

LHC Physics

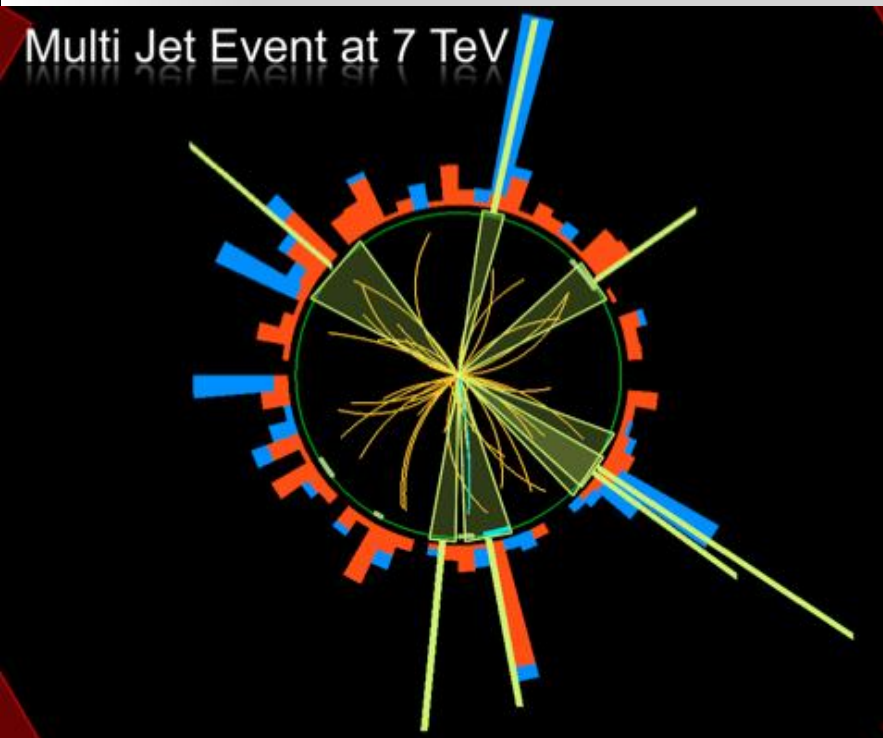
Part II:

Searches for New Physics

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GK Hochenergiephysik und Teilchenastrophysik



Outline

- New Physics at the LHC?
- Supersymmetry
- Extra Dimensions
- Other “conventional” BSM signatures
- New BSM signatures

Physics case for new High Energy Machines

Understand the mechanism Electroweak Symmetry Breaking

Discover physics beyond the Standard Model

Reminder: The Standard Model

- tells us **how** but not **why**
 - 3 flavour families? Mass spectra? Hierarchy?
- needs fine tuning of parameters to level of 10^{-30} !
- has no connection with gravity
- no unification of the forces at high energy

Most popular extensions these days

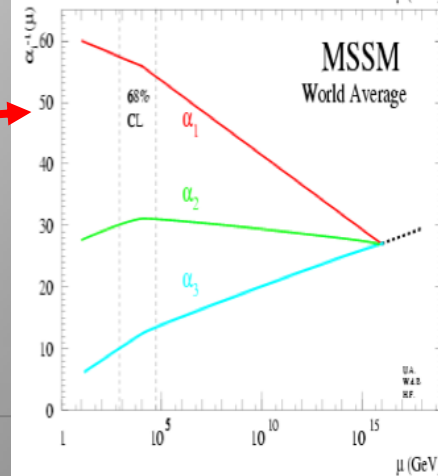
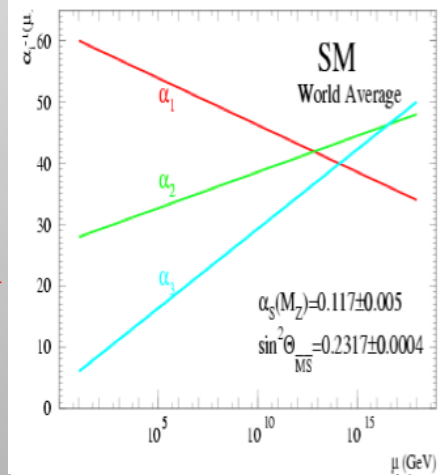
If a Higgs field exists:

- Supersymmetry
- Extra space dimensions

If there is no Higgs below ~ 700 GeV

- Strong electroweak symmetry breaking around 1 TeV

Other ideas: more symmetry & gauge bosons, L-R symmetry, quark & lepton substructure, Little Higgs models, Technicolor, Hidden Valleys...



Theory Space

Murayama LP 2003 | 2011: LHC Impact

M. Schmalz



Note that during the last 3-4 Years we –LHC experimentalists- got more models to deal with than we needed...

Some theorists found it a challenge to invent a model with signatures difficult for the experiments:

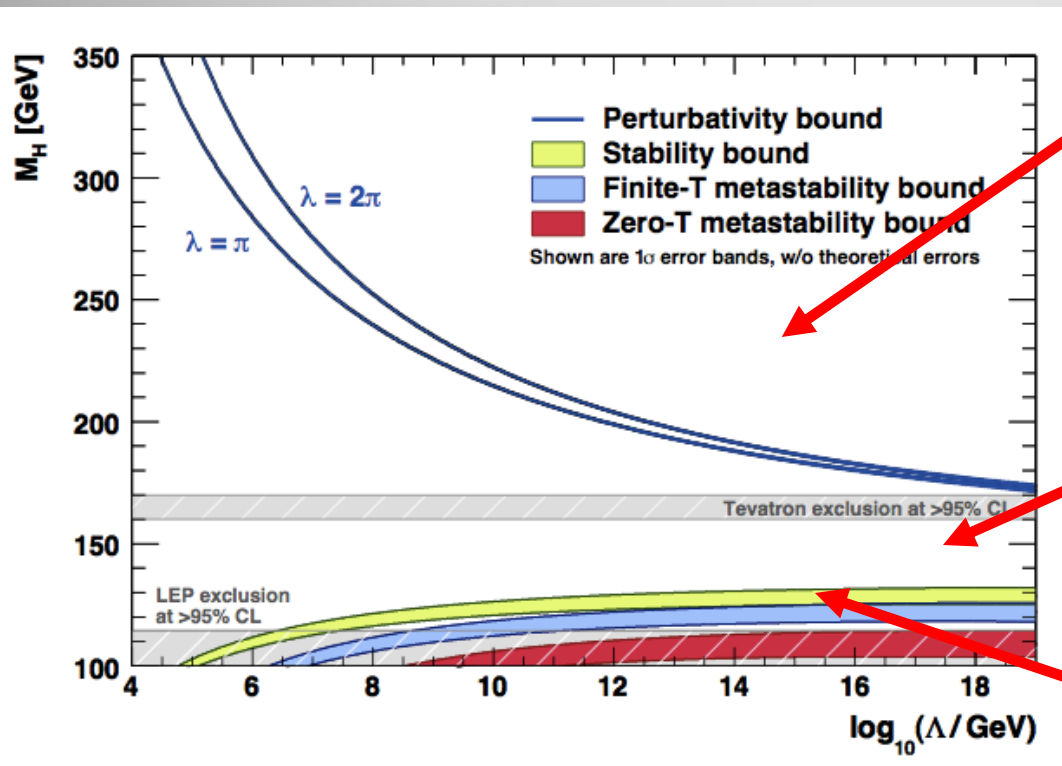
heavy stable charged particles,
hidden valley models, Quirks...

NOW WE STRIKE BACK!!

But remember that these are still early days!!

A Light Higgs: Consequences

A light Higgs implies that the Standard Model cannot be stable up to the GUT or Planck scale (10^{19} GeV)



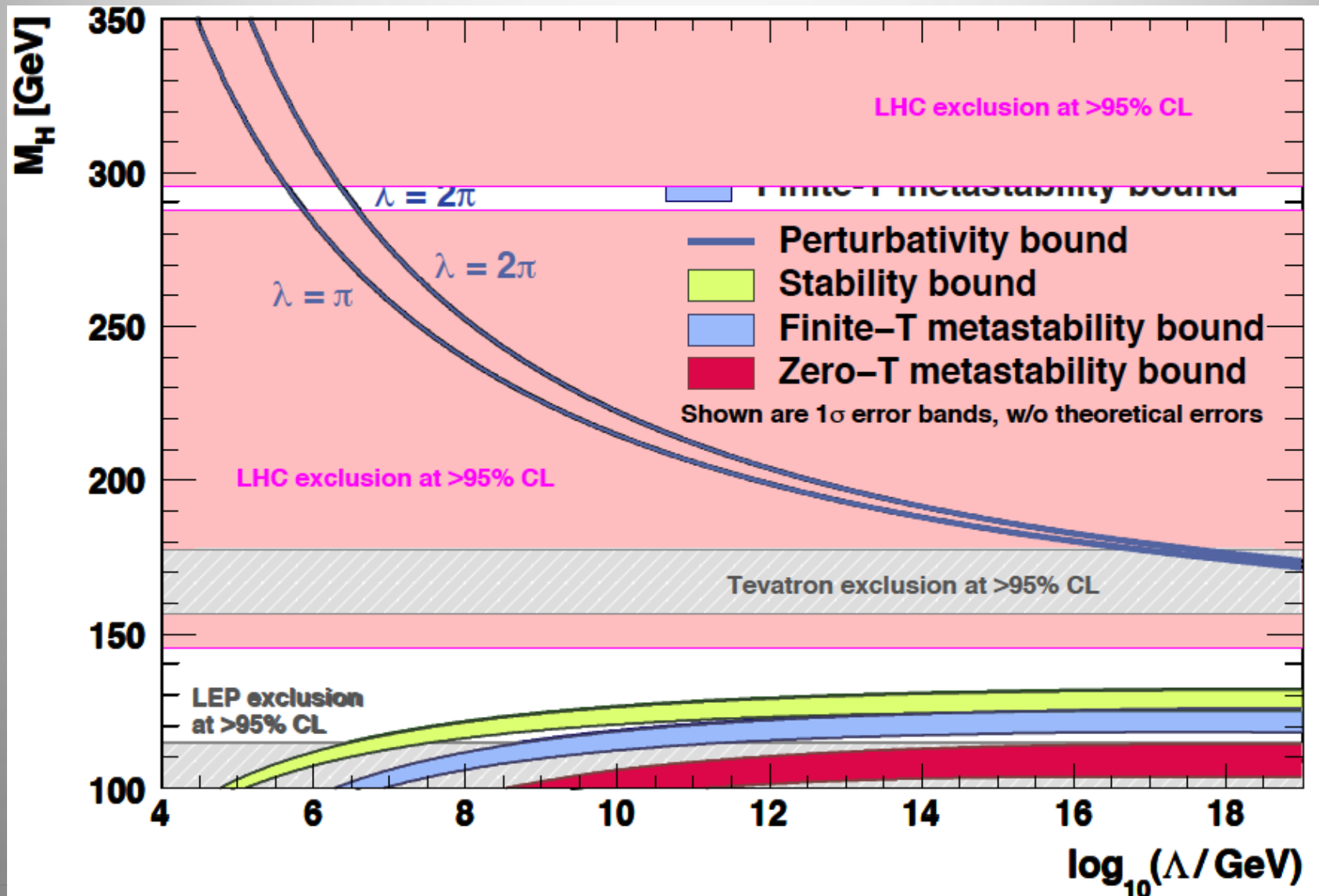
The effective potential blows up, due to heavy top quark mass

