

NEW RESULTS FROM THE TOP QUARK

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Tevatron:

● Run 1: √s = 1.8 TeV (1992-1996)

Top quark discovery in 1995 with 65pb⁻¹ (around 20 events each experiment)

● Run 2: √s = 1.96 TeV (2001-2011)

12 fb⁻¹ delivered, on tape 10 fb⁻¹ 8.7 fb⁻¹ being analysed so far



LHC:

● √s = 7 TeV (2010-2011)

5.7 fb⁻¹ delivered, on tape 5 fb⁻¹ Around 1M tt pairs produced per exp.

Results in ~60k reconstructed tt events in e/µ+jets or in dilepton final state

• $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ (2012 ongoing)

More than 1M tt pairs produced 2.8 fb⁻¹ being analysed so far



- February 24th 1995: Simultaneous submission of Top Discovery papers to PRL, by CDF and DØ
- 50 pb⁻¹ at DØ
 - m_t = 199±30 GeV
 - $\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = 6.4 \pm 2.2 \text{ pb}$
 - Background-only hypothesis rejected at 4.6σ
- 67 pb⁻¹ at CDF
 - m_t = 176±13 GeV
 - σ_{tt} = 6.8^{+3.6} pb
 - Background-only hypothesis rejected at 4.8σ







All Around the Top



The top quark is very special:

- Yukawa couplings close to 1
- Most massive particle known
- •The only "free" quark
- Appears as signal, background and maybe decay product of new states



GK-Seminar 06.08.2012

The Generations of Matter

e

eptons



Neutrin

Top Quark Cross Sections (Th.)

Cross sections (pb) [m _{top} = 173 GeV]	s-channel	t-channel	tW channel	top pair
Tevatron: ppbar@1.96TeV	1.046 ^{+0.002} -0.01 ^{+0.06} -0.056	2.08 ^{+0.00} -0.04 ± 0.12	0.22 ± 0.08	7.08 +0.00 _{-0.24} +0.36 _{-0.27}
LHC: pp @ 7 TeV	4.56 ± 0.07 ^{+0.18} -0.17	65.9 ^{+2.1} -0.7 ^{+1.5} -1.7	15.6 ± 0.4 ^{+1.0} -1.2	163 ⁺⁷ -5 ± 9
LHC: pp @ 8 TeV	5.55±0.08±0.21	87.2 + ^{2.8} -1.0 ^{+2.0} -2.2	22.2±0.6±1.4	234 ⁺¹⁰ _7 ± 12

N. Kidonakis arxiv.org/pdf/1205.3453v1 (2012)



Top Contributions at ICHEP

<u>TR4 - Top Quark Physics</u> - Roo 216 (09:00-18:00)

