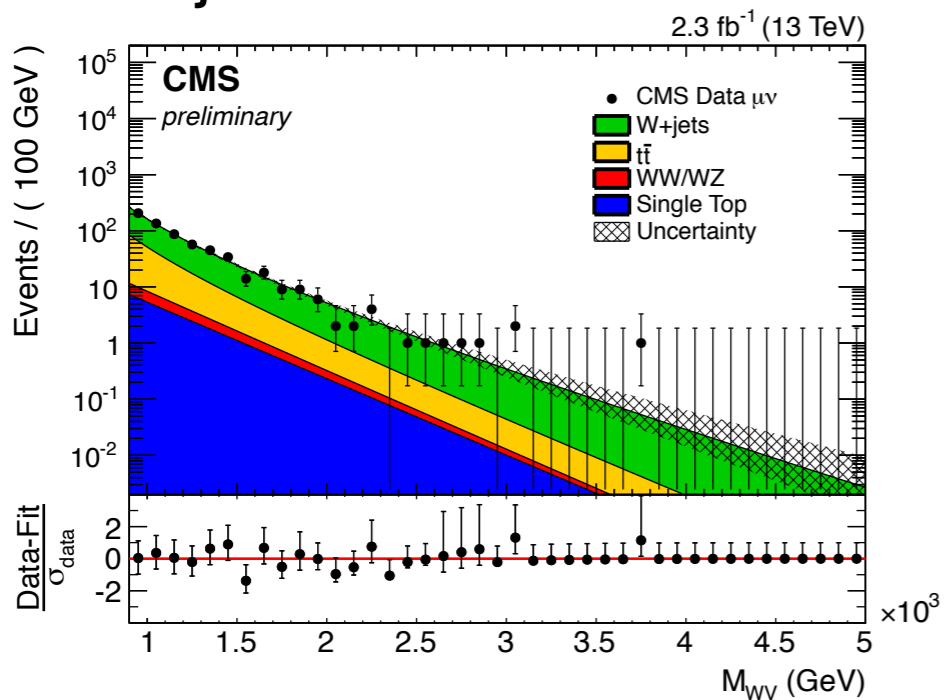
$$\alpha^{MC}(M_{\ell\nu j})$$



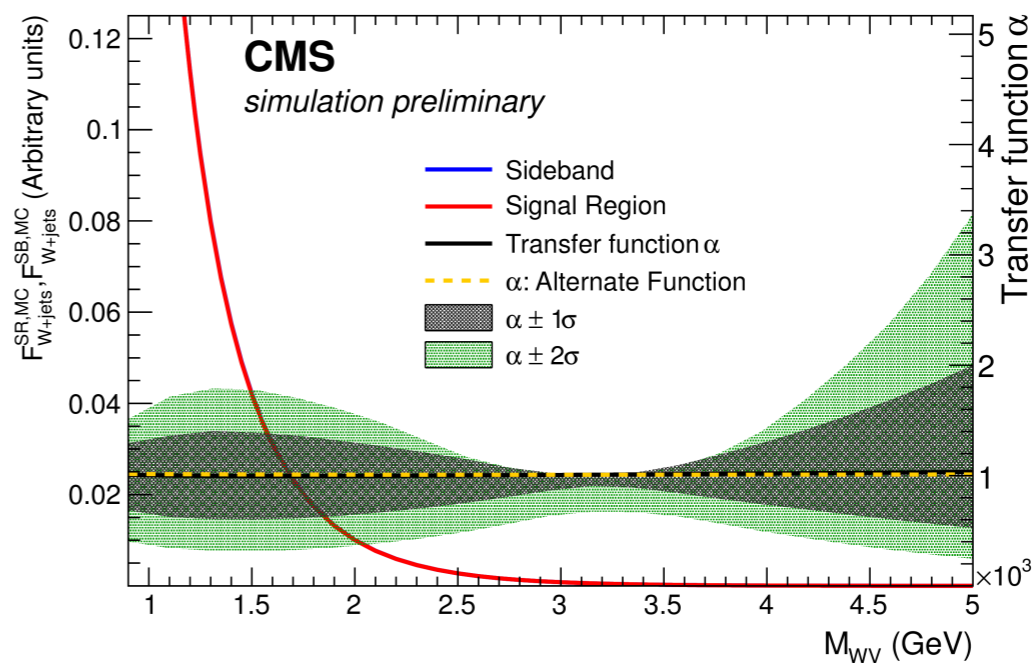
# M<sub>WV</sub> shapes



## W+jets fitted in sideband

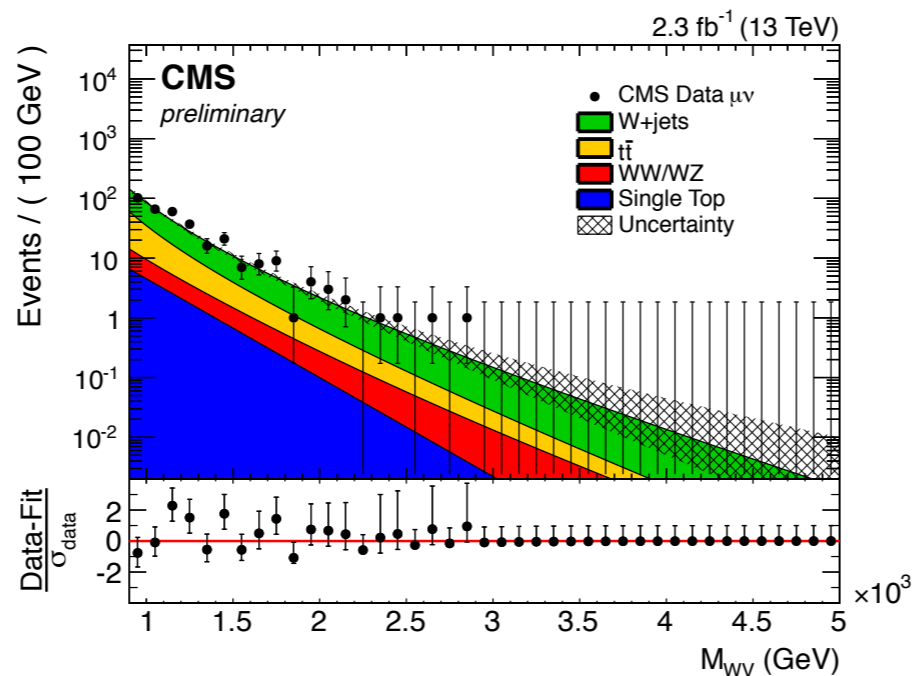


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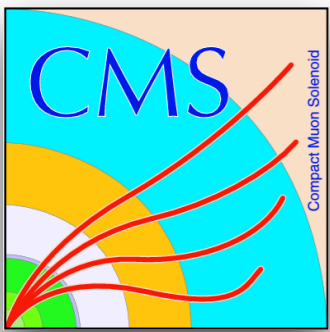
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result in the signal region