Allowed corridor
but needs strong fine-tuning...

The electroweak vacuum is unstable to corrections from scales $\Lambda \gg v = 246$ GeV

New physics expected in TeV range

The Higgs



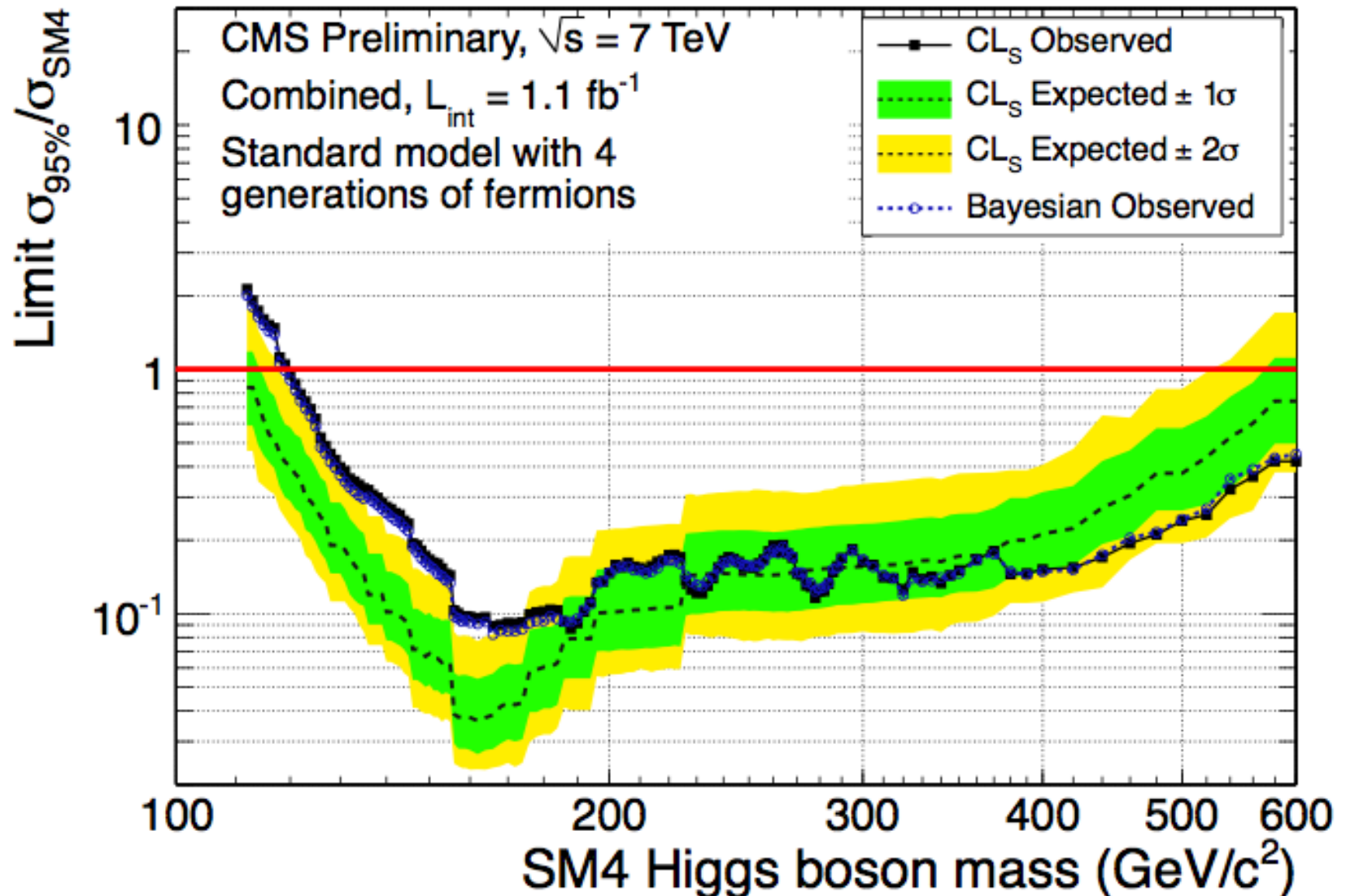
The Higgs

Higgs as a portal

- having discovered the Higgs?
- Higgs boson may connect the Standard Model to other “sectors”



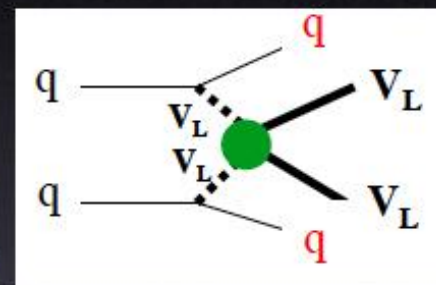
The Higgs: 4th Generation?



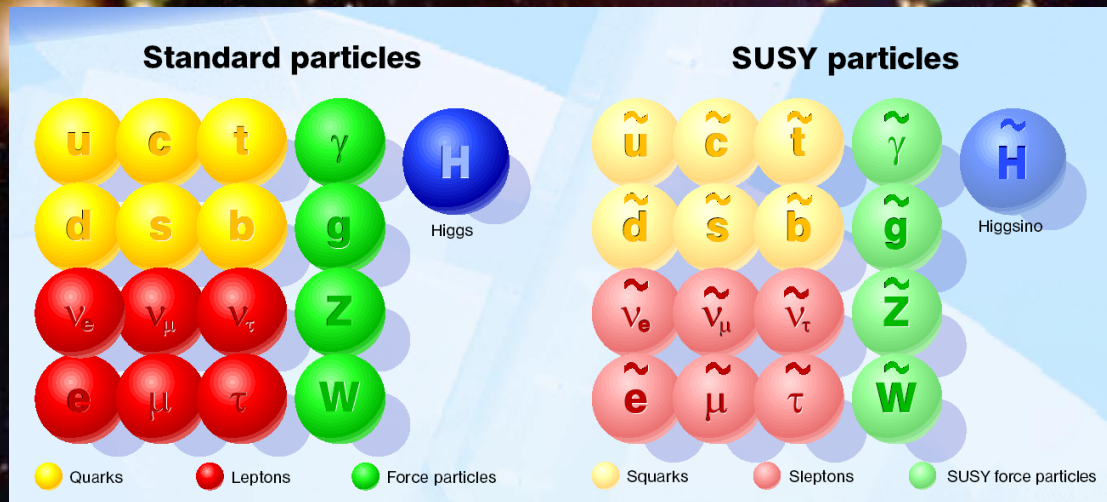
The Higgs

no Higgs

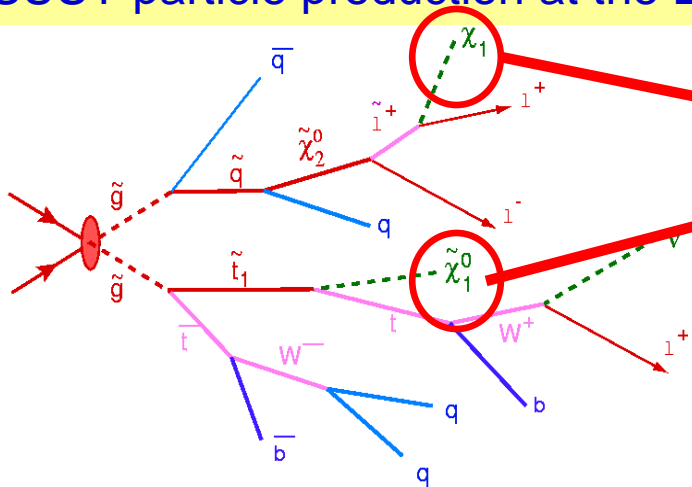
- not preferred by precision EW
- no Higgs = a great discovery!
- test unitarity cancellation at high E
- $qq \rightarrow qqWW$, $WW \rightarrow WW$ scattering
- if strong \rightarrow go higher energy to understand the underlying theory
- if weak \rightarrow we had missed it! hadrophilic? invisible?
 - lower LHC energy? ILC?



Supersymmetry: a new symmetry of Nature?