ti	me	[id] title	presenter
09	9:00	[185] Inclusive top quark pair production cross - section (ATLAS)	Mr. DERUE, Frederic
09	9:15	[582] Top quark pair production cross section at CMS	Dr. RODRIGUEZ MARRERO, Ana
09	9:30	[186] Differential top quark pair production (ATLAS)	Dr. CHILDERS, Taylor
09	9:45	[586] Differential cross sections in top pair events at CMS	Dr. ALDAYA MARTIN, Maria
10	0:00	[689] Cross section measurements of top quark production at CDF	Mr. CORBO, Matteo
10	0:15	[83] NRQCD matching coefficient at next-to-next-to-next-to-leading order	Dr. MARQUARD, Peter
10	0:30	Refreshment Break	
11	1:00	[534] Measurements of the inclusive cross section and of differential distributions in top quark pair production (D0)	Prof. SCHWANENBERGER, Christian
11	1:15	[187] Measurements of single top quark production (ATLAS)	Mr. STURM, Philipp
11	1:30	[594] Single top production in CMS	Dr. BENELLI, Gabriele
11	1:45	[538] Measurements of single top quark production cross sections and Vtb in ppbar collisions at sqrt(s)=1.96 TeV (D0 and CDF)	Dr. PETERS, Yvonne
12	2:00	[189] Measurement of the top quark mass (ATLAS)	Dr. SALAMANNA, Giuseppe
12	2:15	[588] Measurements of the top quark mass (CMS)	Dr. STADIE, Hartmut
12	2:30	[590] Measurement of the top-antitop mass difference (CMS)	Mr. VAN ONSEM, Gerrit
12	2:45	Lunch Break	
14	4:00	[693] Top quark mass measurements at CDF	Dr. LEE, Hyun Su
14	4:15	[543] Measurement of the top quark mass in ppbar collisions using events with two leptons (D0)	Dr. BRANDT, Oleg
14	4:30	[536] Tevatron and LHC top mass combinations	Dr. DELIOT, Frederic
14	4:45	[424] Top Precision Studies at Linear Colliders	Dr. VOS, Marcel
15	5:00	[852] Spin correlation and W helicity in top quark events with ATLAS	Dr. JÜNGST, Markus
15	5:15	[592] Spin correlations and W helicity in top events with CMS	Dr. SUMOWIDAGDO, Suharyo
15	5:30	Refreshment Break	
16	6:00	[541] Spin correlation in ttbar production (D0)	Dr. PETERS, Yvonne
16	6:15	[533] Measurement of top quark properties - electric charge and width (D0)	Prof. SCHWANENBERGER, Christian
16	6:30	[545] Combination of CDF and D0 measurements of the W boson helicity in top quark decays	VARNES, Assoc. Prof. Erich Ward
16	6:45	[190] Other top quark properties in ATLAS	Dr. LIMOSANI, Antonio
17	7:00	[601] Other top quark properties in CMS	Ms. KÜSSEL, Yvonne
17	7:15	[690] Top quark properties at CDF	Dr. OH, Youngdo
17	7:30	[60] TTbar Spin Correlations at Hadron Colliders	Dr. PARKE, Stephen
17	7:47	[867] .	

TR4 - Top Quark Physics and TR11 - Particle Astrophysics & Cosmology - Room 216 (09:00-18:00)

	time	[id] title	presenter
	09:00	[191] Charge asymmetry in top pairs at ATLAS	Dr. GIORDANI, Mario
	09:15	[587] Measurement of the charge asymmetry in top quark pair production in pp collisions (CMS)	Dr. CHWALEK, Thorsten
	09:30	[684] Asymmetry measurements in t-tbar at CDF	Dr. HAYS, Chris
	09:45	[532] Measurement of the forward-backward charge asymmetry in top quark pair production (D0)	Dr. GROHSJEAN, Alexander Josef
	10:00	[474] Top quark forward-backward asymmetry from gauged flavor symmetry	Prof. BABU, Kaladi S.
	10:17	[318] Dynamical Origin of the Correlation between the Top Quark Production Asymmetries $A_{FB}^{s} = A_{FB}^{s} = A_{FB}^{s}$	Dr. BERGER, Edmond
	10:34	Refreshment Break	
	11:00	[513] Diagnosing top-quark Forward-Backward Asymmetry	Dr. GUPTA, Sudhir Kumar
	11:15	[188] Searches in s-channel single top quark production at ATLAS	Dr. ALVAREZ GONZALEZ, Barbara
	11:30	[853] FCNC in top quark production and decay at ATLAS	Dr. CRISTINZIANI, Markus
	11:45	[599] Search for FCNC in top pair events in pp collisions (CMS)	Dr. CHAO, Yuan
	12:00	[52] CP violation in top-quark physics	Prof. VALENCIA, German
	12:15	[495] Search for a Narrow ttbar Resonance in ppbar Collisions at sqrt(s) = 1.96 TeV (Combined D0, CDF)	ASSOC. PROF. VARNES, Erich
	12:32	Lunch Break	
	14:00	[585] Measurement of the top pair invariant mass distribution and search for New Physics (CMS)	Prof. BLEKMAN, Freya
	14:15	[192] Searches for ttbar resonances (ATLAS)	Dr. VOS, Marcel
	14:30	[76] Z ' signals in polarised top-antitop final states	Mr. MIMASU, Ken
	14:45	[443] A charged Z' to explain the apparent disagreement in top-antitop asymmetires between Tevatron and LHC	Ms. COLUCCIO LESKOW, Estefania
Į	15:00	[46] Top Decays with Flavor Changing Neutral Higgs Interactions at the LHC	Prof. KAO, Chung
	15:15	[540] Search for anomalous Wtb couplings in ppbar collisions at sqrt(s) = 1.96 TeV (D0)	Prof. BLOOM, Kenneth