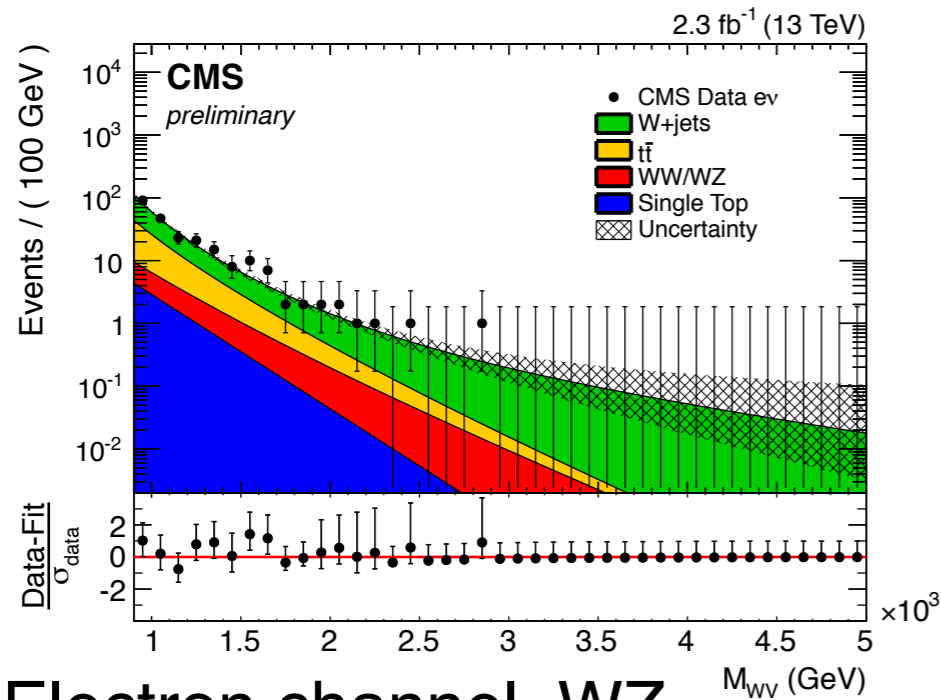


# Final background shapes for $M_{WV}$

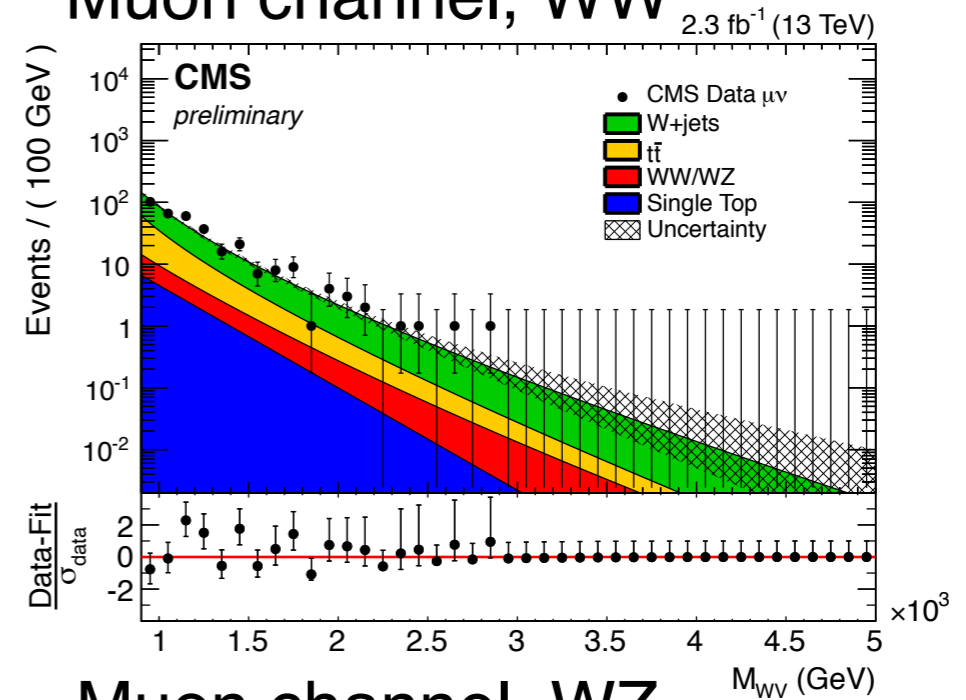


cut on  $M_{WV} < 3.5$  TeV

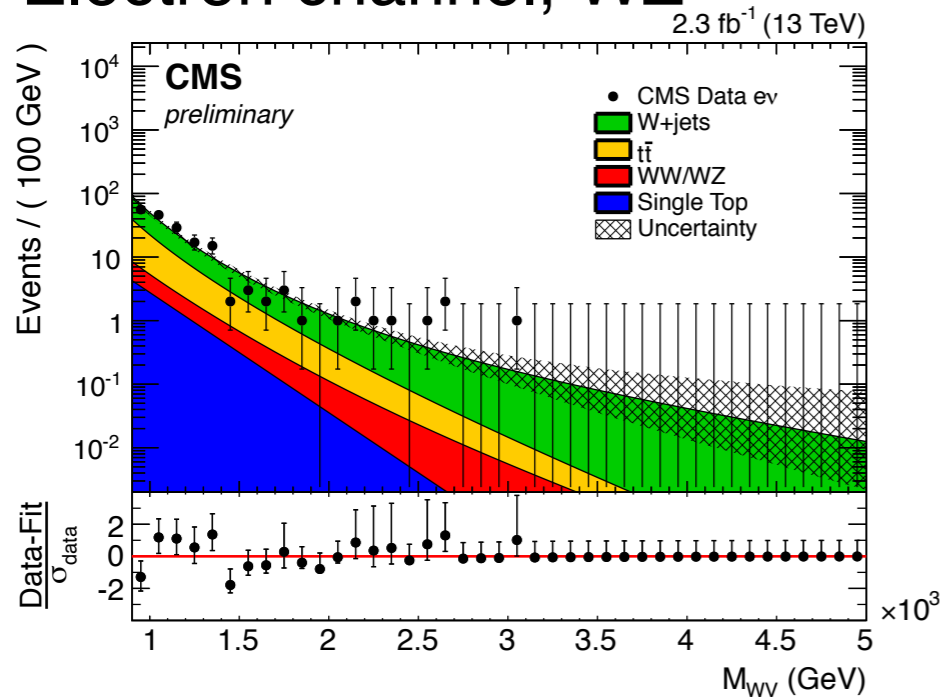
## Electron channel, WW



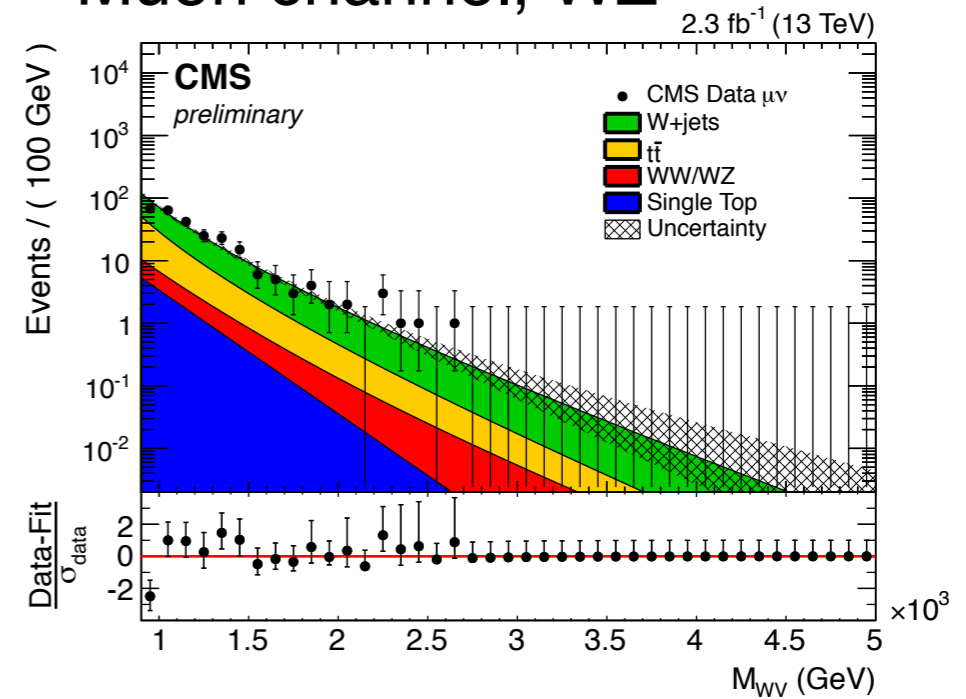
## Muon channel, WW

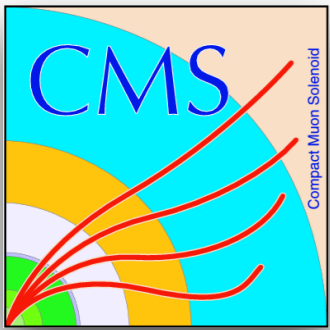


## Electron channel, WZ



## Muon channel, WZ





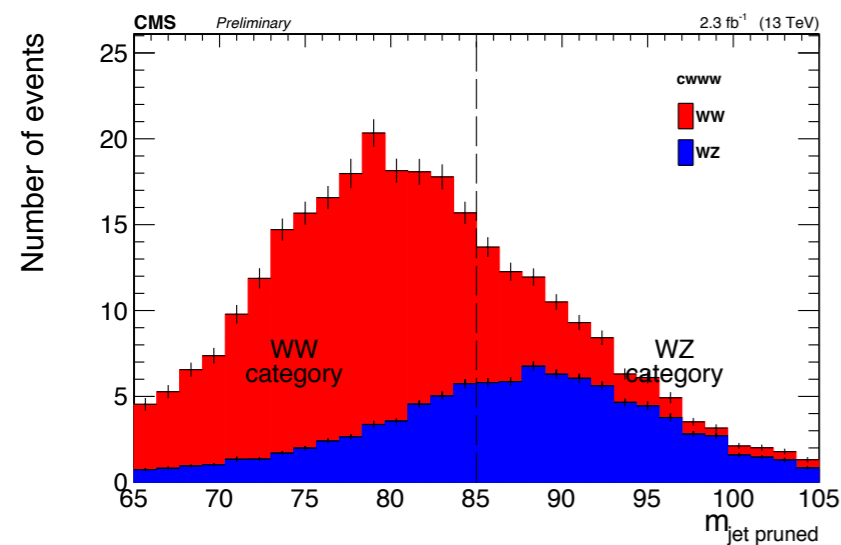
# Signal regions



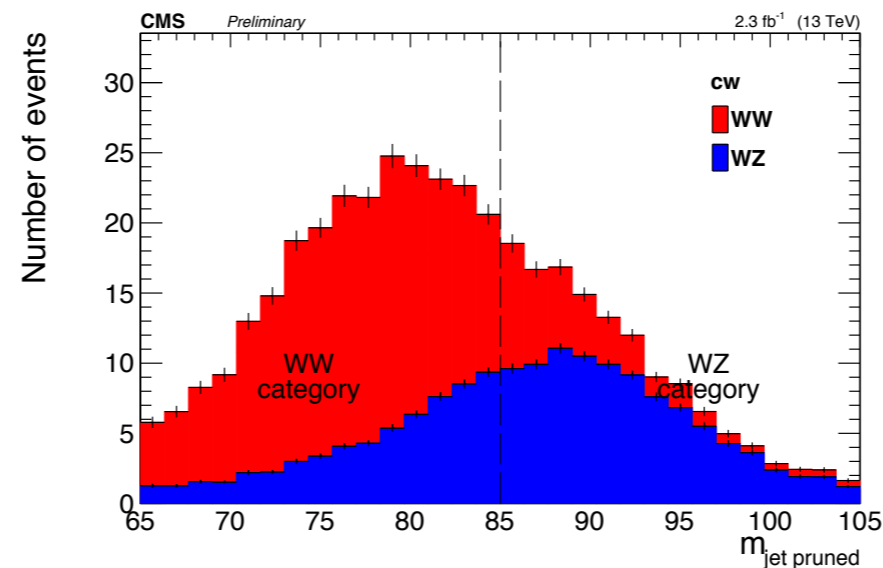
- Signal is divided into 2 categories: WW and WZ
- This provides discrimination  $c_B$  vs.  $c_W$  and  $c_{WWW}$

## Muon channel

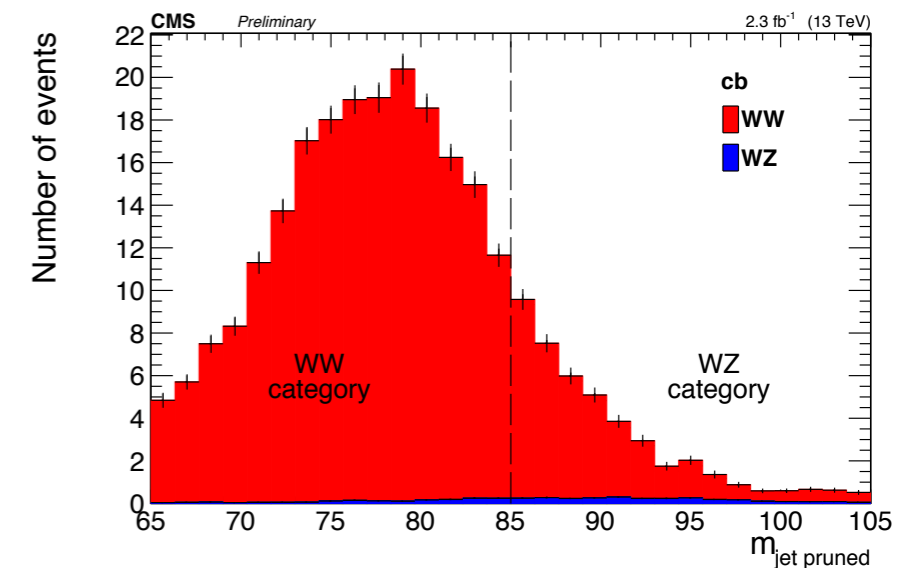
### $C_{WWW}$

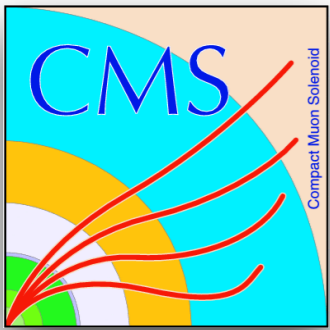


### $C_W$



### $C_b$





# Signal modelling

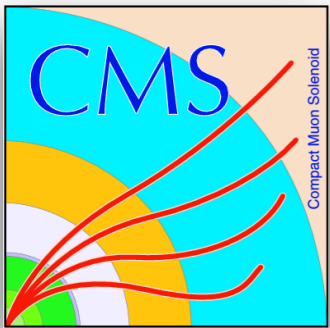


- Diboson contribution (SM + aTGC):

$$F_{WV} = N_{SM} \cdot e^{a_0 x} + \sum_i \left( N_{c_i,1} \cdot c_i^2 \cdot e^{a_{i,1} x} \cdot \frac{1 + \text{Erf}((x - a_{o,i})/a_{w,i})}{2} + N_{c_i,2} \cdot c_i \cdot e^{a_{i,2} x} \right) + \sum_{\substack{i < j \\ i \neq j}} (N_{c_i, c_j} \cdot c_i \cdot c_j \cdot e^{a_{ij} x})$$

SM contribution  $\leftarrow$  pure aTGC term  $\leftarrow$  SM-aTGC interference  $\leftarrow$   
 $\downarrow$   
 aTGC-aTGC interference

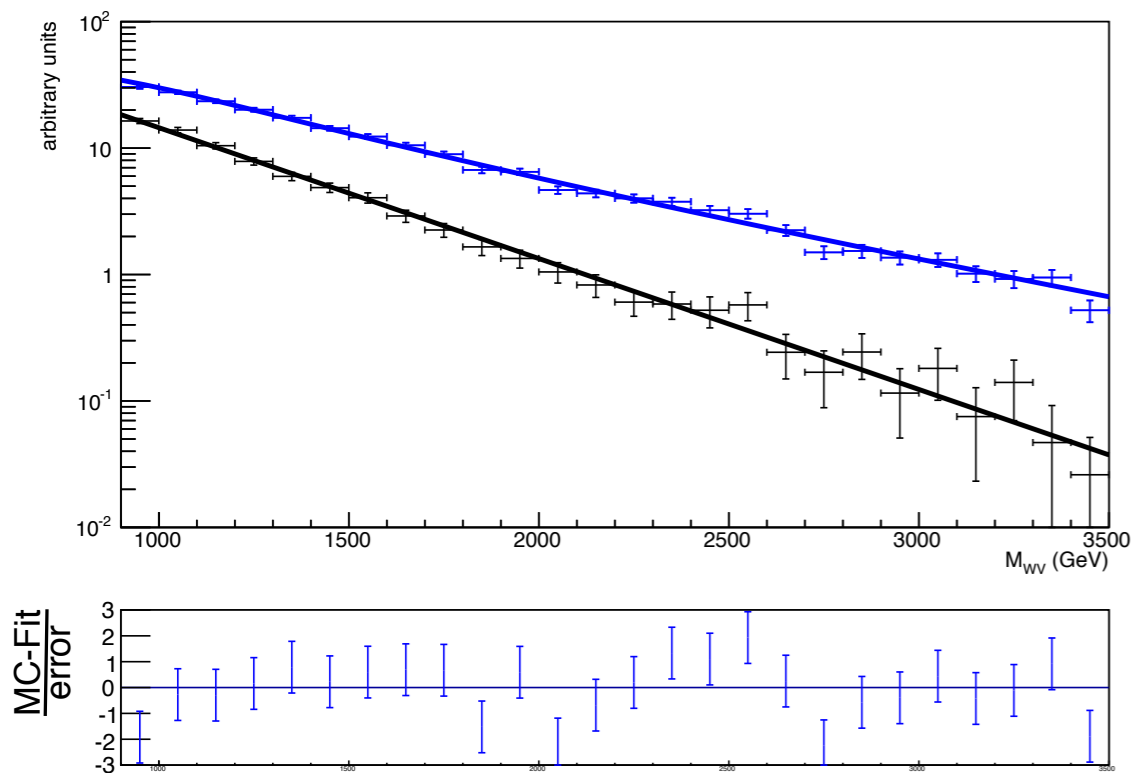
- $a_0$  - fit to MC sample,  $c_i$  set to 0.
- $a_{i,1}$ ,  $a_{o,i}$ ,  $a_{w,i}$  - fit to MC sample,  $c_i$  set to non-zero.
- $a_{ij}$  - fit to generator level,  $c_i$  and  $c_j$  set to non-zero.



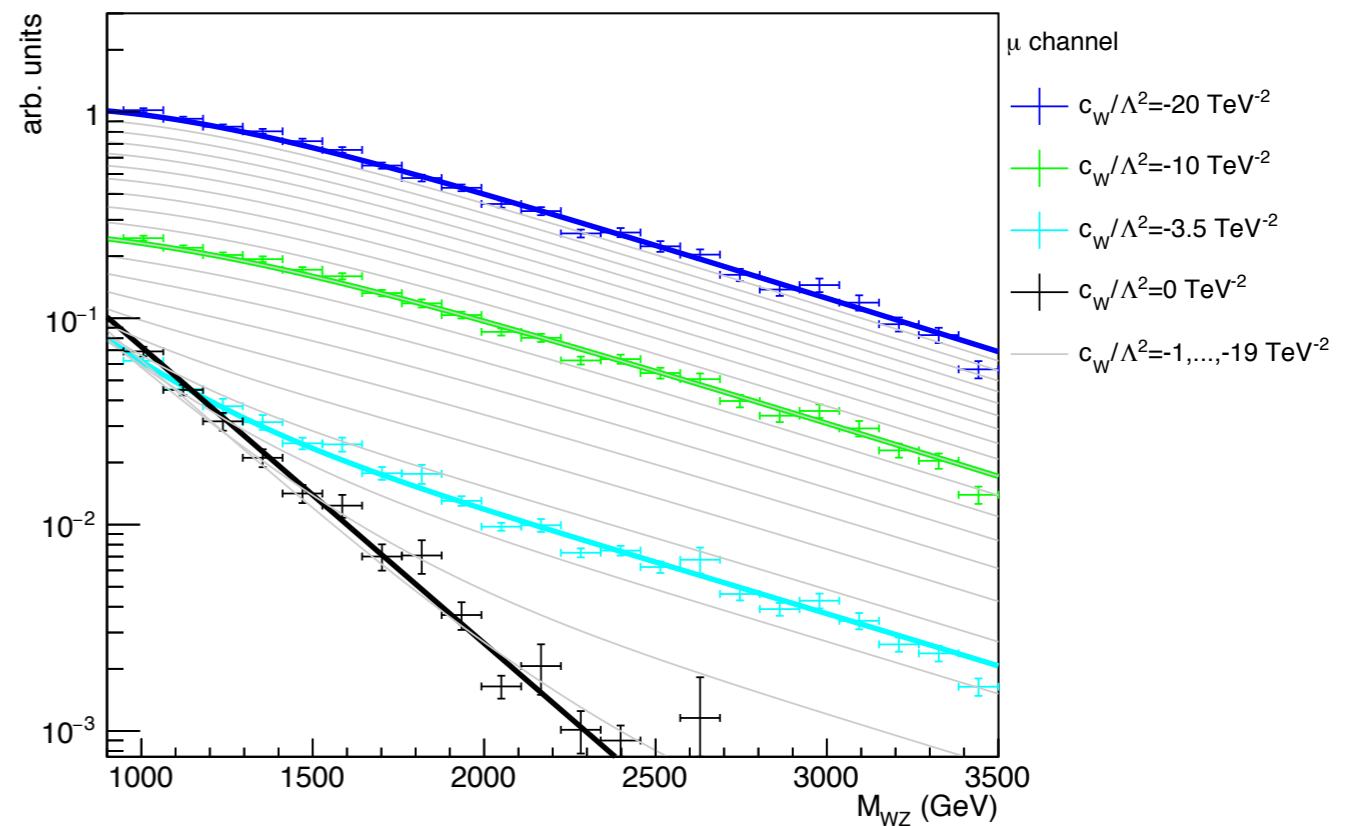
# Signal modelling



$c_b$  positive WW muon channel

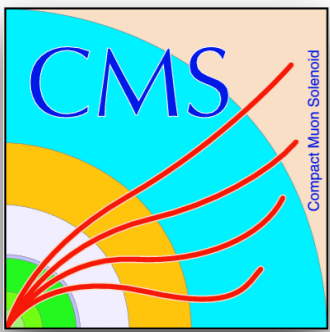


$c_W$  negative WZ muon channel



generator level

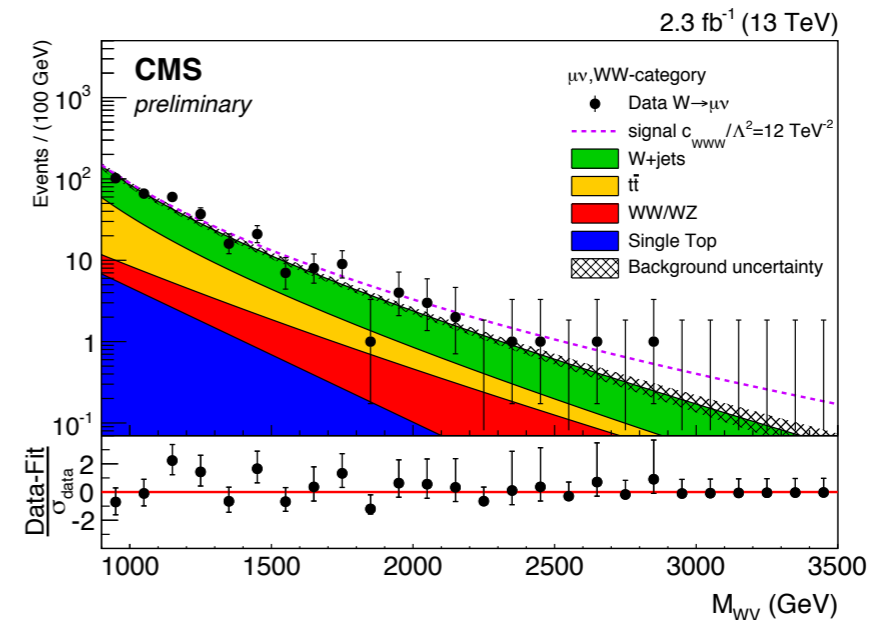
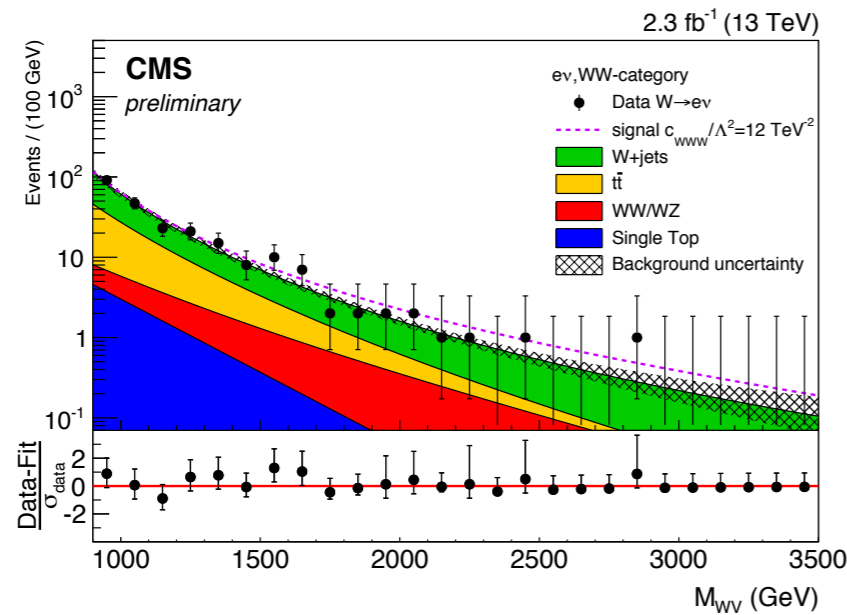
lines represent signal function → working at lower aTGC