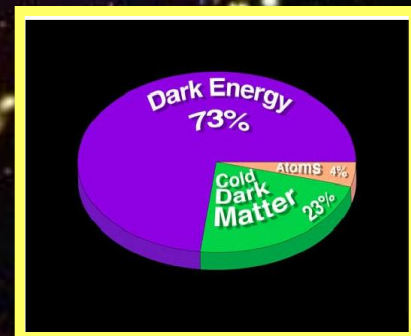


SUSY particle production at the LHC

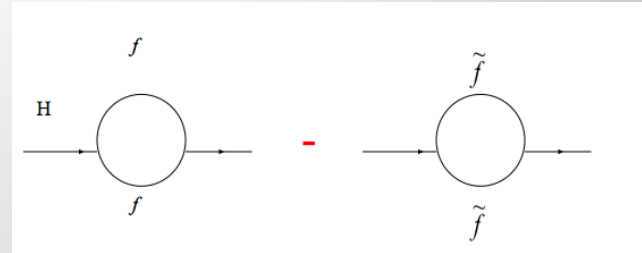


Candidate particles for Dark Matter
 \Rightarrow Produce Dark Matter in the lab

Assume “R-Parity” Conservation



Why weak-scale SUSY ?

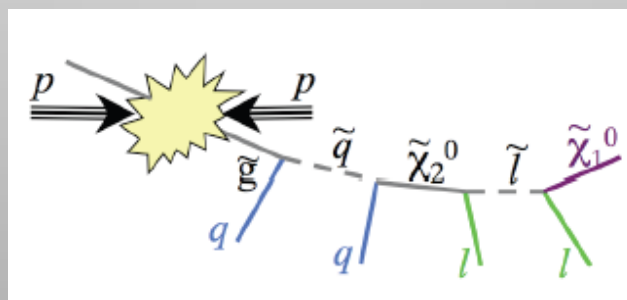
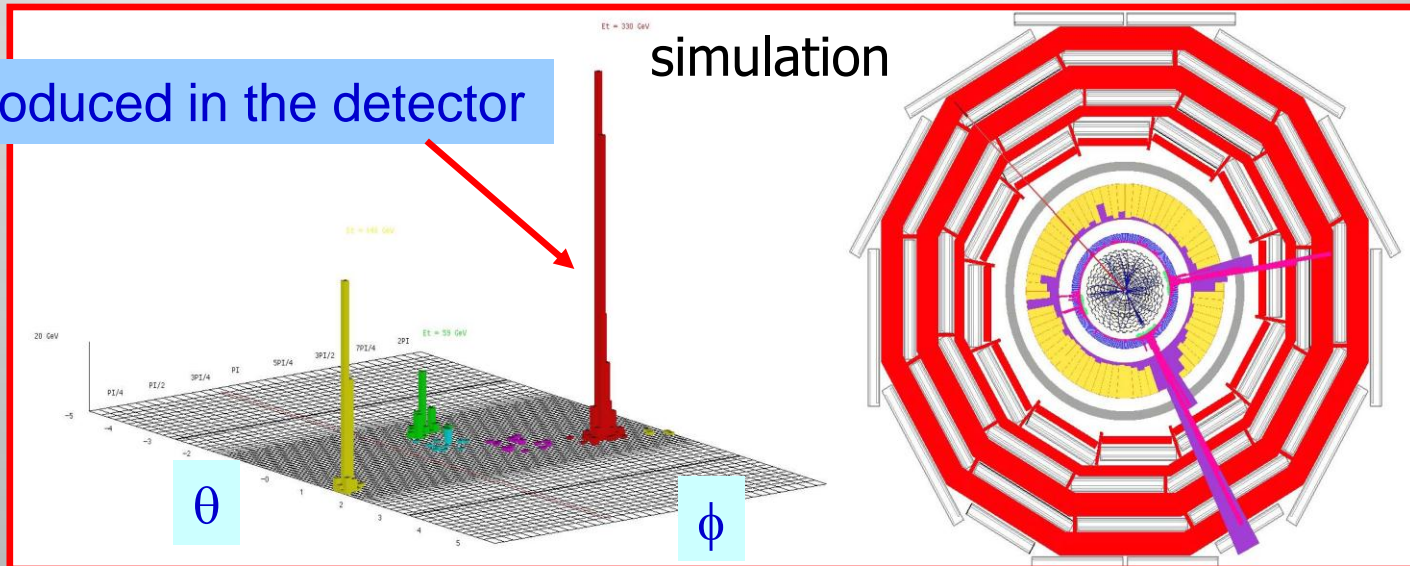


- stabilises the EW scale: $|m_F - \tilde{m}_B| < O(1 \text{ TeV})$
- predicts a light Higgs $m_h < 130 \text{ GeV}$
- predicts/allows gauge unification
- accommodates heavy top quark
- dark matter candidate:** neutralino, sneutrino, gravitino, ...
- consistent with Electro-Weak precision data

Discovering SUSY – A revolution in particle physics!!

Detecting Supersymmetric Particles

Energy produced in the detector



Supersymmetric particles decay and produce a cascade of jets, leptons and missing transverse energy (MET) due to escaping 'dark matter' particle candidates

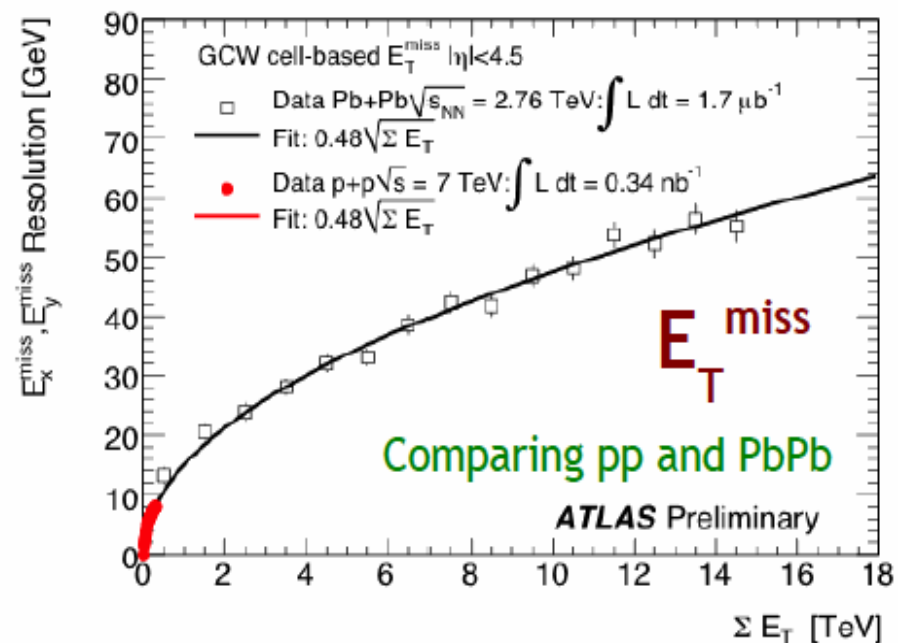
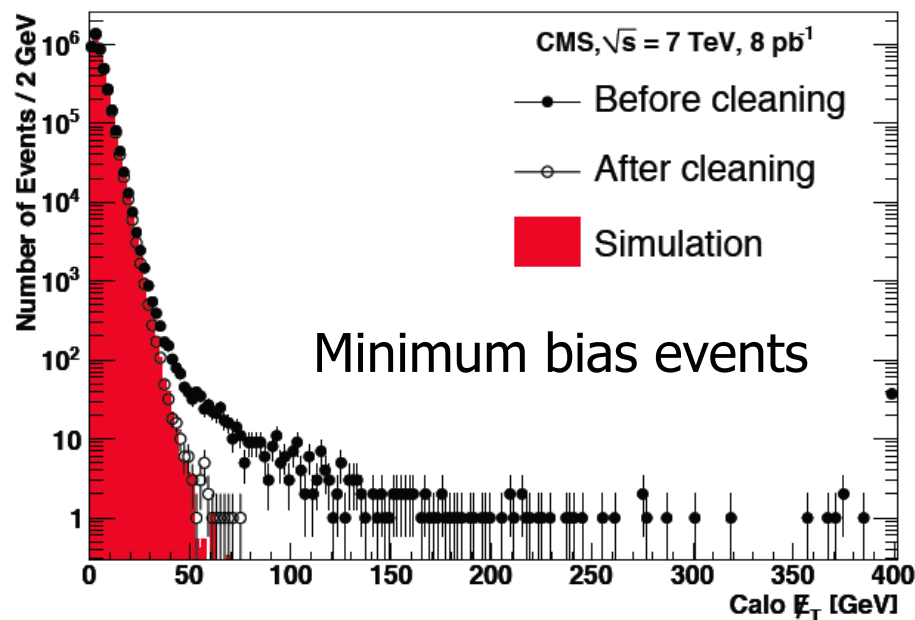
➡ Very prominent signatures in CMS and ATLAS

Missing Transverse Energy

Total transverse momentum imbalance

Generally appreciated to be a difficult quantity to measure

Very sensitive to fluctuations, miss-measurements, noise, backgrounds



- In practice, rather well under control, from the start
- Good resolution using 'particle flow' ie maximally identifying particles
- More Pile-up in future will NOT make this simpler

SUSY Searches

0-leptons	1-lepton	OSDL	SSDL	≥3 leptons	2-photons	γ+lepton
Jets + MET	Single lepton + Jets + MET	Opposite-sign di-lepton + jets + MET	Same-sign di-lepton + jets + MET	Multi-lepton	Di-photon + jet + MET	Photon + lepton + MET

Large

SM backgrounds

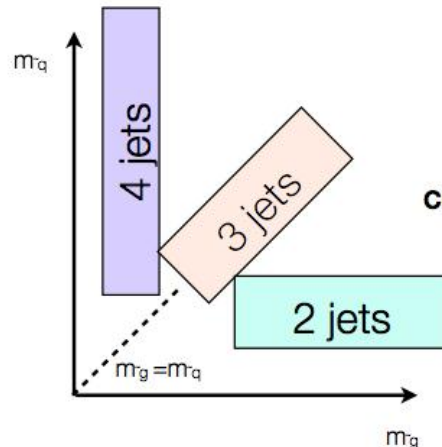
Low

sensitivity to strongly produced SUSY

sensitivity to gauge-mediated SUSY

All Analyses (CMS)