Apologies for not mentioning all results





1. PAIR PRODUCTION OF TOP QUARKS







Decay Channals

Top Pair Decay Channels



Top Pair Branching Fractions





- t → Wb
 Events classified by W decay
 - "Lepton [e,µ] + jets" (34%)
 tt → blvbqq'
 - "Dilepton [e, μ]" (6%) tt \rightarrow blvblv
 - "All jets" (46%)
 tt → bqq'bqq'
 - Tau + jets" (15%)
 tt → bτνbqq'





1.1 Cross Section Measurements of tt Production



Finding the top:

Signal:

- Triggering on lepton
- High missing transverse energy (\mathbf{Z}_T)
- High E_T jets, central and spherical
- Two b-jets (displaced vertex)

Background:

- Dilepton: Z+Jets, Single Top (tW), QCD, W+Jets
- Lepton+Jets: W+Jets, Single Top
- All Hadronic: QCD multi jet events

Determination of the cross section

$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}} = \frac{N_{obs} - N_{bgd}}{\varepsilon_{t\bar{t}} \cdot \int L dt}$$







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Measurements at the Tevatron





σ_{btag} = 7.47 ± 0.50_{stat} ± 0.53_{syst} ± 0.46_{lumi} pb

- Consitency amongst various channels
- Limitation from systematic uncertainties (JES, b-tab, W+jets)
- Sensitive to NNLO predictions (Bernreuter, Czakon, Mitov, arXiv:1204.5201)









ATLAS (ATLAS-CONF-2012-024)

Combination done as product of the individual ۵ likelihoods of each channel





Results are compatible with NNLO calculations

likelihood fit



Top-Antitop Production Cross Sections

(a) 350 CMS Preliminary (b) 0 CMS co

250-

200

150

100

 CMS combined 7 TeV (1.1 fb⁻¹) CMS combined 8 TeV (2.8 fb⁻¹)

> NLO QCD Approx. NNLO QCD Scale uncertainty Scale @ PDF incertainty

ASTW 2008 (N)NLO PDF 901

angenfeld, Moch, Uwer, Phys. Rev. D80 (2009) 054009

9

CMS (CMS-PAS-TOP-12-006/7)

CMS

SKIT

- New measurement at 8 TeV ! ۲
- Lepton + jets and di-lepton channals combined: ٩

 σ = 227 ± 3 (stat) ± 11 (syst.) ± 10 (lum.) pb





SKIT

Top-Antitop Differential Cross Sections

Measure differential cross sections in the lepton+jet channel

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma^{i}}{dX} = \frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{N_{data}^{i} - N_{bkg}^{i}}{\epsilon \cdot \mathcal{L}}$$

- Important test of QCD
- Event selections similar to the cross section analyses
- Bin-to-bin unfolding to parton level at CMS





1.2 Top-Antitop Charge Asymmetry

NLO QCD: interference of higher order diagrams leads to asymmetry for tt produced through qq annihilation:

- Top quark is emitted preferentially in direction of the incoming quark
- Antitop quark opposite
- Production through new processes may lead to different asymmetries



At Tevatron: define forward-backward asymmetry

$$A^{t\bar{t}} = \frac{N\left(\Delta y > 0\right) - N\left(\Delta y < 0\right)}{N\left(\Delta y > 0\right) + N\left(\Delta y < 0\right)}$$

• At LHC: define asymmetry in the widths of rapidity distributions of t, t

$$A_{C} = \frac{N(\Delta|y| > 0) - N(\Delta|y| < 0)}{N(\Delta|y| > 0) + N(\Delta|y| < 0)} \qquad \Delta|y| = |y_{t}| - |y_{\bar{t}}|$$

events

-top -antitop

do/dy



Asymmetries at the Tevatron









Measured asymmetry on detector level after bkg subtraction:

 A_{FB} det = 0.092 ± 0.037 (stat+syst)

MC@NLO: A_{FB} det = 0.024 ± 0.007

Measured asymmetry on parton level:

 $A_{FB} = 0.196 \pm 0.065 \text{ (stat+syst)}$



Both CDF and D0 see significant asymmetry in $t\bar{t}$ production in all channels with strong dependence on m_{tt} , in conflict with the SM





Asymmetries at the LHC









Differential asymmetries at the LHC



Measured asymmetries are compared to

- SM prediction at NLO [1]
- SM simulation at NLO (POWHEG)
- BSM prediction with an effective axial-vector coupling of the gluon at the oneloop level (EAG) [2]; can explain the strong dependence of AFB on m(tt) as seen by CDF

[1] Kühn, Rodrigo - arXiv:1109.6830 [2] Gabrielli, Racioppi, Raidal - PRD 85 (2012) 074021, arXiv:1112.5885; arXiv:1203.1488

At LHC data are compatible with SM and with BSM prediction. Tevatron results display much larger asymmetry than SM An LHC run at low energies would be helpful (once we explored the energy frontier.



New physics in the t-channel

[Jung, Murayama, Pierce, Wells / Cheung, Keung,Yuan / Cao, Heng,Wu,Yang / Barger, Keung, Yu / Cao, McKeen, Rosner, Saughnessy, Wagner / Berger, Cao, Chen, Li, Zhang / Bhattacherjee, Biswal, Ghosh/ Zhou, Wang, Zhu / Aguilar-Saavedra, Perez-Victoria/ Buckley, Hooper, Kopp, Neil / Rajaraman, Surujon, Tait/ Duraisamy, Rashed, Datta, …] [Shu,Tait,Wang / Cao,Heng,Wu,Yang / Dorsner, Faifer, Kamenik, Kosnik / Jung,Ko,Lee,Nam. Aguilar-Saavedra, Perez-Victoria / Patel, Sharma / Ligeti, Marques Tavares, Schmalz, …]



Because of color algebra a Z' (SM Z) in the s-channel do not interfere with the LO QCD amplitude

 (coloured) scalars do not generate an asymmetry in the s-channel

A sizeable charge asymmetry requires large flavour violating couplings [Jung,Murayama,Pierce,Wells]
 Relatively light Z' and/or W': O(200-700 GeV), or O(1TeV) colored scalars
 like sign *tt* + *It*, very constrained at Tevatron, and the LHC





In BSM possibility of top polarisation, for instance through axi-gluon or W⁴ couplings.

D. Krohn, T. Liu, J. Shelton et al., Phys.Rev. D84 (2011) 074034

Angular distribution of charged leptons sensitive to polarisation:

$$\frac{1}{\Gamma} \frac{d\Gamma}{d\cos\theta_{i,n}} = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + 2\mathcal{P}_n \kappa_i \cos\theta_{i,n} \right)$$

n direction of the top in the t \bar{t} rest frame κ_i = 1 for leptons





1.4 Search for tt Resonances







Searches at the LHC









2. SINGLE TOP PRODUCTION

s-channel

 W^+

 $\boldsymbol{\wedge}\boldsymbol{\wedge}$

Observation of single top production:

- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$ cross section $\propto V_{tb}{}^2$
- study top-polarization and EWK top interaction

Test of non-SM phenomena:

- 4th generation
- FCNC couplings
- W′, H[±]
- anomalous W_{tb} couplings

Main backgrounds:

• s-channel: Top pair, W + (HF) jets, QCD

t-channel

Wt-channel

- t-channel: Top pair, W + (HF) jets, QCD
- Wt-channel: Top pair, Z + (HF) jets, QCD

Signal – background discrimination:

- Tevatron: multivariate methods (neural networks, boosted decision trees, matrix element method)
- LHC: cut-based or multivariate method

	Collider	s-channel: σ_{tb}	t-channel: $\sigma_{_{tqb}}$	Wt-channel: σ_{tw}
Те	/atron: pp̄ (1.96 TeV)	1.05 pb	2.08 pb	0.22 pb
	LHC: pp (7 TeV)	4.6 pb	66 pb	15.7 pb
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First "Observation" of Single Top