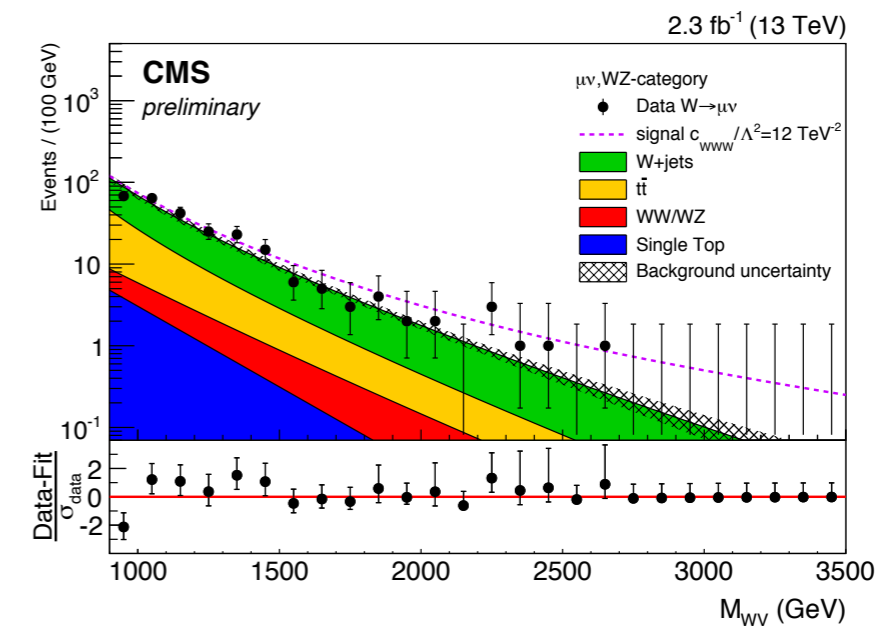
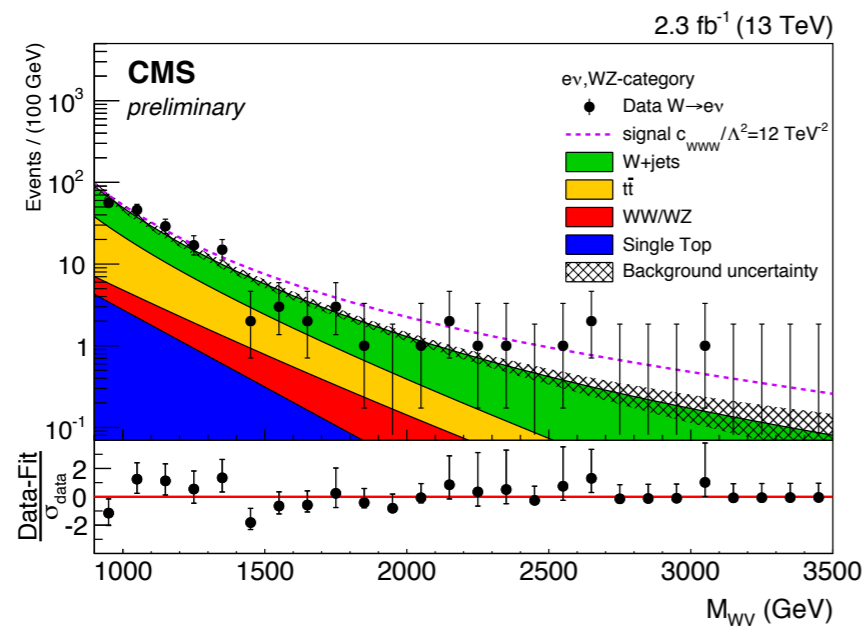
# Limits on aTGCs

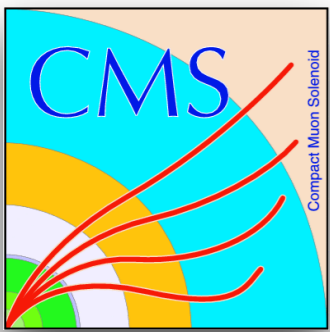


- Limits are extracted in a simultaneous **unbinned maximum likelihood fit** in WW and WZ category, muon and electron channel.



- $\Delta\text{NLL}$  contours are used for exclusion limits.



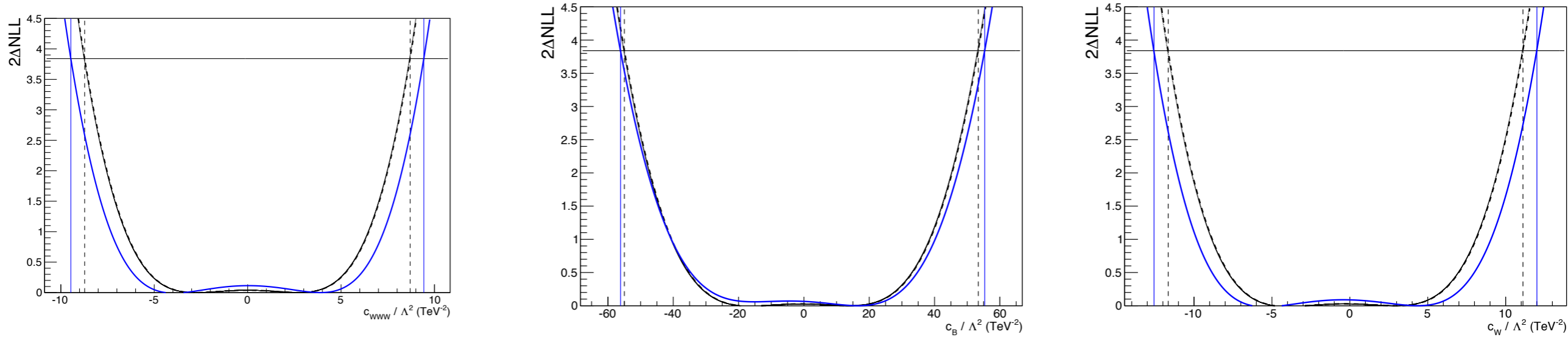


# Limits on aTGCs



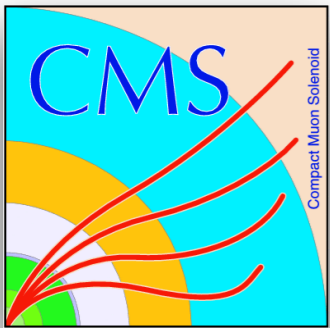
- 1 dimension limits:

— expected  
— observed



- Results presented in terms of EFT and LEP parametrization:

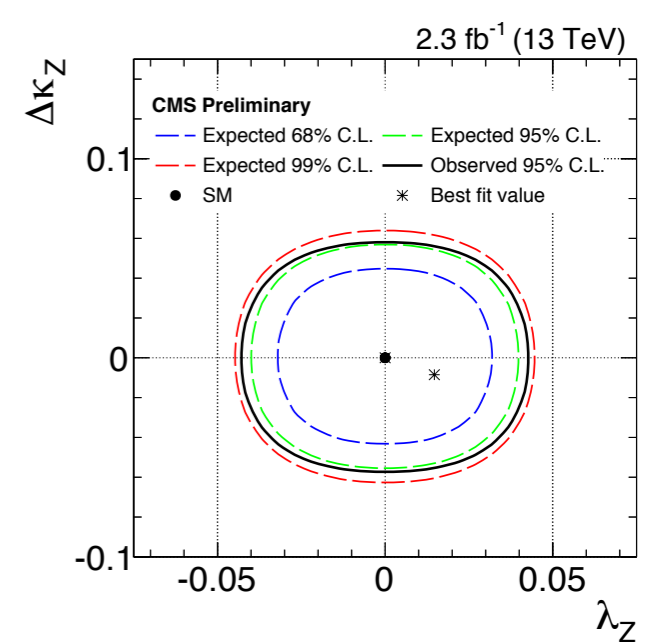
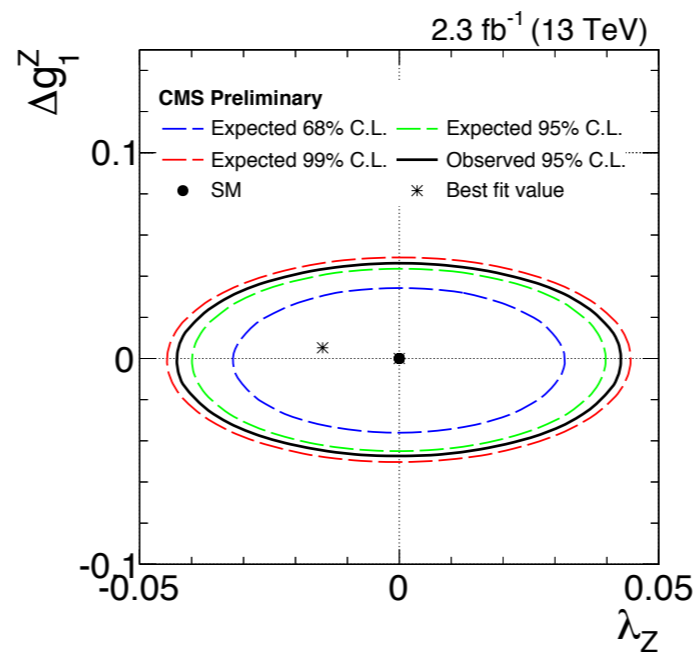
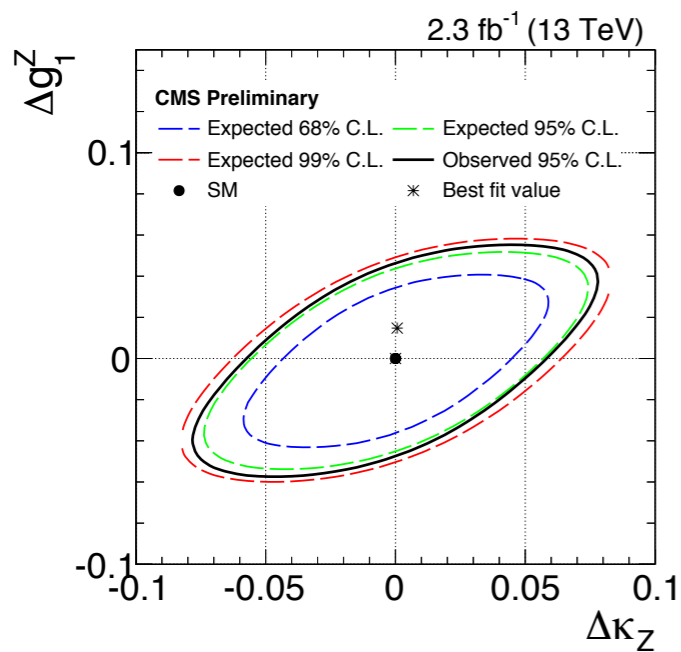
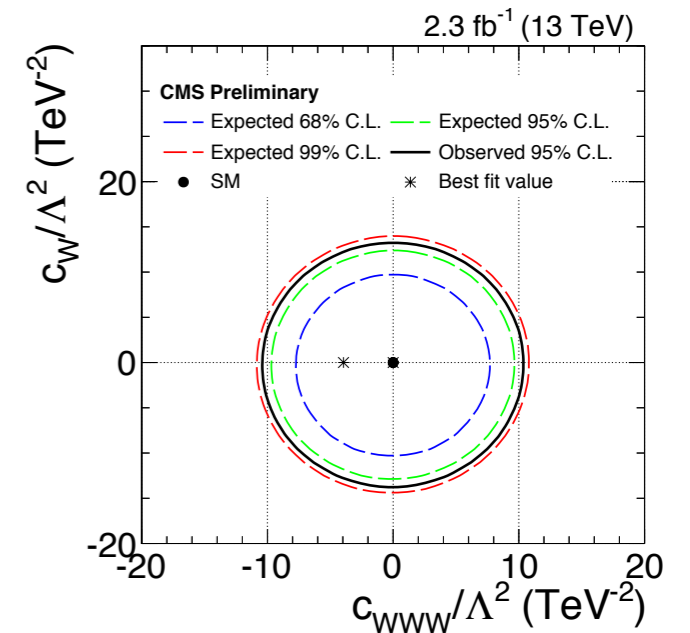
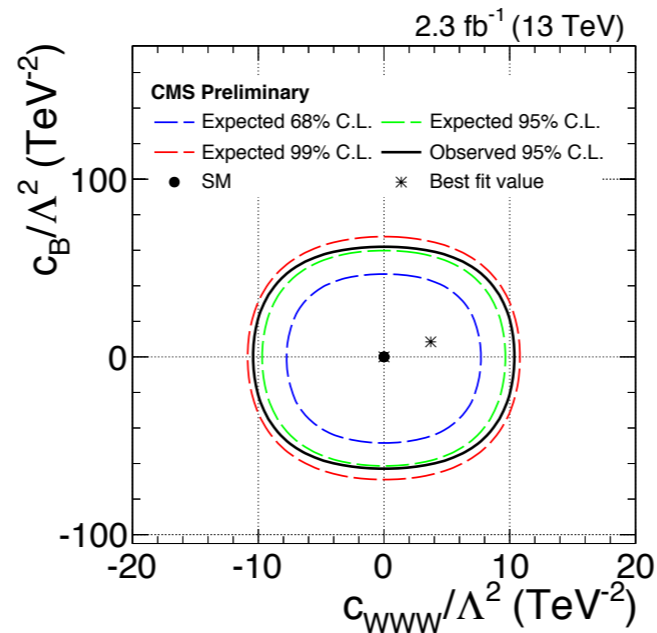
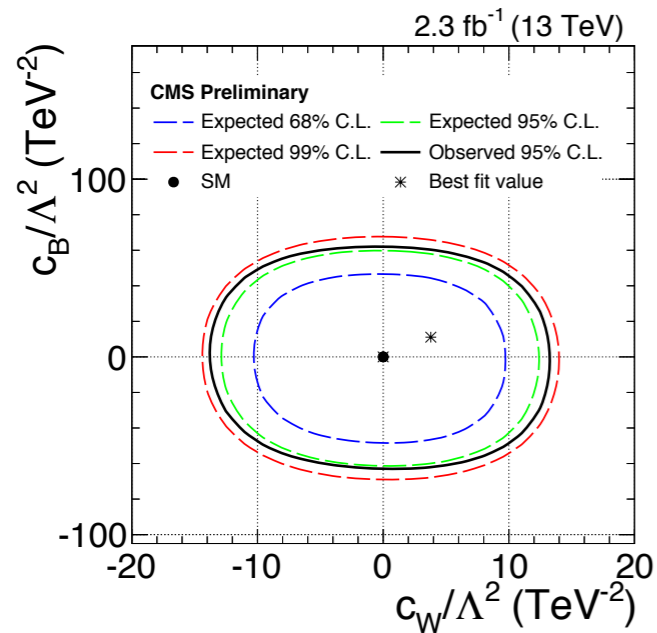
	aTGC	expected limit	observed limit
EFT param.	$\frac{c_{WWW}}{\Lambda^2}$ ( $\text{TeV}^{-2}$ )	[-8.73 , 8.70]	[-9.46 , 9.42]
	$\frac{c_W}{\Lambda^2}$ ( $\text{TeV}^{-2}$ )	[-11.7 , 11.1]	[-12.6 , 12.0]
	$\frac{c_B}{\Lambda^2}$ ( $\text{TeV}^{-2}$ )	[-54.9 , 53.3]	[-56.1 , 55.4]
Vertex param.	$\lambda$	[-0.036 , 0.036]	[-0.039 , 0.039]
	$\Delta g_1^Z$	[-0.066 , 0.064]	[-0.067 , 0.066]
	$\Delta \kappa_Z$	[-0.038 , 0.040]	[-0.040 , 0.041]

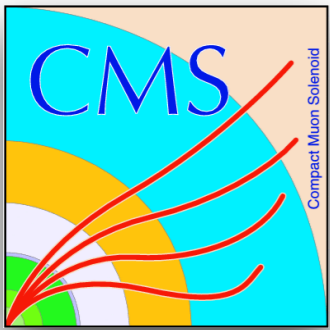


# Limits on aTGCs



- 2 dimensional limits:



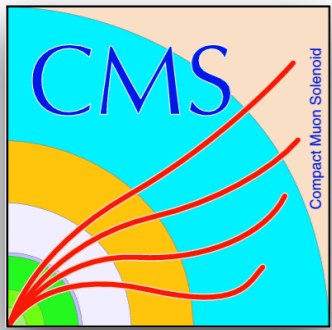


# Conclusions and outlook

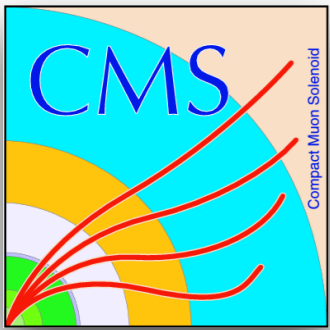


- Search for anomalous triple gauge couplings using semileptonic  $WV$  decays was presented.
- Full 2015 dataset with integrated luminosity  $2.3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  is used.
- Results were approved by the CMS experiment in August and shown at QCD@LHC conference in Zürich: [SMP-16-012](#).
- First aTGC result from CMS at 13 TeV.
- We plan to update results with 2016 dataset.