JET+MET (ATLAS)



Trigger requirements

Channel definition

Reduce QCD

Enhance signal

Signal Region	≥ 2 jets	≥ 3 jets	≥ 4 jets	High mass
E_T^{miss}	> 130	> 130	> 130	> 130
Leading jet p_T	> 130	> 130	> 130	> 130
Second jet p_T	> 40	> 40	> 40	> 80
Third jet p_T	–	> 40	> 40	> 80
Fourth jet p_T	–	–	> 40	> 80
$\Delta\phi(\text{jet}, E_T^{\text{miss}})_{\text{min}}$	> 0.4	> 0.4	> 0.4	> 0.4
$E_T^{\text{miss}}/m_{\text{eff}}$	> 0.3	> 0.25	> 0.25	> 0.2
m_{eff} [GeV]	> 1000	> 1000	> 500/1000	> 1100

$$m_{\text{eff}} = \sum_{i=1}^n |\vec{p}_T^{\text{jet } i}| + E_T^{\text{miss}}$$

Note: Strong effort to get background (tail) estimates from data itself

Example: Search for SUSY

Take one example to show steps involved:

- Define event selection criteria
- Go through $\sim 2.000.000.000$ events triggered and stored on-line, to select candidates
- Use eg kinematical cuts to suppress background
- “Predict” backgrounds in signal region
- Determine efficiencies and systematics
- Excess or no excess?

Jets+Missing E_T channel

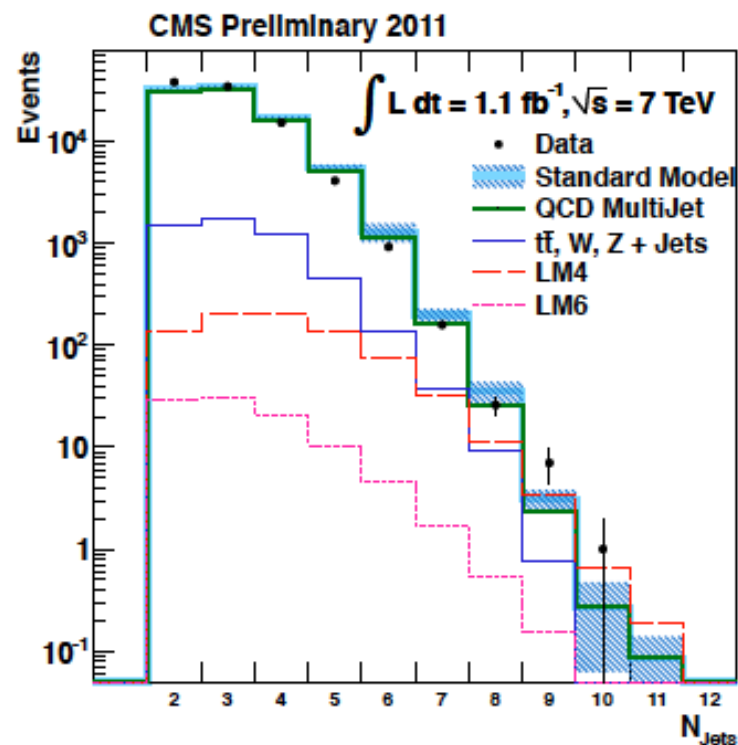
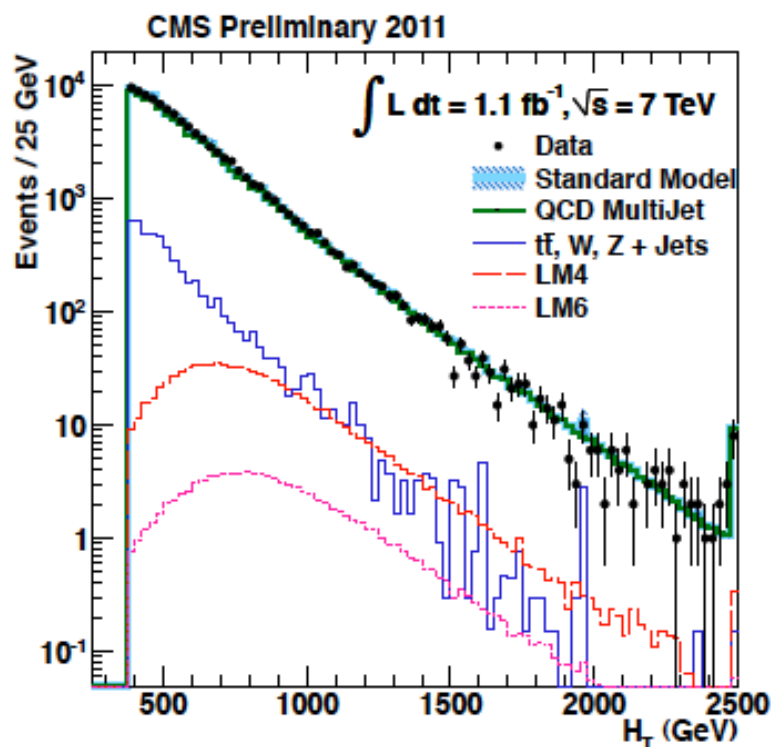
Kinematic Glossary

- $HT = \sum_j E_{T_j}$ Jets with $p_{T_j} > 50$ GeV
- $MHT = |\vec{p}_T|$ Jets with $p_{T_j} > 50$ GeV
- $\Delta\phi^* = \min_j \Delta\phi(\text{jet}, MHT \text{ computed without the jet})$

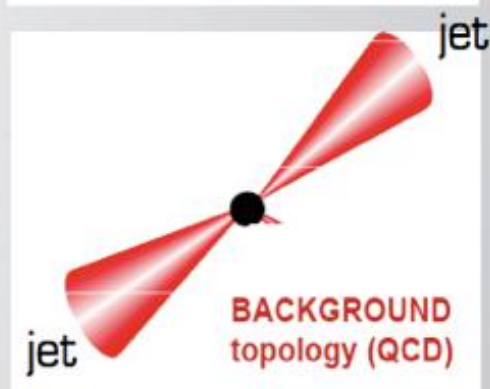
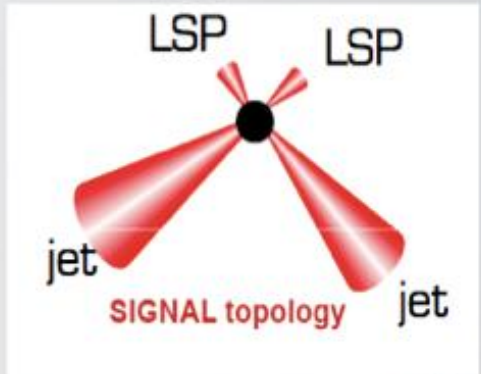
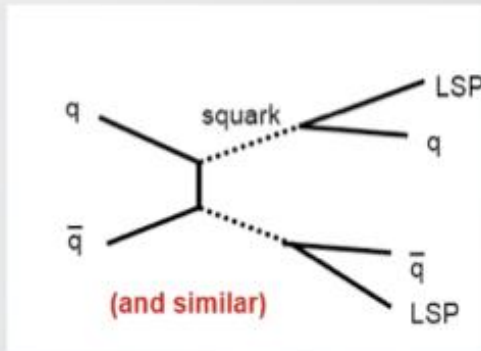
Select events with (main cuts)

- At least 2 jets with $p_T > 50$ GeV; $|\eta| < 3$
- No leptons (e, μ) present
- $HT > 275$ GeV

Dominated by background!!



Example: Jets+Missing E_T channel



Simplest topology: 2 jets + missing E_T

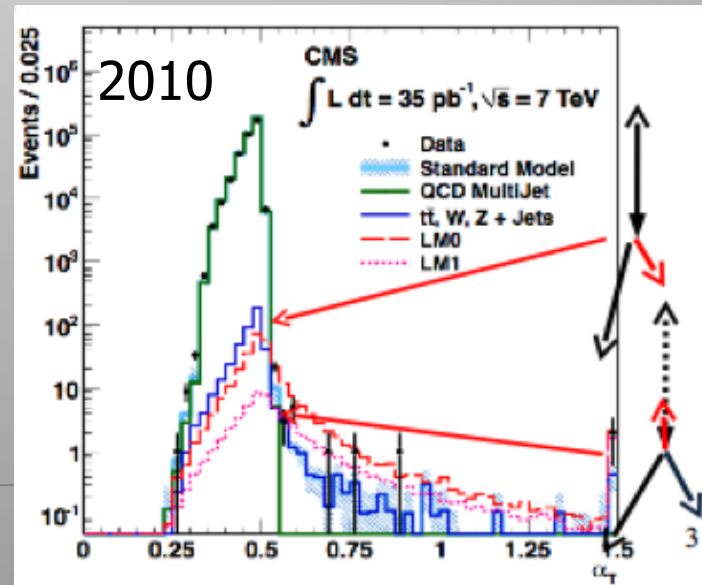
Signal topology is different from the background topology

We define a variable α_T defined as

$$\alpha_T = \frac{E_T^{\text{jet}_2}}{M_T} = \frac{E_T^{\text{jet}_2}}{\sqrt{\left(\sum_{i=1}^2 E_T^{\text{jet}_i}\right)^2 - \left(\sum_{i=1}^2 p_x^{\text{jet}_i}\right)^2 - \left(\sum_{i=1}^2 p_y^{\text{jet}_i}\right)^2}},$$

We know from MC studies that $\alpha_T < 0.5$ for QCD

We will select events with $\alpha_T > 0.55$!