Phys. Lett. B 147, 493 (1984)





2.1 Single Top at the Tevatron



1 $|V_{tb}|^2$

DØ, 5.4 fb⁻¹



$$|V_{tb,meas}|^2 = rac{\sigma_{meas}}{\sigma_{SM}} \cdot |V_{tb,SM}|^2$$

- No assumption about number of generations
- Assumption: $|V_{ts}|^2 + |V_{td}|^2 << |V_{tb}|^2$







ATLAS: σ = 83 ± 4 (stat.) ± 20-19(syst.) pb

ATLAS-CONF-1205.3130

CMS: $s = 70.2 \pm 5.2$ (stat.) ± 10.4 (syst.) ± 3.4 (lumi.) pb

CMS-PAS-TOP-11-021







Ratio $R_t = \sigma_t / \sigma_{\bar{t}}$

- R_t is sensitive to the u/d PDFs; naïve expectation $R_t = 2$
- Measurement of σ_t using binned max. likelihood fit to NN output in 2-jets and 3-jets data split according to charge of lepton



Correlations between the individual cross section measurements are taken into account, leading to a reduction of the uncertainty

The measurement is in agreement with the predictions based on various global PDF sets that range from 1.86 to 2.07.







Final state: 2 isolated leptons, 1 b-tagged jet and MET (as dilepton top pair but with 1 b jet less)

ATLAS (arXiv:1205.5764)

- Isolated lepton p_T> 25 GeV/c
 ₽_T > 50 GeV
- No b tagging requirement
- MVA (BDT) based analysis

CMS (<u>CMS-PAS-TOP-11-022</u>)

- Isolated lepton p_T>20 GeV/c
- ●₽_T>30GeV
- 2nd b-jet veto is applied for signal region
- Cut based analysis







2.4 Search for tb Resonances



w

- Right-handed W'_R with SM-like couplings chosen as benchmark model
- Similar signature as single top s-channel (1 lepton, MET, 2 jets and at least 1 b tag)





3. DECAY PHYSICS: W HELICITY





3.1 W Helicity



 \mathbf{e}^{+}

 $F_0 = \frac{m_t^2}{2M_W^2 + m_t^2}$

Motion of W in

Top rest system



Distribution of Angle θ^* between charged lepton in W system and W-Boson in Top-Quark system:



A. Czarnecki, J. G. Körner, J. H. Piclum, Phys. Rev. D 81, 111503 (2010)







With three helicity fractions, there are two independent quantities to measure (3rd fraction is fixed since $\Sigma f = 1$)

- We choose to measure f_0 and f_+
- Can either measure both fractions simultaneously (2D fit)
- or fix one fraction to its SM value and measure the other (1D fit)









LHC Results







3.2 Top couplings from production



CMS-TOP-11-028 is 0.34%,





3.3 Search for anomalous couplings







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4. TOP QUARK PROPERTIES





4.1 Top Mass Measurements

Measurement of the top quark mass:

Template method:

fit MC generated distributions assuming different Mtop to data

Matrix element method: probability based on LO tt matrix element using full kinematics of the event

at Tevatron

Ideogram method

event likelihood computed as a convolution of a Gaussian resolution function with a Breit-Wigner (signal)

Sources of uncertainties

Calibration curve method

di-lepton channel using mt2





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JES vs M_{top} in all four experiments





Top Quark Mass Combinations



= 173.3 ± 1.4 GeV

ATLAS-CONF-2012-095

CMS PAS TOP-12-001

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170

 $173.3 \pm 1.2 \pm 2.7$

 $172.6 \pm 0.4 \pm 1.5$

 $173.3 \pm 0.5 \pm 1.3$

 $173.2 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.8$

180

± (stat.) ± (syst.)

m_{no} [GeV]

190

L_{tet} = 36 pb⁻¹, (e CR syst.) CMS 2011, di-lepton

L_{int} = 2.3 fb⁻¹, (0 CR, UE syst.) CMS 2011, µ+jets

L_{int} = 4.9 fb⁻¹, (@ CR, UE syst.)