# Backup

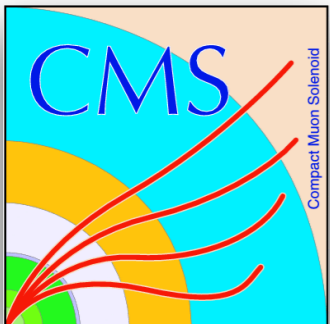


# Signal sample

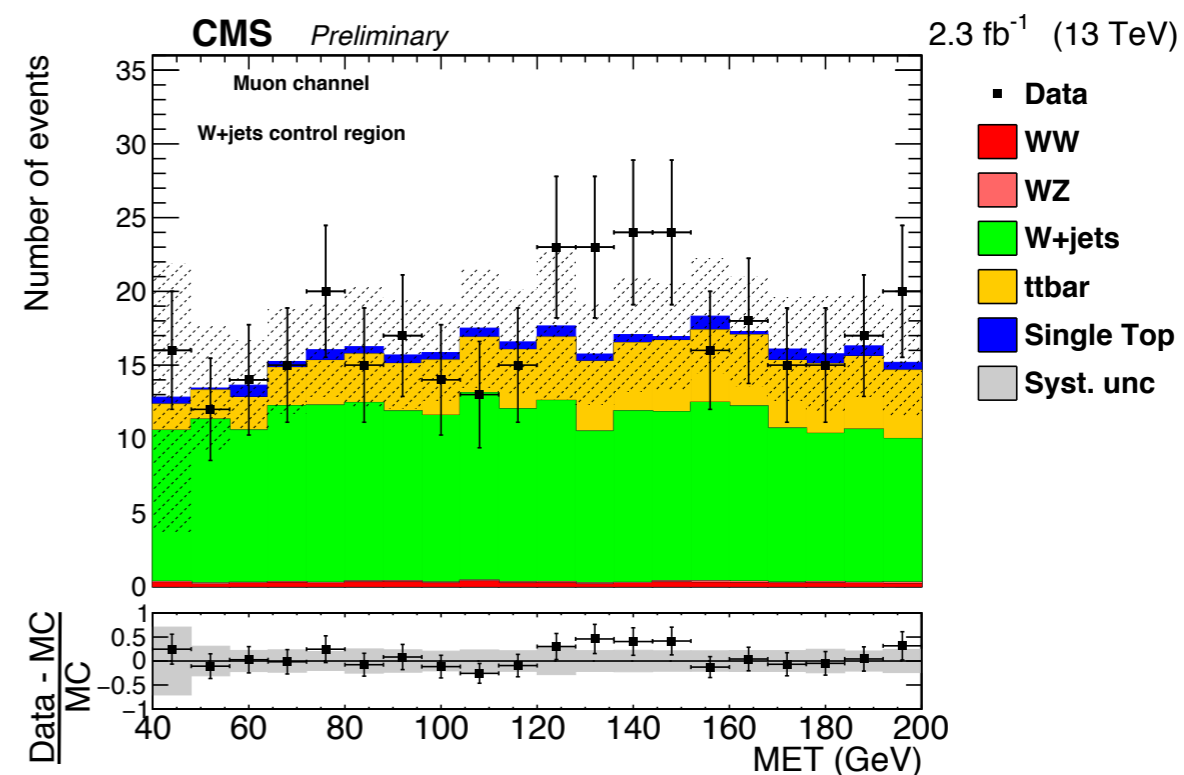
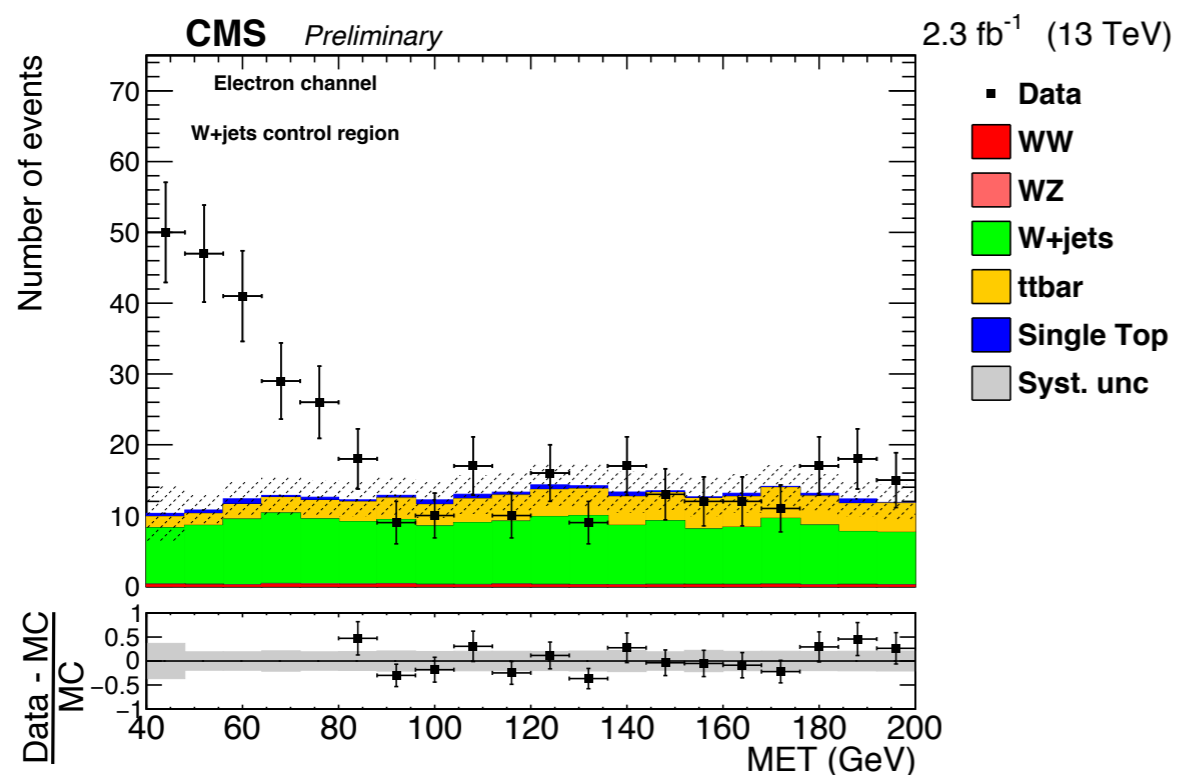


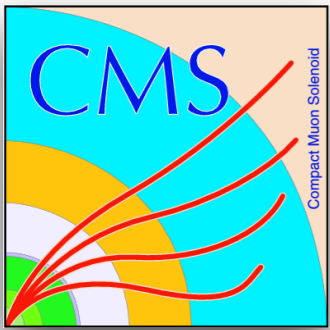
- Signal generated with madgraph using EWdim6 model, Madgraph 2.2.3 → **LO sample**
- 9 points are generated (roughly correspond to sensitivity):

$c_{WWW}/\Lambda^2 [TeV^{-2}]$	$c_W/\Lambda^2 [TeV^{-2}]$	$c_B/\Lambda^2 [TeV^{-2}]$
$\pm 12.0$	$\pm 20.0$	$\pm 60.0$
$\pm 12.0$	0.0	0.0
0.0	$\pm 20.0$	0.0
0.0	0.0	$\pm 60.0$
0.0	0.0	0.0



# MET cut

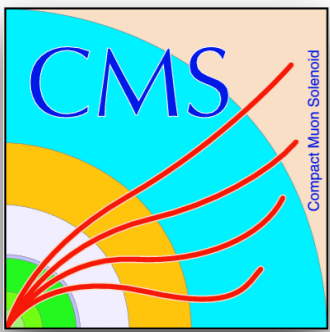




# dim 6 operators



$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{O}_{WWW} &= \text{Tr}[W_{\mu\nu}W^{\nu\rho}W_{\rho}^{\mu}] \\ \mathcal{O}_W &= (D_{\mu}\Phi)^{\dagger}W^{\mu\nu}(D_{\nu}\Phi) \\ \mathcal{O}_B &= (D_{\mu}\Phi)^{\dagger}B^{\mu\nu}(D_{\nu}\Phi)\end{aligned}$$

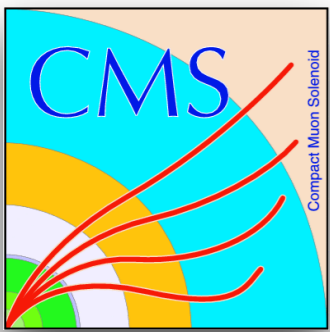


# M<sub>pruned</sub> fit



- Results of the fit:

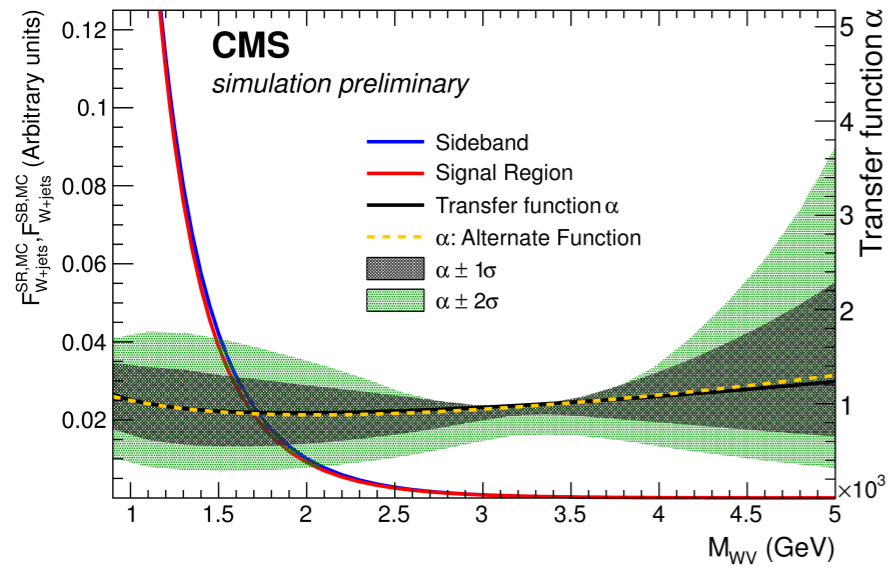
<b>PAS</b>	electron			muon		
	pre-fit	post-fit	scale factor	pre-fit	post-fit	scale-factor
W+jets	584	538 ± 56	0.92 ± 0.10	767	814 ± 72	1.06 ± 0.09
t $\bar{t}$	243 ± 49	256 ± 46	1.1 ± 0.2	318 ± 64	313 ± 60	1.0 ± 0.2
single top	37	37	1	52	52	1
diboson	34 ± 34	41 ± 27	1.2 ± 0.8	45 ± 45	61 ± 35	1.4 ± 0.8
Total expected	898	872 ± 30	0.97 ± 0.03	1182	1240 ± 35	1.05 ± 0.03
Data		874			1241	



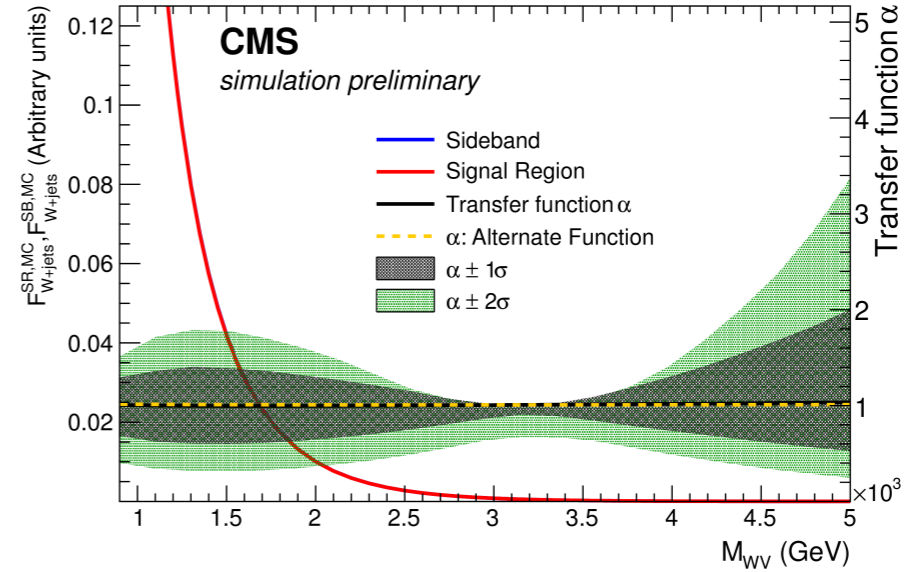
# $\alpha$ -function



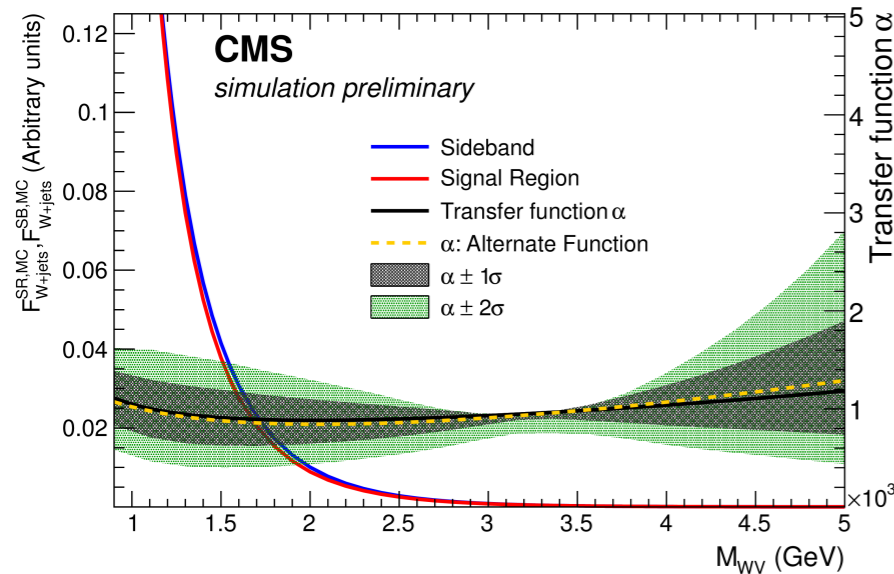
WW, electron channel



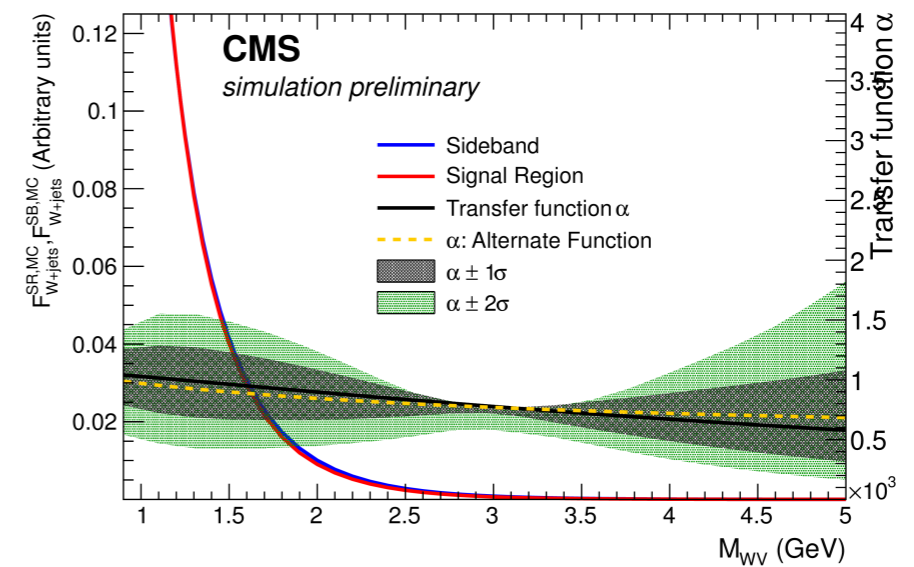
WW, muon channel

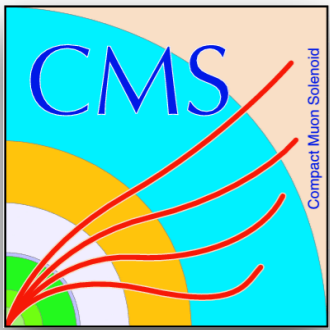


WZ, electron channel



WZ, muon channel

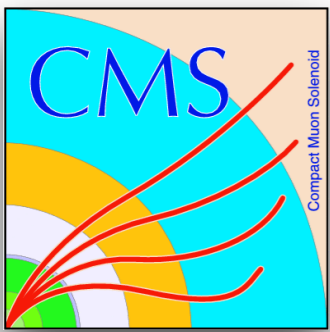




# Summary of background extraction



- Normalisation of  $t\bar{t}$  and  $W$ +jets are extracted from  $M_{\text{pruned}}$  fit, other backgrounds  $\rightarrow$  from theory prediction.
- $W$ +jets shape is extracted from sideband data and corrected with alpha-function.
- Fit was verified with closure test.