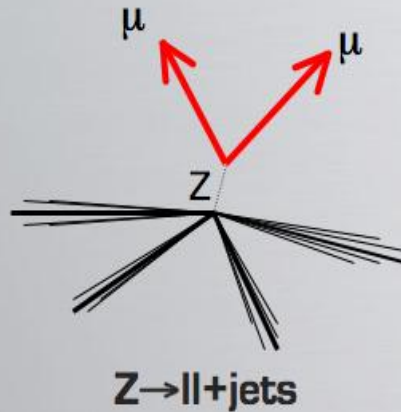
Data Driven Background Estimates

An illustrative example: $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu + \text{jets}$

Irreducible background for $\text{Jets} + E_t^{\text{mis}}$ search

Data driven strategy:

- define control samples and understand their strength and weaknesses:

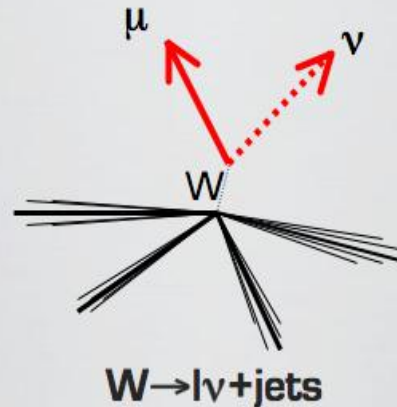


Strength:

- very clean, easy to select

Weakness:

- low statistic: factor 6 suppressed wrt. to $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$

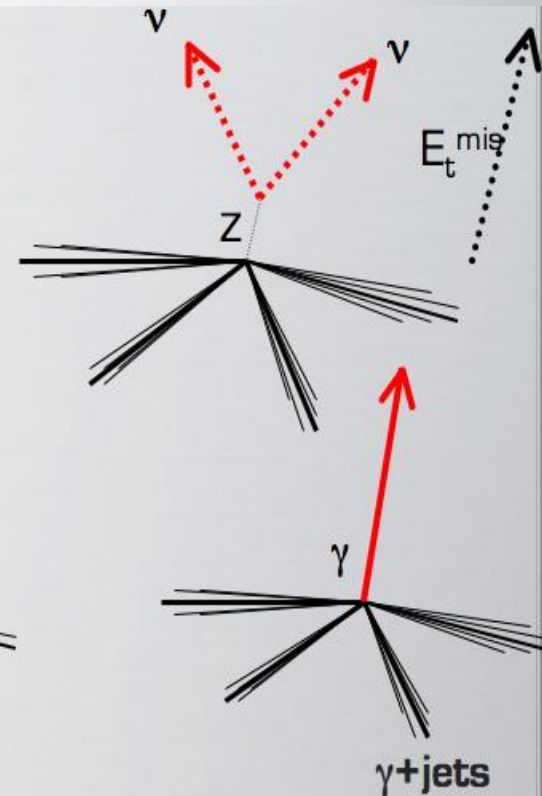


Strength:

- larger statistic

Weakness:

- not so clean, SM and signal contamination



Strength:

- large stat, clean for high E_γ

Weakness:

- not clean for $E_\gamma < 100 \text{ GeV}$,
- possible theo. issues for normalization (u. investigation)

All have been used in the data analysis

Results

H_T Bin (GeV)	275–325	325–375	375–475	475–575
W + $t\bar{t}$ background	363.7	152.2	88.9	28.8
Z $\rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}$ background	251.4	103.1	86.4	26.6
QCD background	172.4	55.1	26.9	5.0
Total Background	787.4	310.4	202.1	60.4
Data	782	321	196	62
H_T Bin (GeV)	575–675	675–775	775–875	875– ∞
W + $t\bar{t}$ background	10.6	3.1	0.6	0.6
Z $\rightarrow \nu\bar{\nu}$ background	8.7	4.3	2.5	2.2
QCD background	1.0	0.2	0.1	0.0
Total Background	20.3	7.7	3.2	2.9
Data	21	6	3	1

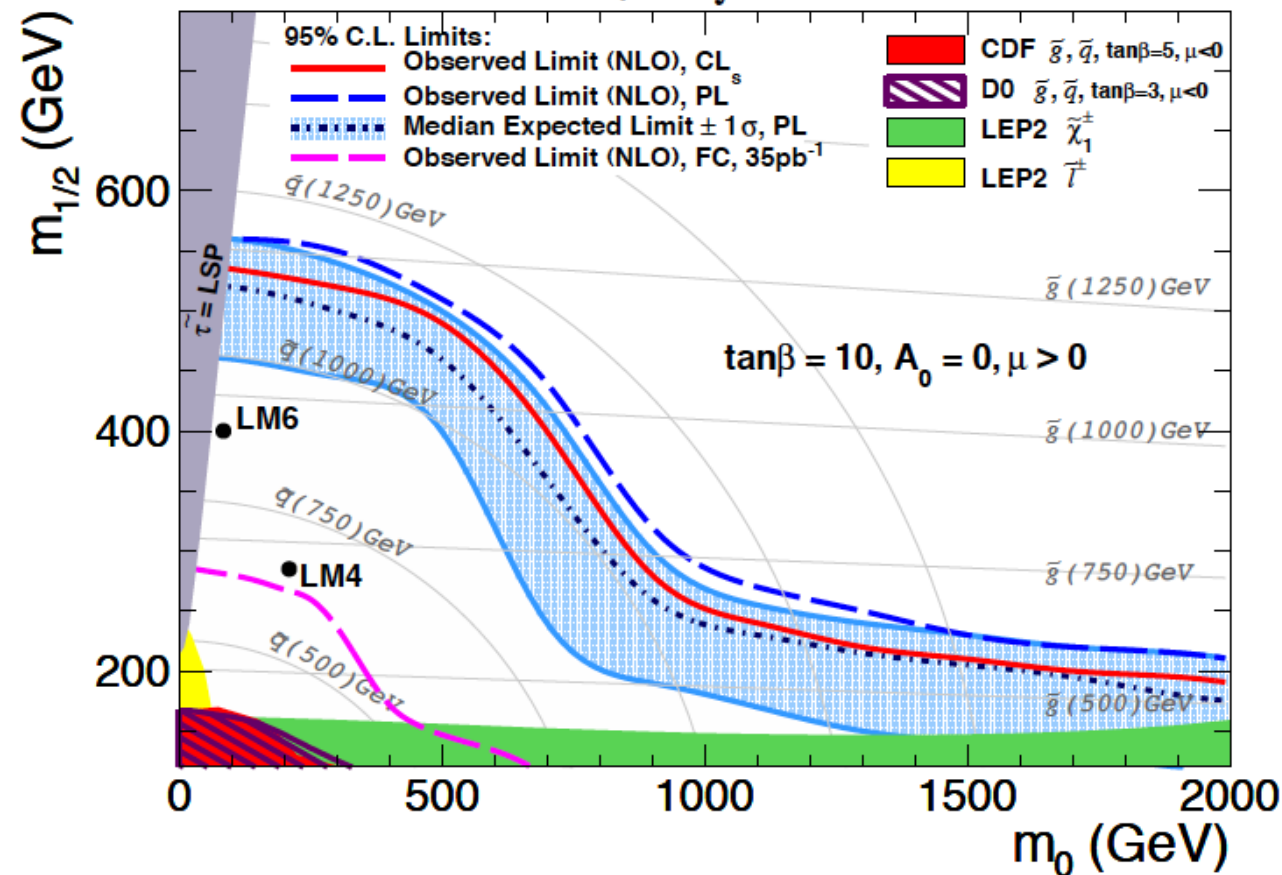
No excess seen in data compared to predicted background

SUSY Search: Jets + Missing E_T Channel

CMS-SUS-11-003

Using 1 fb^{-1}

CMS preliminary $\alpha_T \quad \int \mathcal{L} dt = 1.1 \text{ fb}^{-1} \quad \sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$



So far Constrained Minimal Supersymmetric Standard Model **CMSSM** is often used as a benchmark model for presenting the search results...

The CMSSM has 4 parameters

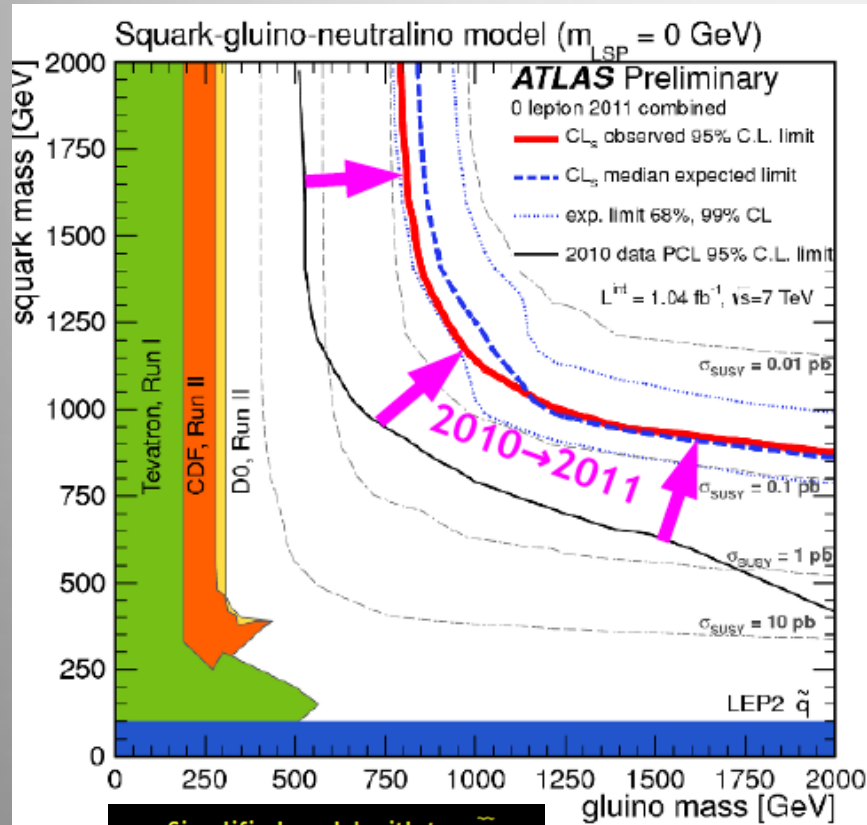
- $m_{1/2}$: universal gaugino mass at GUT scale
- m_0 : universal scalar mass at GUT scale
- $\tan\beta$: vev ratio for 2 Higgs doublets
- A_0 : trilinear coupling and the sign of Higgs mixing parameter μ