LHC June 2012

150

SKIT

Tevatron July 2011

160

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Measurement uncertainty on M_T has improved since 1994, but mass value has not changed much



 $M_{top} = 173.2 \pm 0.9 \text{ GeV/c}^2$

First measurement 7 events (1.4 background) CDF, PRD 50, 2966 (1994)





4.2 tt Mass Difference

- CPT theorem predicts masses of particles and antiparticles to be equal
 - Top-quark only particle with color charge to test this invariance
- Analysis Principle: • Analysis Principle:
- Analysis of µ+jets events
 - 1 isolated muon, 4 high-p_T jets
 - Kinematic event reconstruction of 12 permutations
 - Measurement of top- and antitop-quark masses with Ideogram method
 - Taking b-tagging information into account to reduce background events (mainly W+jets)





Test CPT invariance in the top sector

 $\Delta M_{t} = M_{top} - M_{\overline{top}}$

- Reconstruction of the hadronic side: compare ℓ++jets and ℓ-+jets events
- Use kinematic fit, and event-per-event likelihood for ℓ⁻ and ℓ⁺ separately

 $\Delta m_{\rm t} = -0.44 \pm 0.46 \, ({\rm stat.}) \pm 0.27 \, ({\rm syst.}) \, {\rm GeV}$

Most systematic effects cancel out ! \rightarrow the measurement is stat. limited

World's best so far

Consistent with SM, Consistent between e and μ









$$R = 0.90 \pm 0.04$$
 (stat+syst)

t-channel cross section:







 \Rightarrow most precise determination

Phys. Rev. D 85, 091104(2012)





4.4 tt+V Production



Same-sign dilepton channel: $\sigma(t \bar{t} V \rightarrow l + jets + (W \rightarrow l v) \text{ or } (Z \rightarrow l l)$

with l = e or μ

Selection:

- Background estimation from data:
- → 3 leptons: 2 opposite-charge and same-flavor leptons (Z^{cand})
- \rightarrow 3 jets (2 *b* tagged), H_{T} > 120 GeV

- $\rightarrow t\bar{t}$: cross-flavor dilepton events
- → Z+jets and diboson: trilepton,
 - no b tag events







ss w+

D

CONCLUSIONS

Seventeen years after its discovery, top quark physics is ever increasing in fascination.

The Tevatron will leave a legacy in precision measurements, analysis methods and searches at the energy frontier.

The LHC has had a phantastic start and has been taking over from the Tevatron. The LHC has become a top factory.

Theory has been accompanying us in this exciting programme, being a match in terms of precision and paving the way in predicting new phenomena.

So far, agreement with SM predicitions is astounding except for one mystery which seems to solidify. We need to get hold of the asymmetry in all possible ways.

Exciting times are awaiting us !

Supported by the State of Baden-Württemberg, HGF, the DFG and the BMBF





1.4 Spin Correlations

- Spins of t and \overline{t} are predicted to be correlated in SM
- Top decay before hadronization allows to measure top spin from its decay products
- At LHC at low m(tt
) ttbar production dominated by like-helicity gluon pairs → like-helicity ttbar pairs.
- In dilepton final states this results in correlations between the leptons in the azimuthal angle $\Delta \phi$ in the lab frame (Mahlon & Parke)





- Use the angles between decay products and beam axis to analyse spin
 - Dilepton: Angle of (anti)lepton wrt. beam axis in (anti)top rest-frame
 - Spin analysing power of charged lepton and down-type quark is 1 (in LO)
- Differential cross section:

 $\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d^2 \sigma}{d \cos \theta_1 d \cos \theta_2} = \frac{1}{4} (1 - C \cos \theta_1 \cos \theta_2)$

- C: spin correlation strength
- NLO SM: C≈0.78 (beam axis)

 $C = \frac{N(\uparrow\uparrow) + N(\downarrow\downarrow) - N(\uparrow\downarrow) - N(\downarrow\uparrow)}{N(\uparrow\uparrow) + N(\downarrow\downarrow) + N(\uparrow\downarrow) + N(\downarrow\uparrow)}$











Correlation values in agreement with SM assumptions







Spin correlation at the LHC