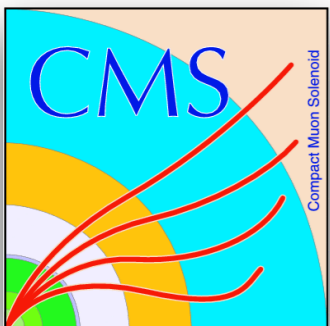
# Signal and background yields



- Yields in the signal region
- W+jets uncertainty: statistical uncertainty from  $M_{\text{pruned}}$  fit and alternative function.

	electron		muon	
	WW	WZ	WW	WZ
W+jets	$124 \pm 17$	$103 \pm 16$	$192 \pm 20$	$164 \pm 20$
$t\bar{t}$	$73 \pm 17$	$58 \pm 13$	$90 \pm 21$	$71 \pm 17$
single top	$10.9 \pm 1.4$	$9.8 \pm 1.2$	$17.8 \pm 2.3$	$10.6 \pm 1.4$
diboson (SM)	$15.8 \pm 2.2$	$9.3 \pm 1.3$	$20.6 \pm 3.0$	$12.2 \pm 1.8$
Total expected (SM)	$224 \pm 24$	$180 \pm 21$	$320 \pm 29$	$258 \pm 26$
diboson $\frac{c_{WWW}}{\Lambda^2} = 12 \text{ TeV}^{-2}$	$36.2 \pm 5.1$	$39.9 \pm 5.7$	$50.8 \pm 7.3$	$55.4 \pm 8.0$
diboson $\frac{c_W}{\Lambda^2} = 20 \text{ TeV}^{-2}$	$51.6 \pm 7.4$	$69 \pm 10$	$72 \pm 10$	$91 \pm 13$
diboson $\frac{c_B}{\Lambda^2} = 60 \text{ TeV}^{-2}$	$41.5 \pm 5.9$	$20.1 \pm 2.9$	$57.0 \pm 8.2$	$26.8 \pm 3.9$
Data	234	183	340	265



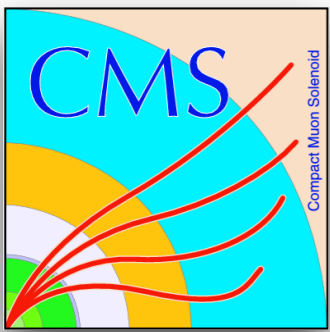


# Systematics uncertainties: normalization



- b-tagging/mis-tagging (ttbar and WZ)
- Jet energy scale and resolution
- Lepton energy scale and resolution
- Missing  $E_T$  uncertainty
- PDF uncertainty → PDF4LHC recommendations
- $Q_2$  uncertainty (Scale) → envelope

process	b-tag	jet en.	lept. en.	lept. id	PDF	scale	$E_T$	lumi	V-tag
electron channel									
$t\bar{t}$	0.8	2.8	<0.05	1.0	2.5	19	0.5	2.7	12
WZ	0.1	1.7	<0.05	1.0	2.5	3.6	0.5	2.7	12
WW	<0.05	2.4	0.6	1.0	1.9	6.0	0.6	2.7	12
Single Top	<0.05	1.6	0.5	1.0	0.3	2.0	1.2	2.7	12
muon channel									
$t\bar{t}$	0.8	2.6	1.6	3.2	2.6	19	0.1	2.7	12
WZ	<0.05	1.6	1.4	3.8	2.3	3.5	0.3	2.7	12
WW	<0.05	2.3	1.7	3.9	1.8	6.0	0.2	2.7	12
Single Top	<0.05	0.6	1.9	3.6	0.4	1.9	0.5	2.7	12



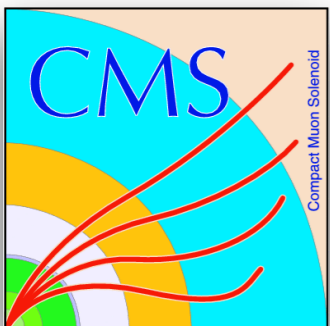
# Systematics uncertainties: shapes



- Fit done varying MC up/down
- Uncertainties on slopes of the signal function (without interference):

category	$a_{cw}$	$a_{cb}$	$a_{cwww}$
WW, muon	4.54	5.37	5.28
WW, electron	4.98	6.04	5.90
WZ, muon	4.53	15.50	4.72
WZ, electron	4.87	15.88	5.06

- Slope involving  $c_b$  is assigned to have 15 % uncertainty (WZ-category).
- Other slopes: 5 %



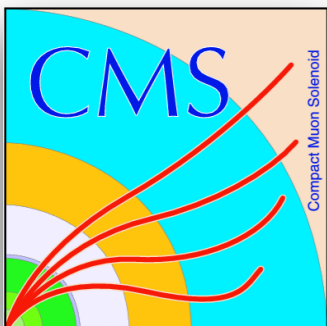
# HEEP ID



[https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/HEEPElectronIdentificationRun2#Selection\\_Cuts\\_HEEP\\_V6\\_1\\_Options](https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMS/HEEPElectronIdentificationRun2#Selection_Cuts_HEEP_V6_1_Options)

## Selection Cuts: HEEP V6.1 (Optional for 76X)

Variable	Barrel	Endcap
$E_T$	$> 35 \text{ GeV}$	$> 35 \text{ GeV}$
$\eta$ range	$ \eta_{sc}  < 1.4442$	$1.566 <  \eta_{sc}  < 2.5$
isEcalDriven	$=1$	$=1$
$ \Delta\eta_{in}^{seed} $	$< 0.004$	$< 0.006$
$ \Delta\phi_{in} $	$< 0.06$	$< 0.06$
H/E	$< 1/E + 0.05$	$< 5/E + 0.05$
full 5x5 $\sigma_{\eta\eta}$	n/a	$< 0.03$
full 5x5 $E_{2x5}/E_{5x5}$	$> 0.94$ OR $E_{1x5}/E_{5x5} > 0.83$	n/a
EM + Had Depth 1 Isolation	$< 2 + 0.03 \cdot E_T + 0.28 \cdot \rho$	$< 2.5 + 0.28 \cdot \rho$ for $E_T < 50$ else $< 2.5 + 0.03 \cdot (E_T - 50) + 0.28 \cdot \rho$
Track Isol: Trk Pt	$< 5$ for $E_T < 95$ else $< 5 + 1.5 \cdot \rho$	$< 5$ for $E_T < 100$ else $< 5 + 0.5 \cdot \rho$
Inner Layer Lost Hits	$\leq 1$	$\leq 1$
$ dxy $	$< 0.02$	$< 0.05$

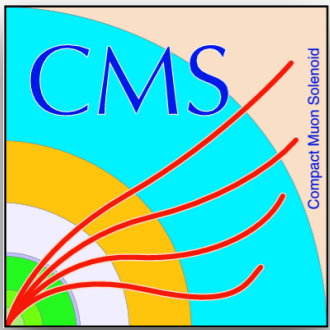


# HighPt muon ID

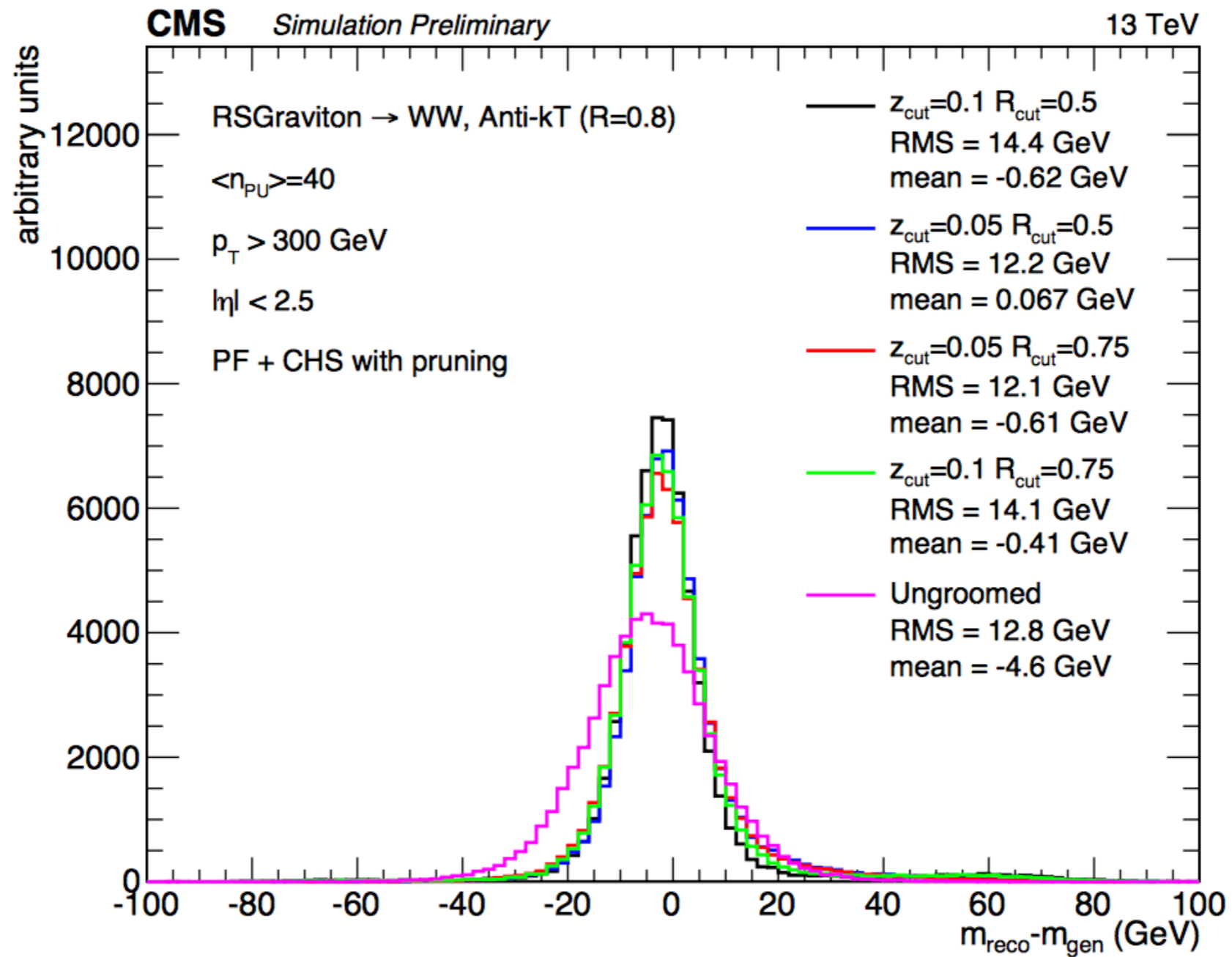


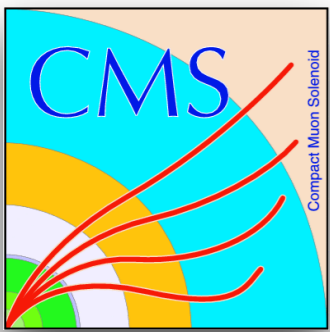
[https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/viewauth/CMS/SWGuideMuonIdRun2#HighPt\\_Muon](https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/viewauth/CMS/SWGuideMuonIdRun2#HighPt_Muon)

Plain-text description	Technical description	Comments
The candidate is reconstructed as a Global Muon	<code>recoMu.isGlobalMuon()</code>	
At least one muon-chamber hit included in the global-muon track fit	<code>recoMu.globalTrack()-&gt;hitPattern().numberOfValidMuonHits() &gt; 0</code>	To suppress hadronic punch-through and muons from decays in flight.
Muon segments in at least two muon stations This implies that the muon is also an arbitrated tracker muon, see <a href="#">SWGuideTrackerMuons</a>	<code>recoMu.numberOfMatchedStations() &gt; 1</code>	To suppress punch-through and accidental track-to-segment matches. Also makes selection consistent with the logic of the muon trigger, which requires segments in at least two muon stations to obtain a meaningful estimate of the muon $p_T$ .
The $p_T$ relative error of the muon best track is less than 30%	<code>recoMu.muonBestTrack()-&gt;ptError()/recoMu.muonBestTrack()-&gt;pt() &lt; 0.3</code>	
Its tracker track has transverse impact parameter $d_{xy} < 2$ mm w.r.t. the primary vertex	<code>fabs(recoMu.muonBestTrack()-&gt;dxy(vertex-&gt;position())) &lt; 0.2</code> Or <code>dB() &lt; 0.2</code> on <code>pat::Muon [1]</code>	To suppress cosmic muons and further suppress muons from decays in flight (see <a href="#">CMS AN 2008/098</a> ). The 2 mm cut preserves efficiency for muons from decays of b and c hadrons. It is a loose cut and can be tightened further with minimal loss of efficiency for prompt muons if background from cosmic muons is an issue. Another way to obtain a better cosmic-ray suppression is to complement the $d_{xy}$ cut with a cut on the opening angle $\alpha$ or use a dedicated cosmic-id algorithm (see Section 7.1 of <a href="#">MUO-10-004</a> ). <code>innerTrack()</code> is also supported for dxy cut, as the performance of the two is very close.
The longitudinal distance of the tracker track wrt. the primary vertex is $d_z < 5$ mm	<code>fabs(recoMu.muonBestTrack()-&gt;dz(vertex-&gt;position())) &lt; 0.5</code>	Loose cut to further suppress cosmic muons, muons from decays in flight and tracks from PU. <code>innerTrack()</code> is also supported for dz cut, as the performance of the two is very close.
Number of pixel hits $> 0$	<code>recoMu.innerTrack()-&gt;hitPattern().numberOfValidPixelHits() &gt; 0</code>	To further suppress muons from decays in flight.
Cut on number of tracker layers with hits $> 5$	<code>recoMu.innerTrack()-&gt;hitPattern().trackerLayersWithMeasurement() &gt; 5</code>	To guarantee a good $p_T$ measurement, for which some minimal number of measurement points in the tracker is needed. Also suppresses muons from decays in flight.