SUSY Search: Jets + Missing E_T Channel

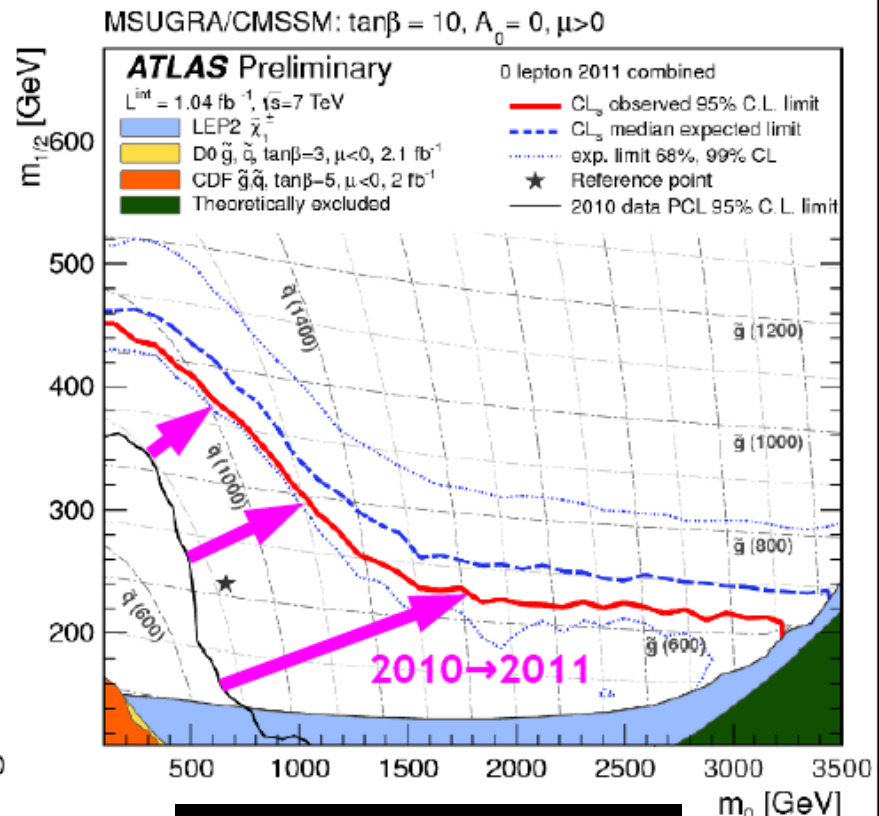
Limits in a simplified model

Using 1 fb^{-1}

Limits in CMSSM



Simplified model with two \tilde{q} generations, $m(\tilde{\chi}_1^0) \sim 0$
 $m_{\tilde{g}} > 800 \text{ GeV}$ $m_{\tilde{q}} > 850 \text{ GeV}$
 Equal mass case: $m_{\tilde{g}} = m_{\tilde{q}} > 1.075 \text{ TeV}$



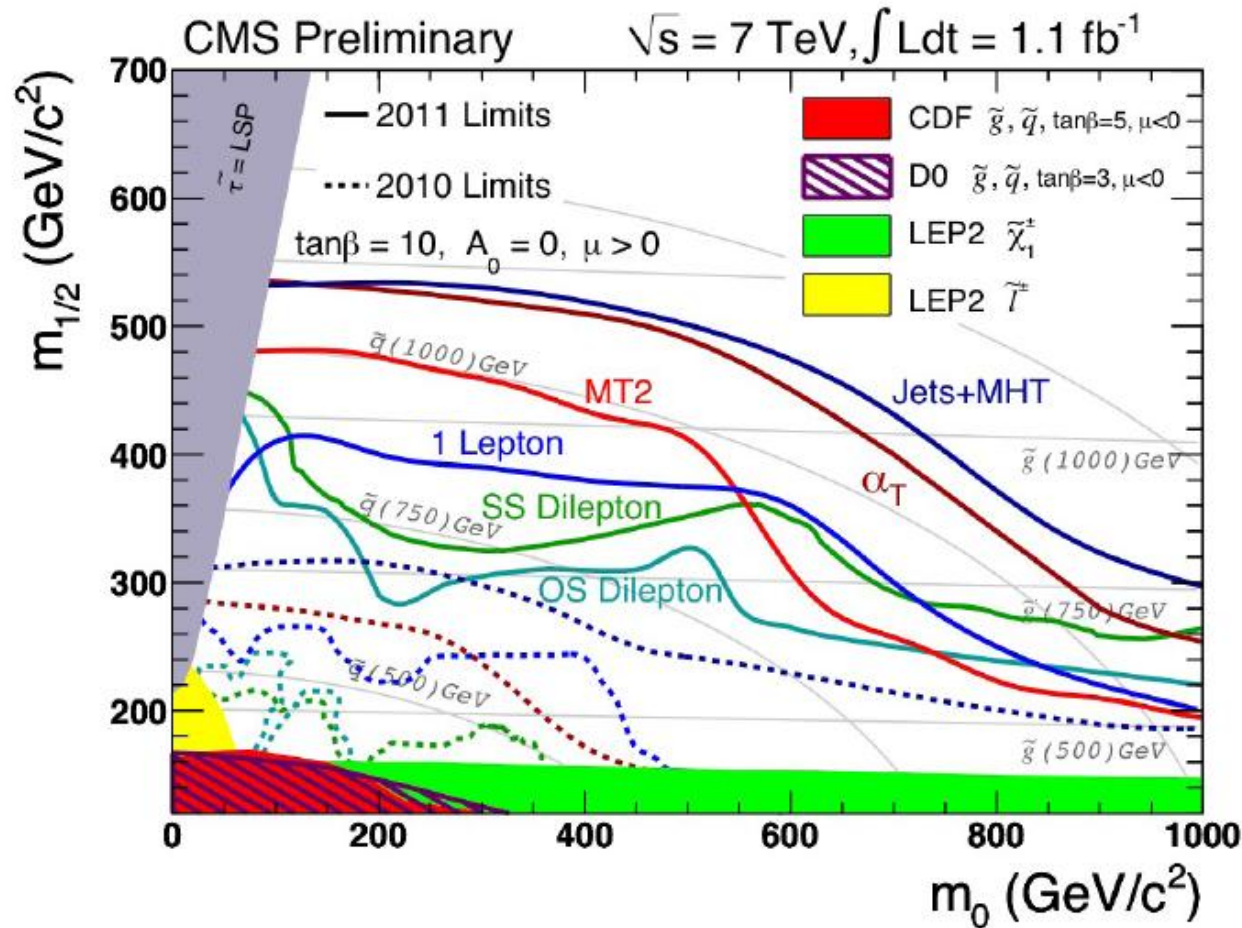
MSUGRA/CMSSM: $\tan\beta=10$, $A_0=0$, $\mu>0$
 Equal mass case: $m_{\tilde{q}} = m_{\tilde{g}} > 980 \text{ GeV}$

Up to masses of 1 TeV excluded for equal gluino-squark masses
 Extends the 2010 data limits by $\sim 250 \text{ GeV}$

SUSY Search: lepton and hadronic channels

CMS summary of channels with new data

Using 1 fb⁻¹



Results of three SUSY analyses completed on full summer 2011 data (α_T , Same Sign and Opposite Sign dileptons).

CMS-SUS-11-003

CMS-SUS-11-004

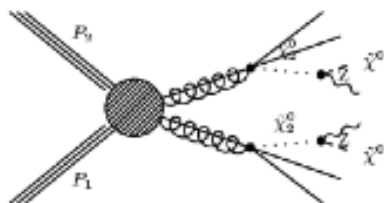
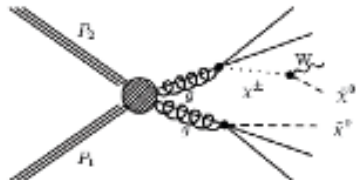
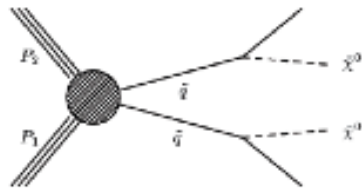
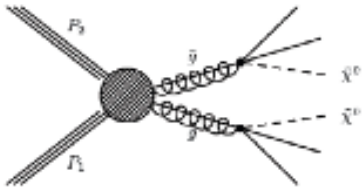
CMS-SUS-11-010