# Pruning

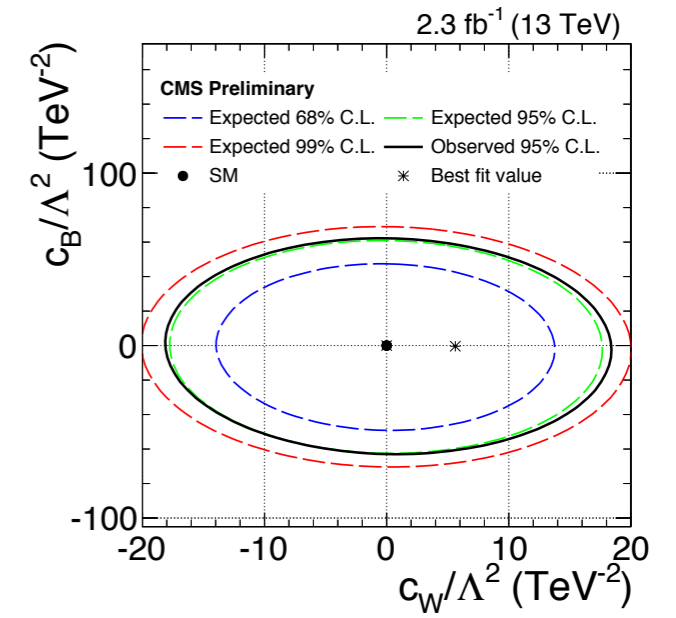
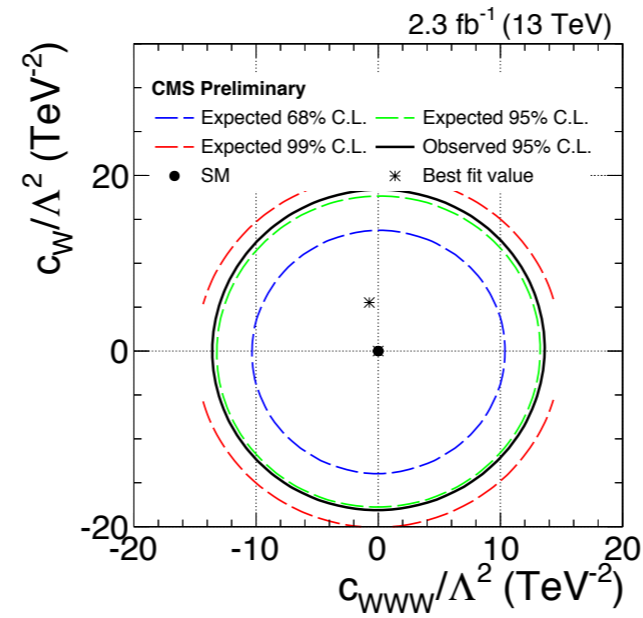
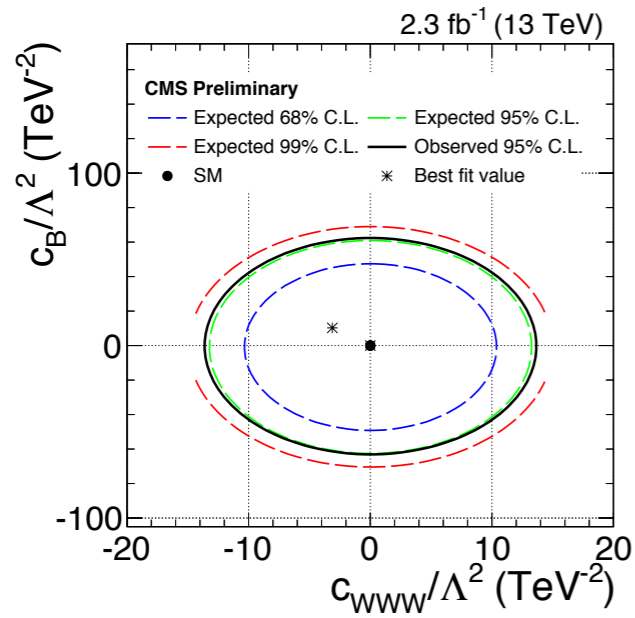




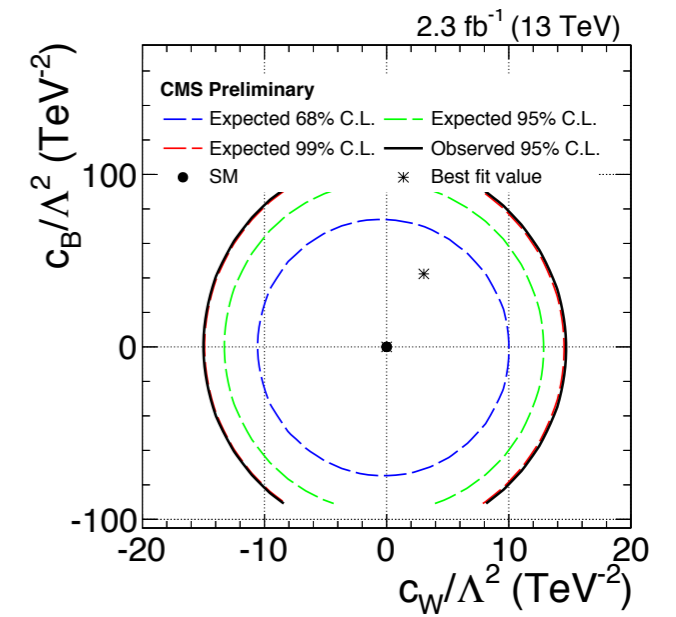
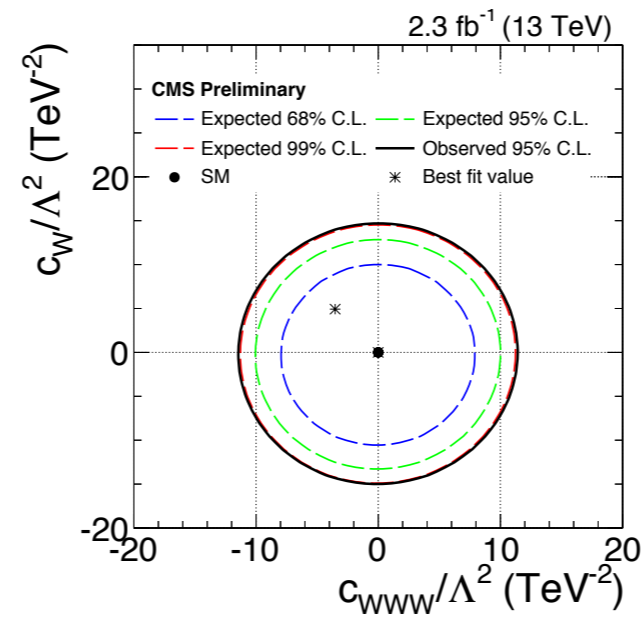
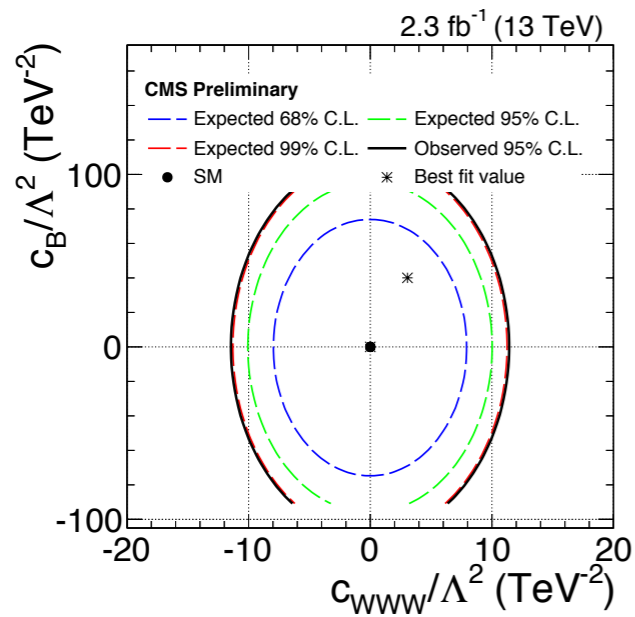
# limits for WW and WZ categories

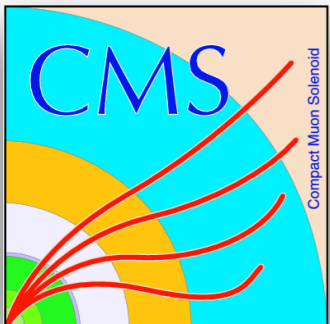


**WW**



**WZ**

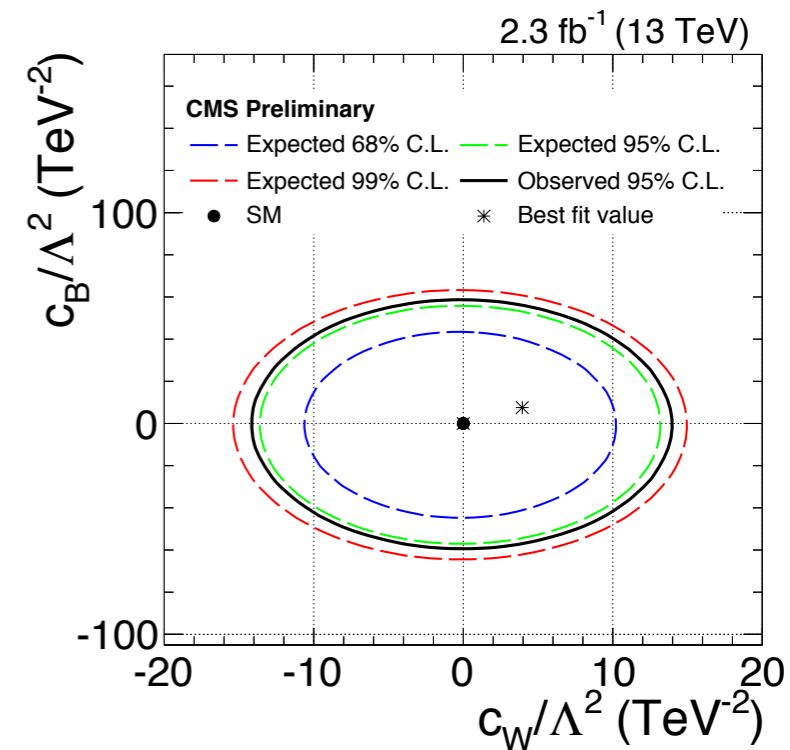
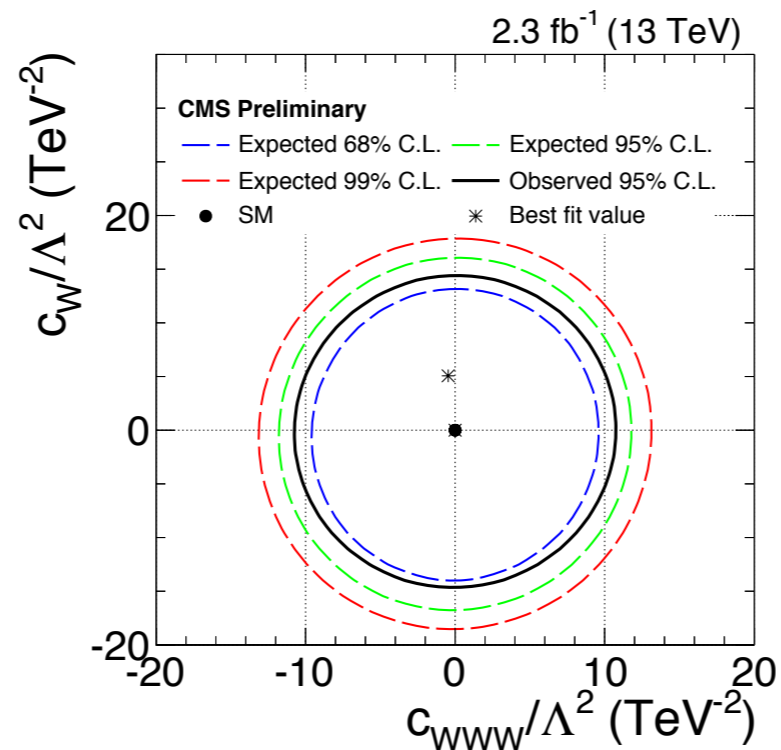
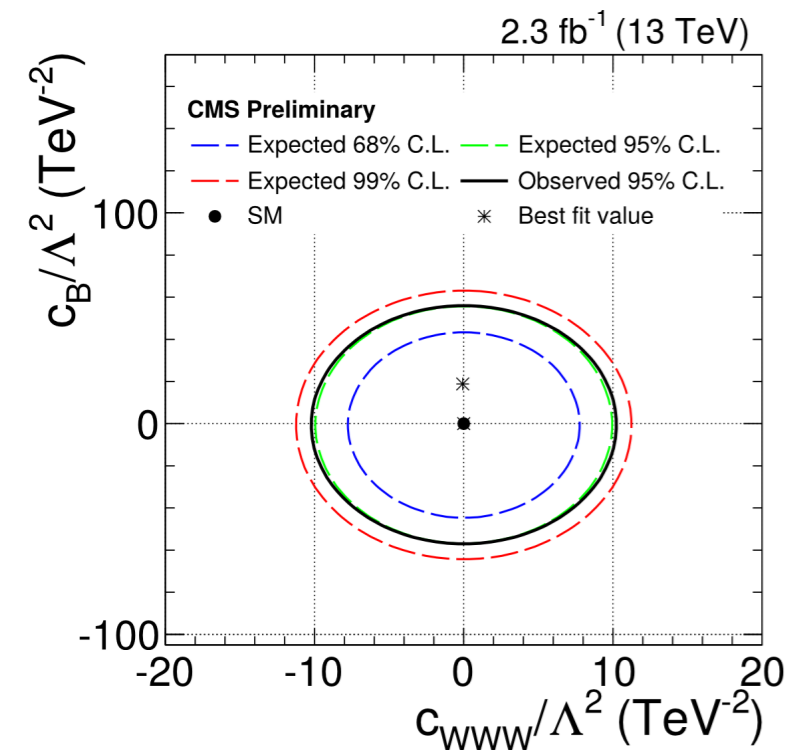




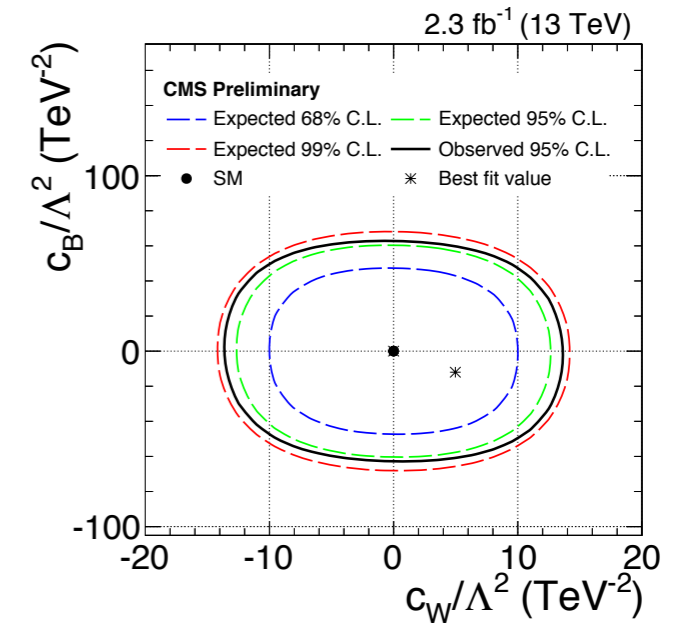
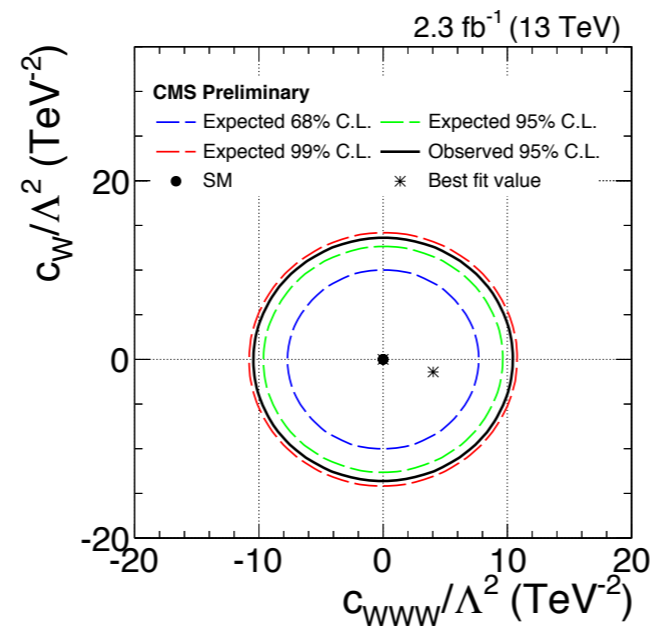
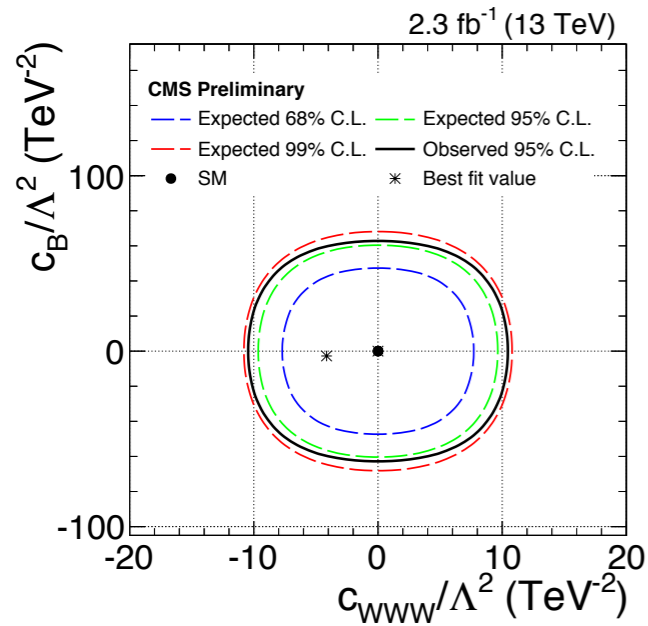
# WW+WZ



merged WW+WZ, no interference



- No SM interference:  $N_{obs} = N_{SM} + c_1 \cdot aTGC_1^2 + c_2 \cdot aTGC_2^2$

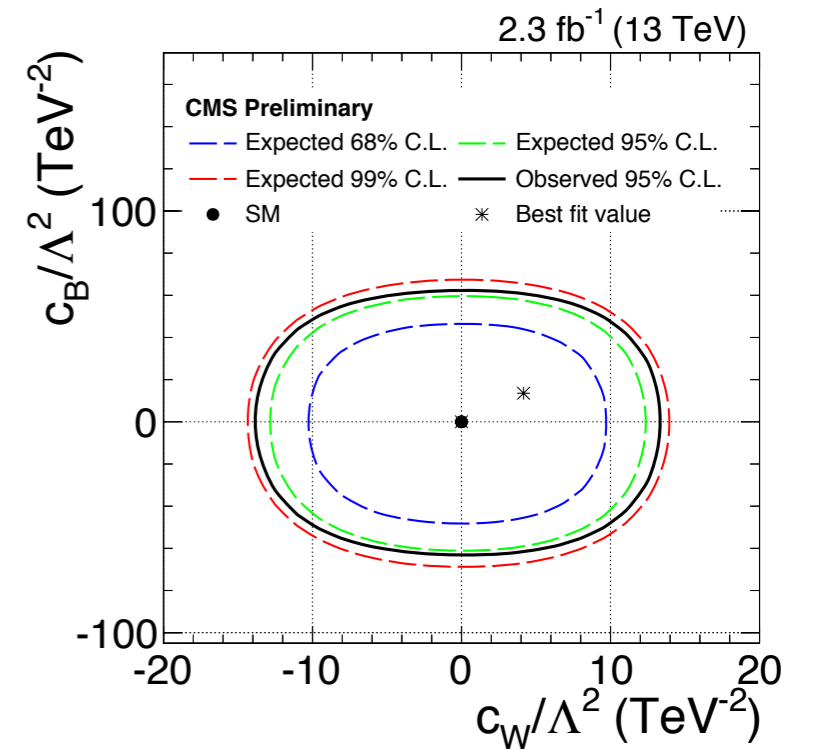
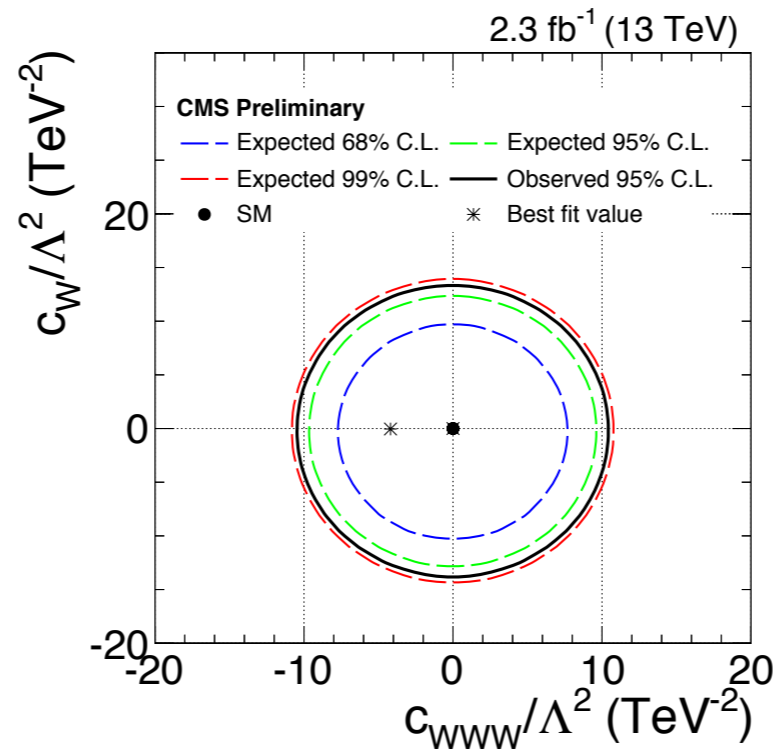
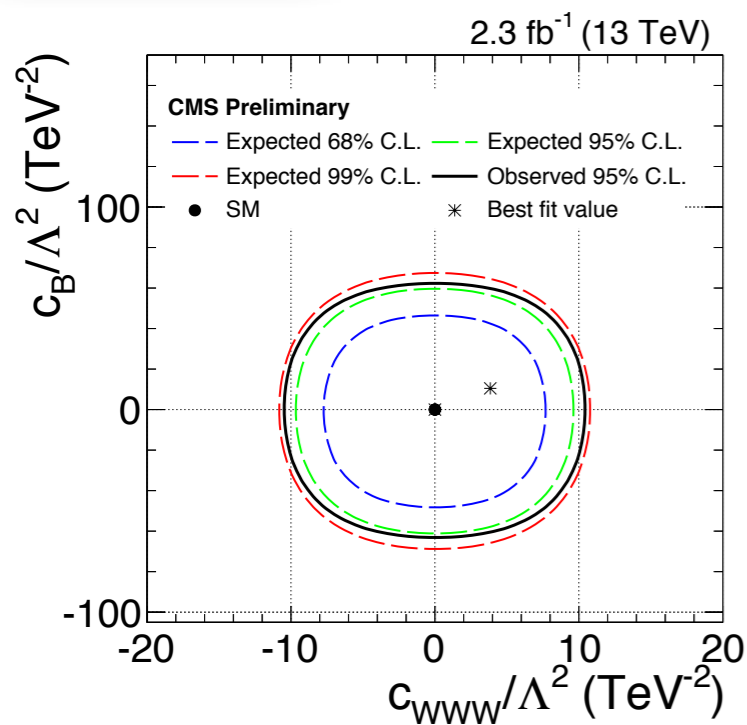


- SM interference:

$$N_{obs} = N_{SM} + c_i \cdot aTGC_1 + c_1 \cdot aTGC_1^2 + c_2 \cdot aTGC_2^2$$

- shift in the ellipse





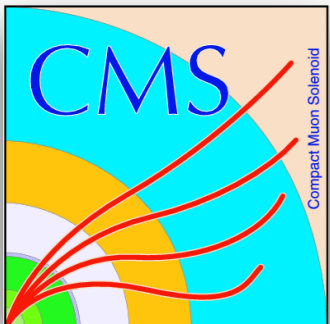
- aTGC-aTGC interference:

$$N_{obs} = N_{SM} + c_i \cdot aTGC_1 \cdot aTGC_2 + c_1 \cdot aTGC_1^2 + c_2 \cdot aTGC_2^2$$

- rotation of the ellipse:

$$aTGC'_1 = \cos\alpha \cdot aTGC_1 + \sin\alpha \cdot aTGC_2$$

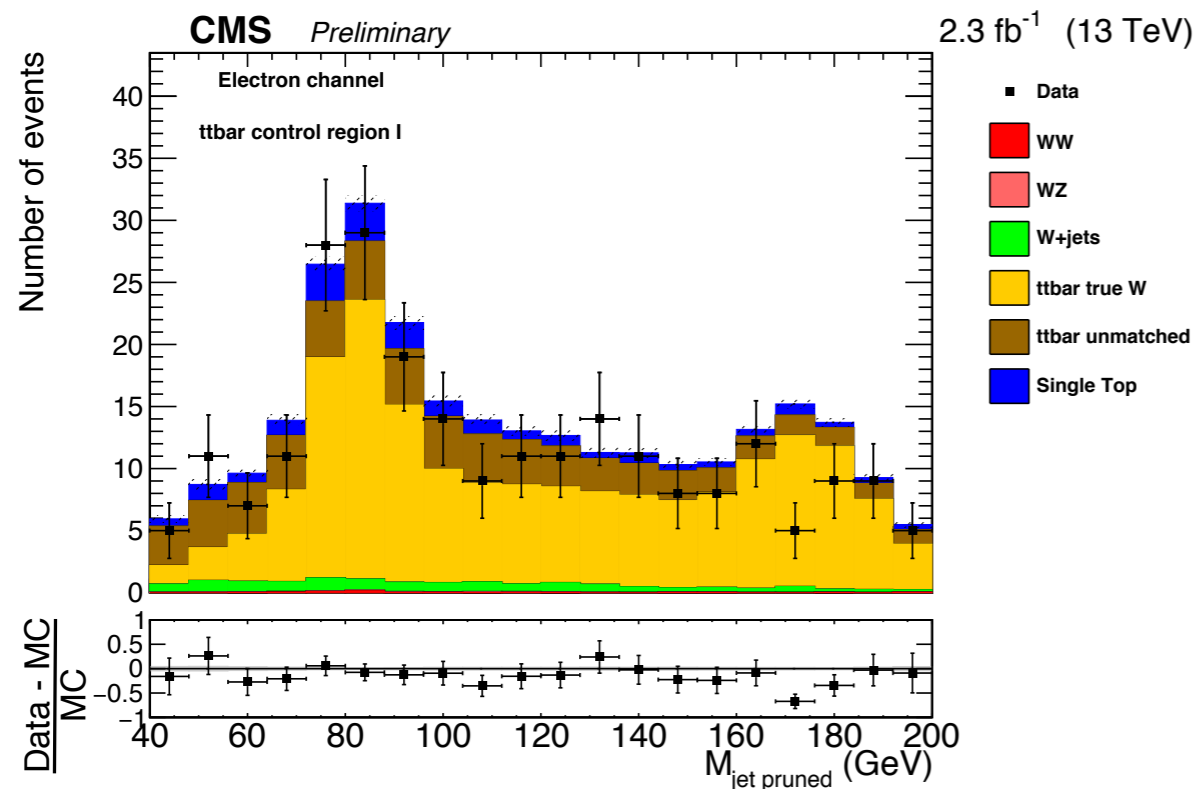
$$aTGC'_2 = -\sin\alpha \cdot aTGC_1 + \cos\alpha \cdot aTGC_2$$



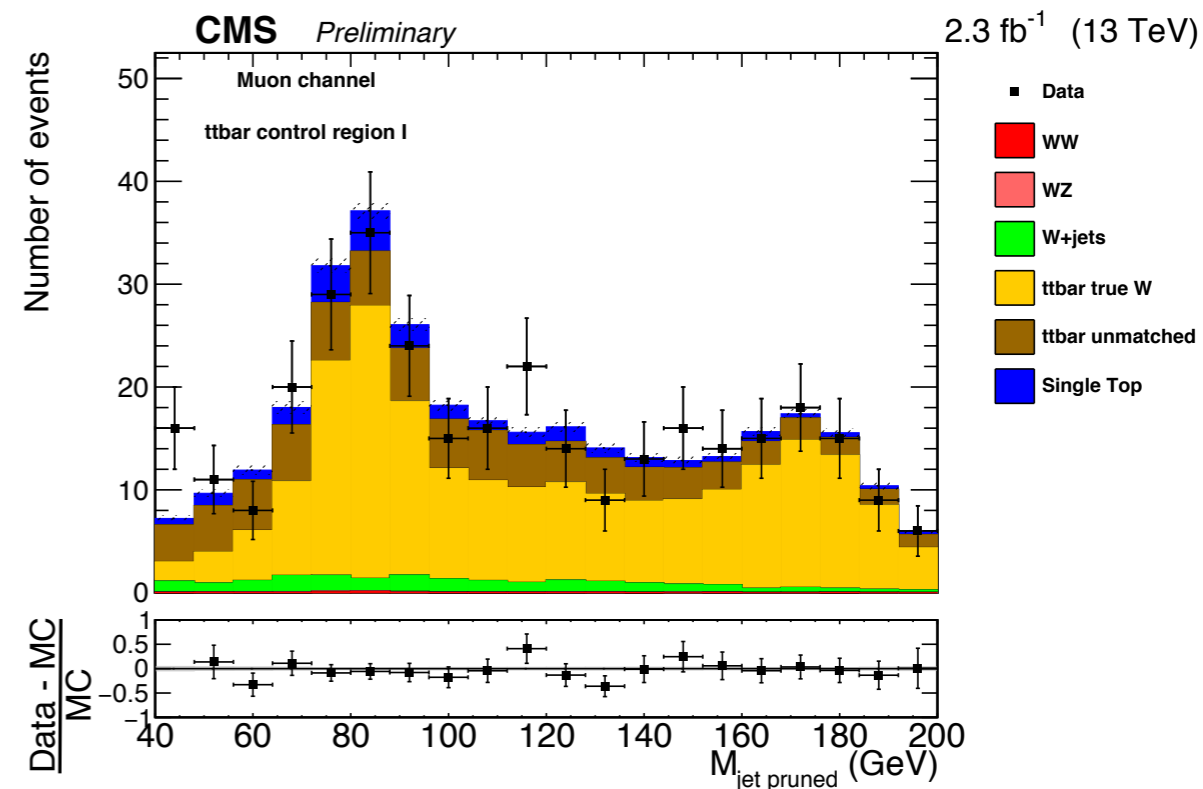
# Cross-checks for $t\bar{t}$ control region