CMS-SUS-11-011

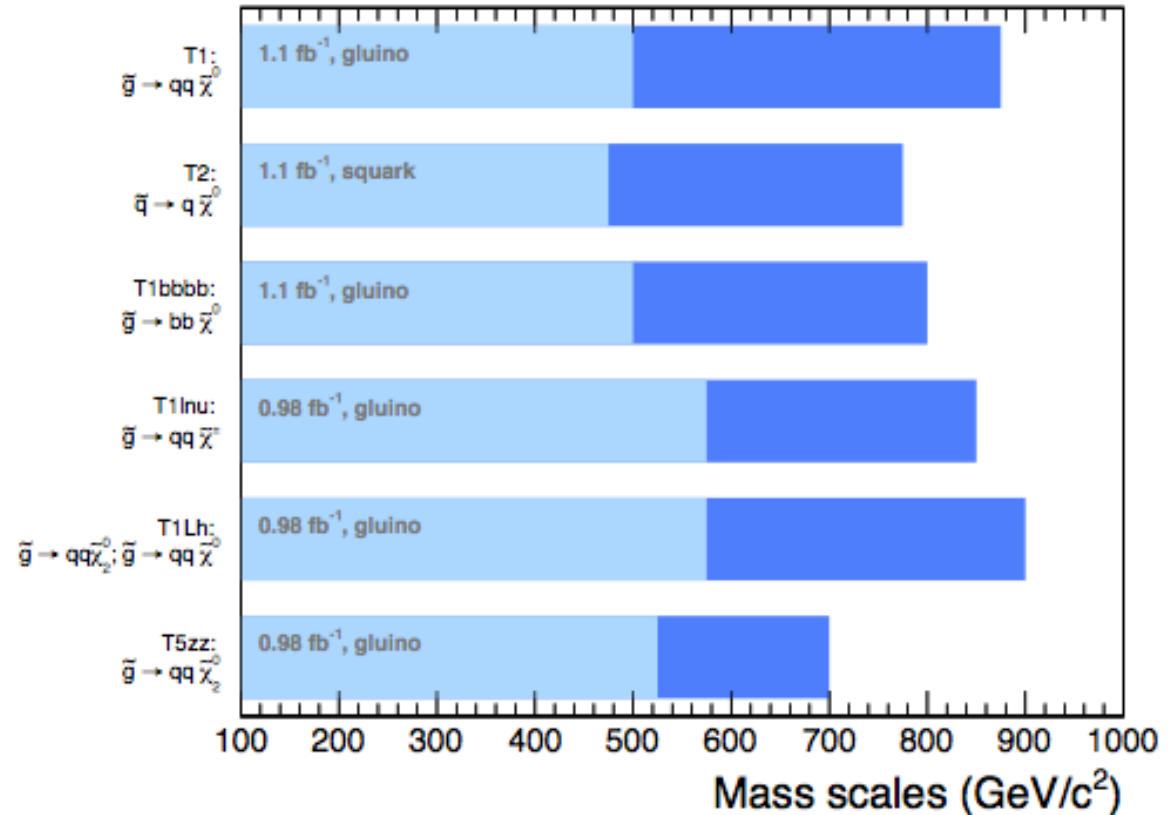
Multi-lepton analyses here @ Karlsruhe

Within the Constrained MSSM model we are crossing the border of excluding gluinos up to 1TeV and squarks up to 1.25TeV

Interpretation in Simplified Models



Ranges of exclusion limits for gluinos and squarks, varying $m(\tilde{\chi}^0)$
CMS preliminary

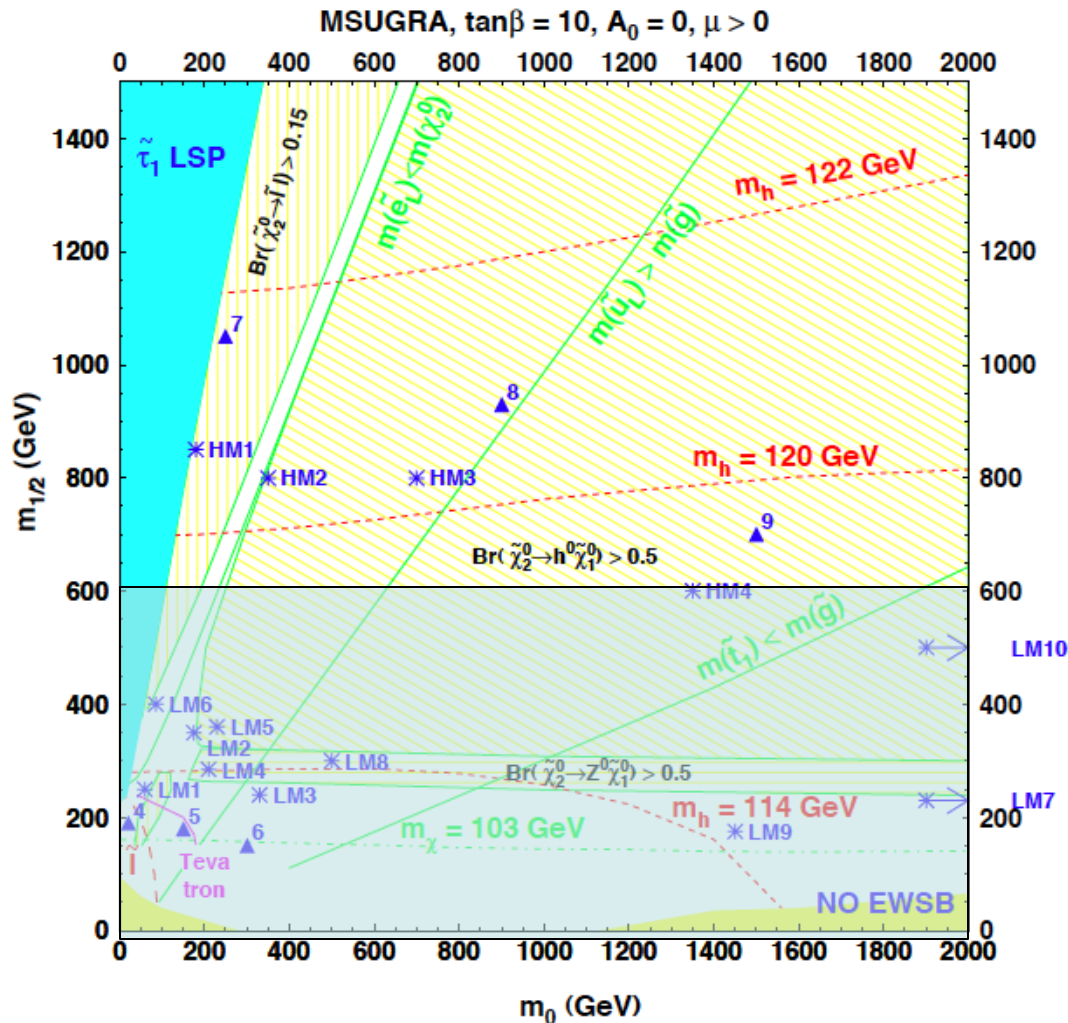


For limits on $m(\tilde{g}), m(\tilde{q}) \gg m(\tilde{g})$ (and vice versa). $\sigma^{prod} = \sigma^{NLO-QCD}$.

$$m(\tilde{\chi}^\pm), m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0) = \frac{m(\tilde{g}) + m(\tilde{\chi}^0)}{2}.$$

$m(\tilde{\chi}^0)$ is varied from 0 GeV/c² (dark blue) to $m(\tilde{g})-200$ GeV/c² (light blue).

Previous Benchmark Points

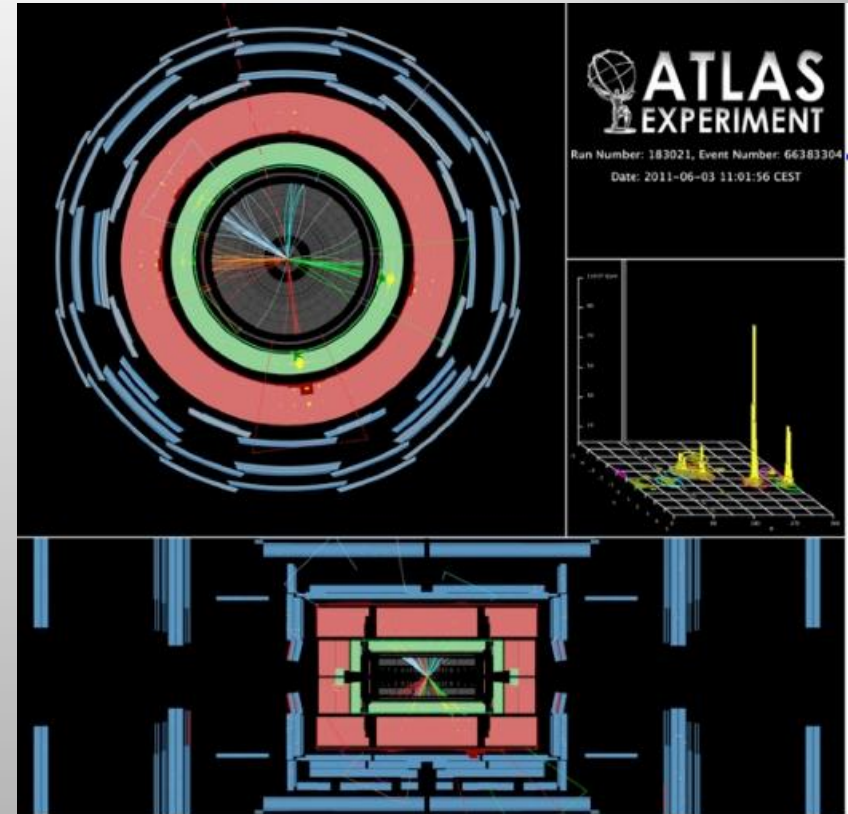
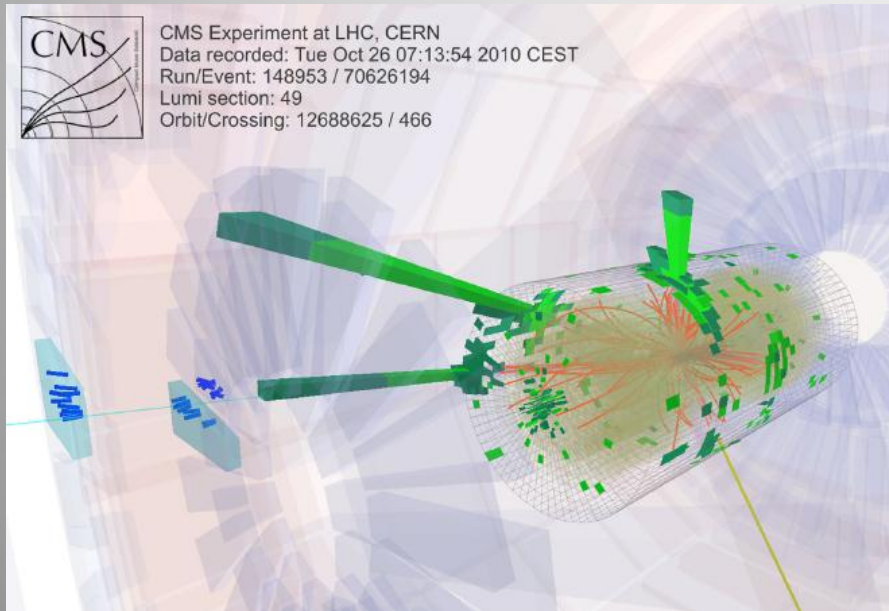


Example CMS

For our 2006 studies
we chose 13 benchmark
points (LMx, HMx...)