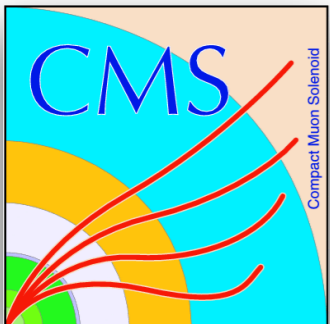


## Electron channel



## Muon channel

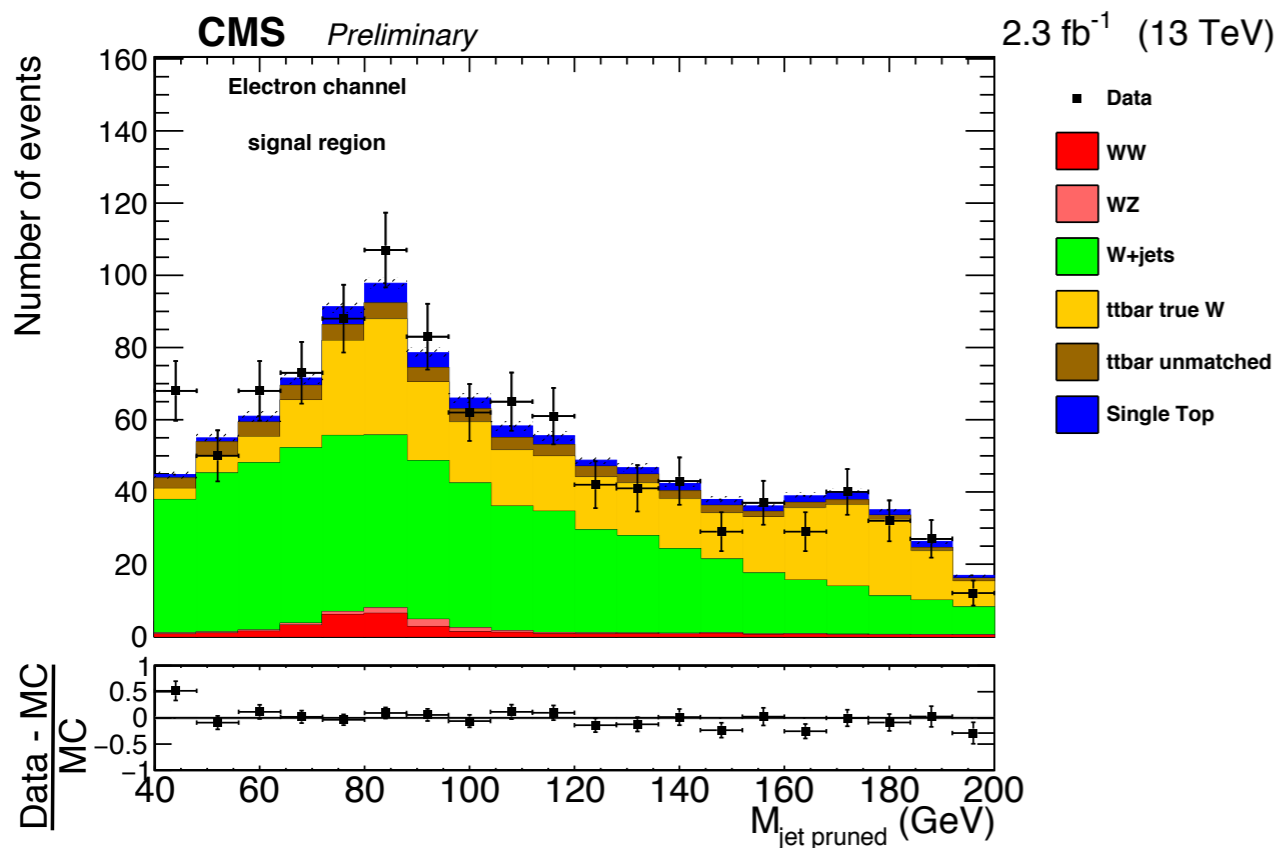




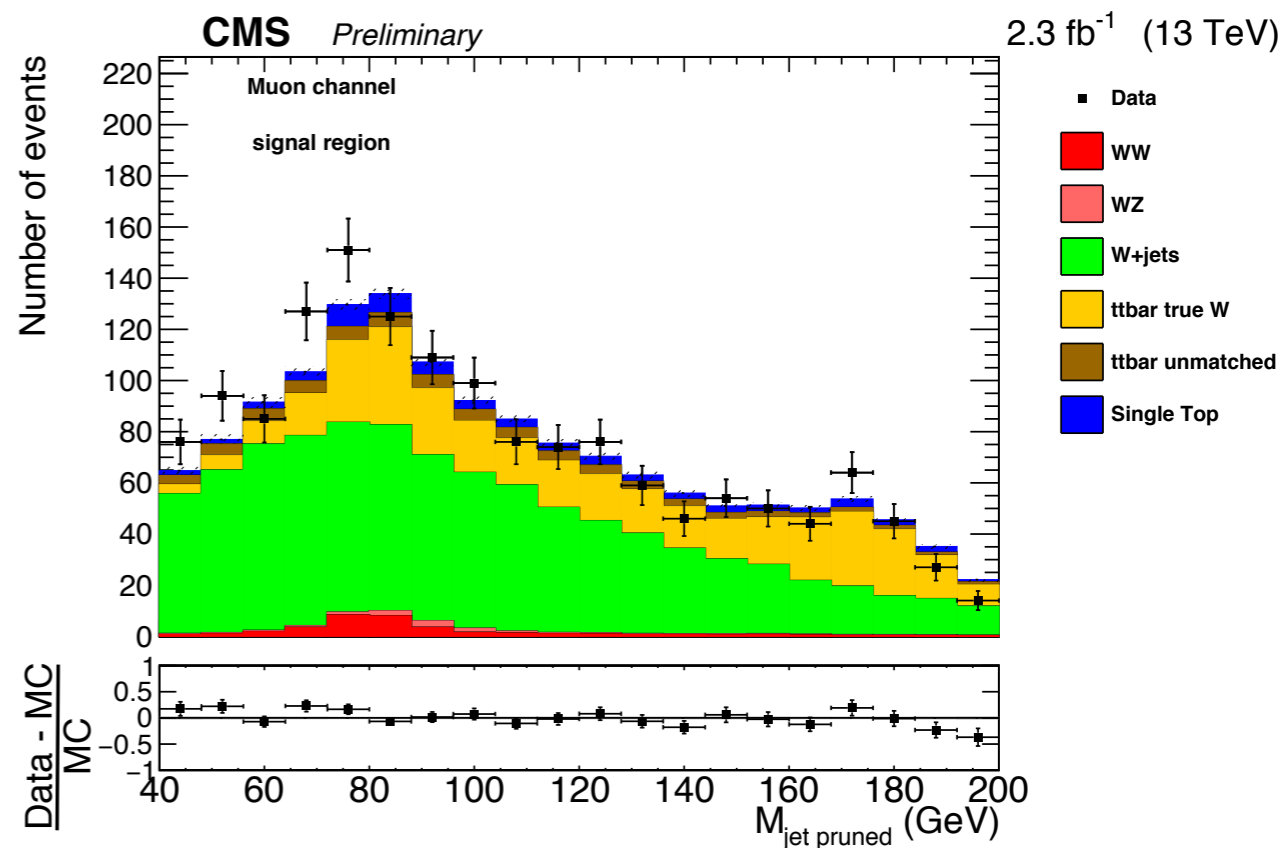
# Signal region

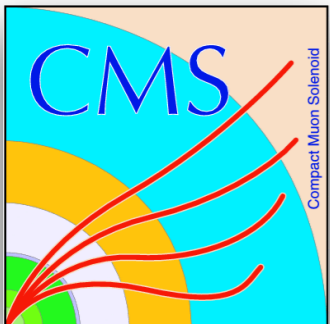


## Electron channel



## Muon channel



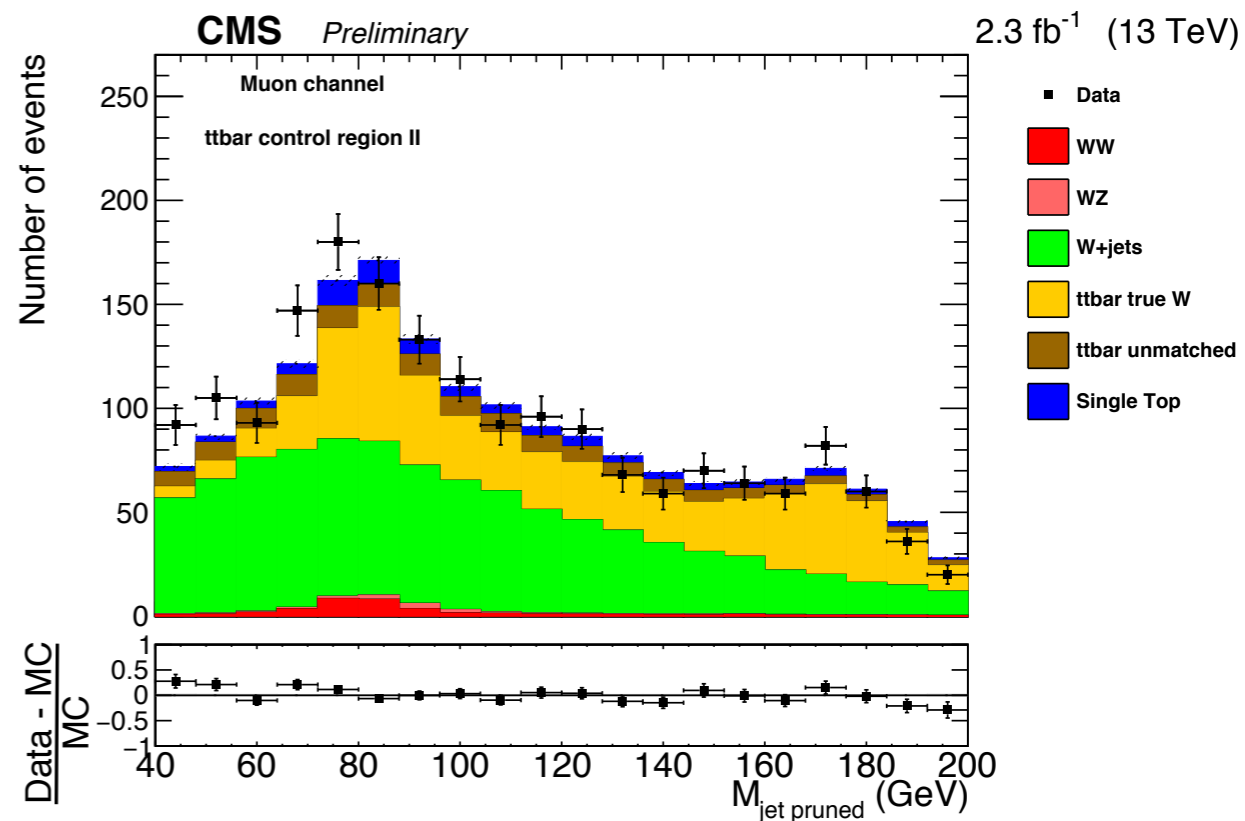
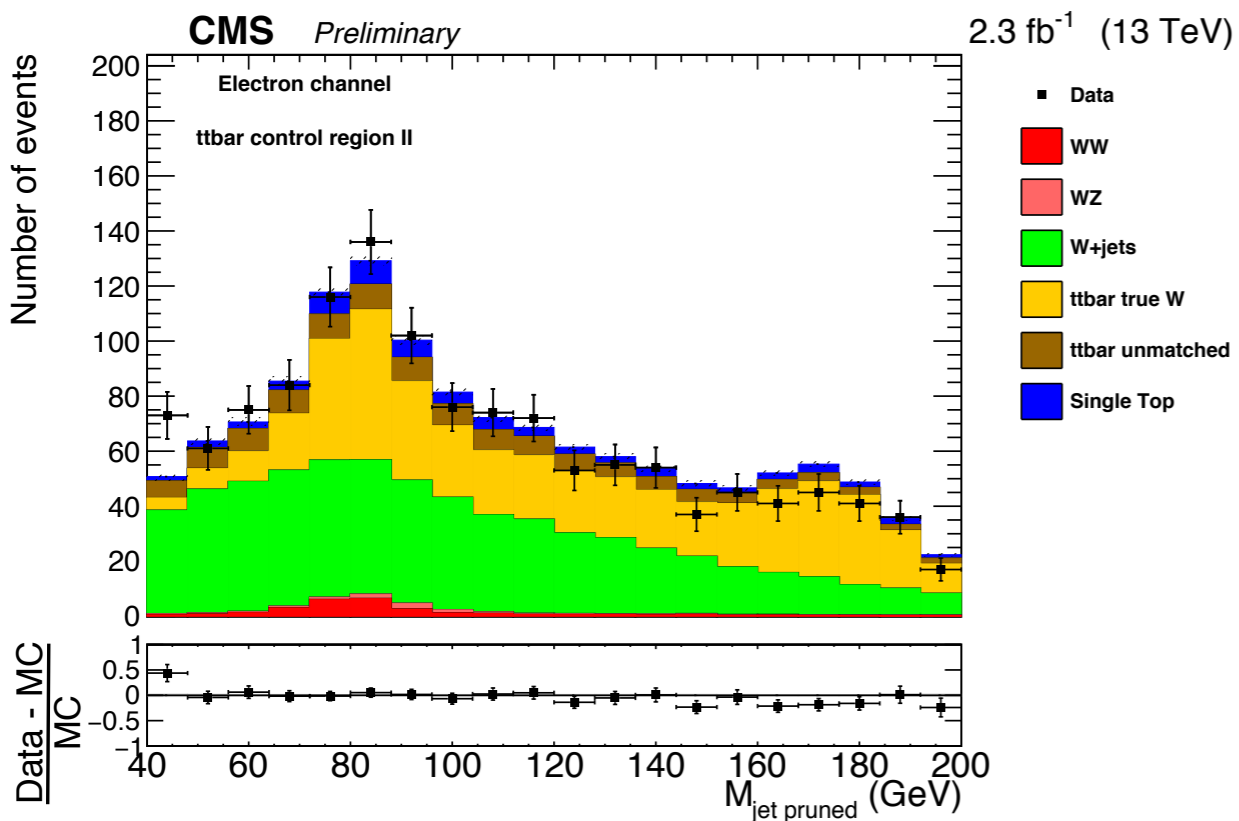


# no requirement on b-tagging



## Electron channel

## Muon channel



# Details about signal function

$$F_{atgc} \cdot A_N = N_{SM} \cdot e^{a_0 x} + \sum_i \left( N_{c_i,1} \cdot c_i^2 \cdot e^{a_{i,1} x} \cdot \frac{1 + \text{Erf}((x - a_{0,i})/a_{w,i})}{2} + N_{c_i,2} \cdot c_i \cdot e^{a_{i,2} x} \right) + \sum_{\substack{i < j \\ i \neq j}} \left( N_{c_i, c_j} \cdot c_i \cdot c_j \cdot e^{a_{ij} x} \right) ,$$

$$S_{aTGC} = 1 + \sum_i S_{c_i}$$

$$F_{atgc} \rightarrow S_{aTGC} \cdot F_{atgc}$$

$$S_{c_i} = b_0 + b_1 \cdot c_i + b_2 \cdot c_i^2 - 1$$

$$A_N = N_{SM} + \sum_i (N_{c_i,1} \cdot c_i^2 + N_{c_i,2} \cdot c_i) + \sum_{\substack{i < j \\ i \neq j}} (N_{c_i, c_j} \cdot c_i \cdot c_j)$$

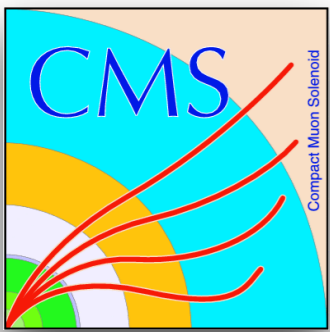
$$N_{c_i,1} = \frac{N_{c_i}^{MC^+} + N_{c_i}^{MC^-}}{2} - N_{SM}$$

$$N_{c_i,2} = \frac{N_{c_i}^{MC^+} - N_{c_i}^{MC^-}}{2}$$

$$N_{c_i, c_j} = N_{c_i, c_j}^{gen} - (N_{SM} + N_{c_i,1} + N_{c_i,2} + N_{c_j,1} + N_{c_j,2})$$

$$= N_{c_i, c_j}^{gen} - \left( N_{SM} + \frac{N_{c_i}^{MC^+} + N_{c_i}^{MC^-}}{2} - N_{SM} + \frac{N_{c_i}^{MC^+} - N_{c_i}^{MC^-}}{2} + \frac{N_{c_j}^{MC^+} + N_{c_j}^{MC^-}}{2} - N_{SM} + \frac{N_{c_j}^{MC^+} - N_{c_j}^{MC^-}}{2} \right)$$

$$= (N_{c_i, c_j}^{gen} + N_{SM}) - (N_{c_i}^{MC^+} + N_{c_j}^{MC^+}) .$$



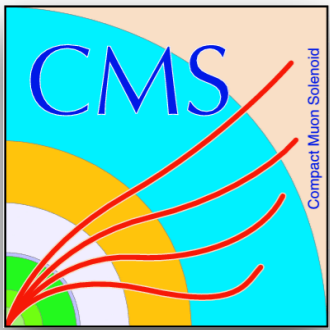
# W reconstruction



$$p_{z,\nu}^{1,2} = \frac{\mu \cdot p_{z,lepton}}{p_{T,lepton}^2} \pm \sqrt{\frac{\mu^2 \cdot p_{z,lepton}^2}{p_{T,lepton}^4} - \frac{E_{lepton}^2 \cdot |E_T^{\vec{miss}}|^2 - \mu}{p_{T,lepton}^2}}$$

$$\mu = \frac{m_W^2}{2} + \vec{p}_{T,lepton} \cdot \vec{E}_T^{\vec{miss}}$$

- take real part if complex solution
- take the one with the smallest absolute value if 2 real solutions



# Other results