9 of these points are
already washed away
by the "tsunami" of data
this year

...Some Interesting Events...

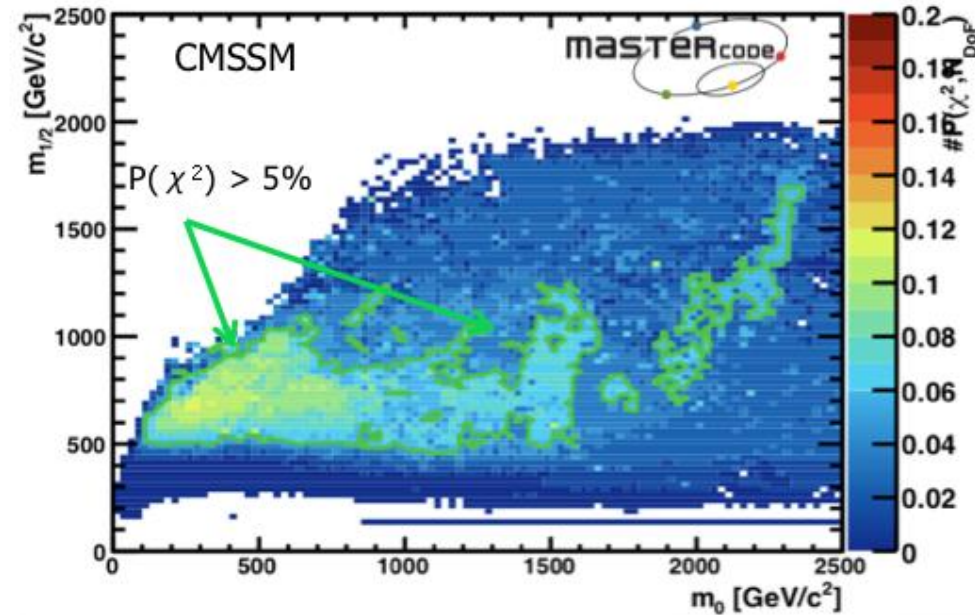
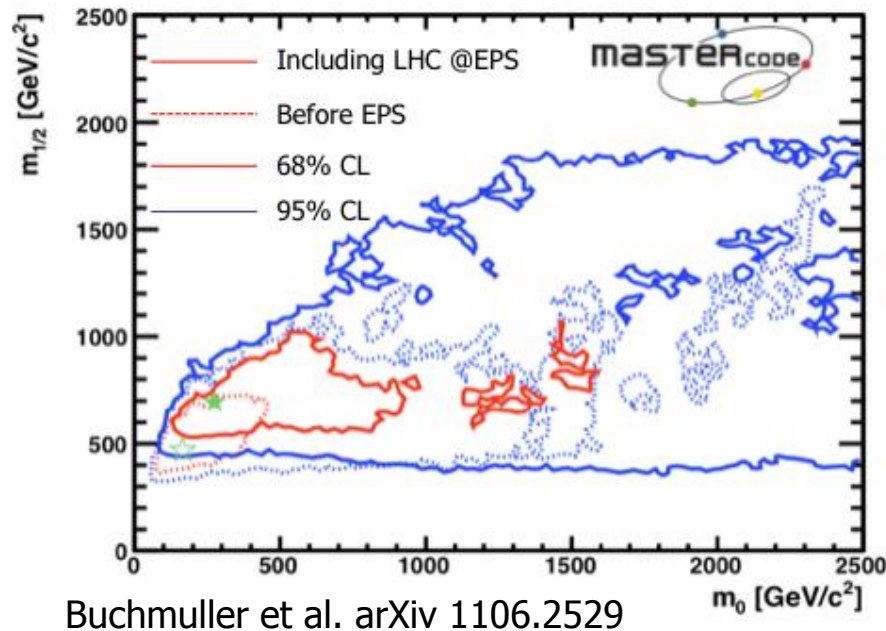


- Events with five jets and large missing transverse energy
- CMS: Total sum of transverse momentum $H_T = 1132 \text{ GeV}$ and missing transverse energy $H_{T\text{Miss}} = 693 \text{ GeV}$

Impact of LHC EPS Results on SUSY

Simultaneous fit of CMSSM parameters m_0 , $m_{1/2}$, A_0 , $\tan\beta$ ($\mu > 0$) to more than 30 collider and cosmology data (e.g. M_W , M_{top} , $g-2$, $BR(B \rightarrow X\gamma)$, relic density)

"Predict" on the basis of present data what the preferred region for SUSY is (in constrained MSSM SUSY)



χ^2 probability: $P(\chi^2)$ for CMSSM

Before EPS: 16%

Including EPS results: <10%

LHC direct searches significantly constrain allowed CMSSM parameter space!

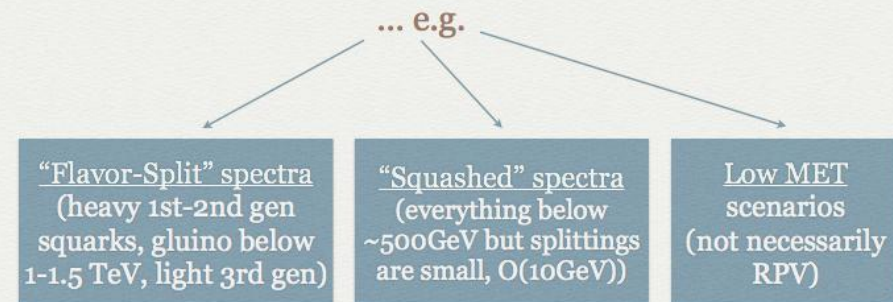
What is Next?

- Think beyond the simplest or most constrained models and optimize searches
 - pMSSM
 - NMSSM
 - Degenerate mass spectra
 - Light 3rd generation
 - Split SUSY
 - RPV SUSY
 - ...
- How much of the “theory space” do we really cover?
May have to revise our searches for other scenarios
- More ideas at the LPCC Workshop@CERN (August)

A lot!!

Missing something?

- Important to **push limits up**, but with more statistics more important to systematically **close windows** for light sparticles with suppressed xsec...



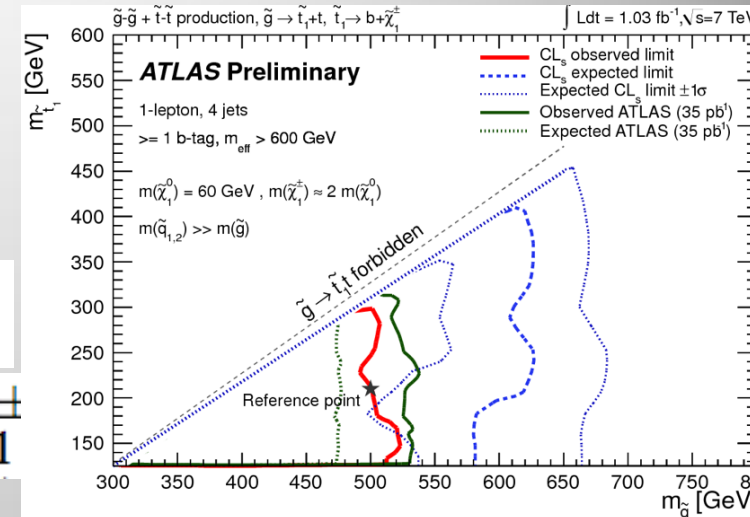
Searches for the Third Generation

- Extend the searches using also to leptons and jets coming from **b-quarks**
- Sensitive to different part of the SUSY phase space

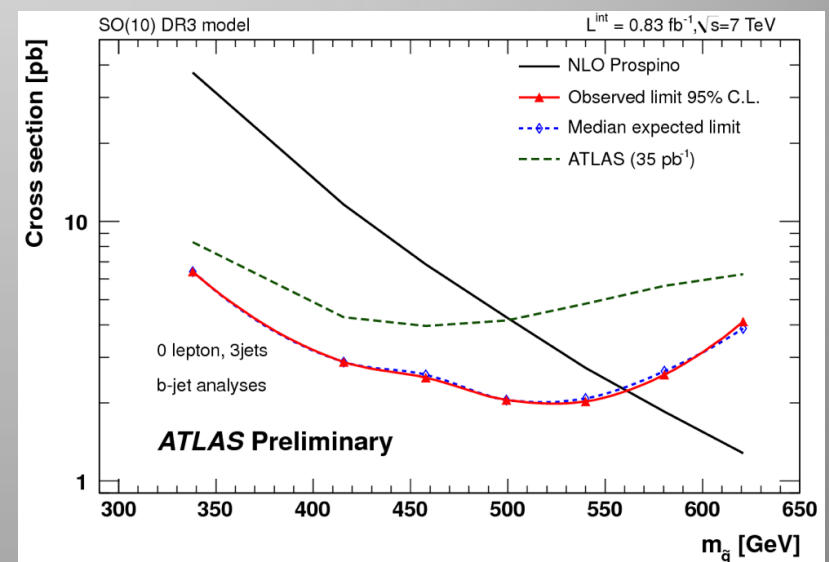
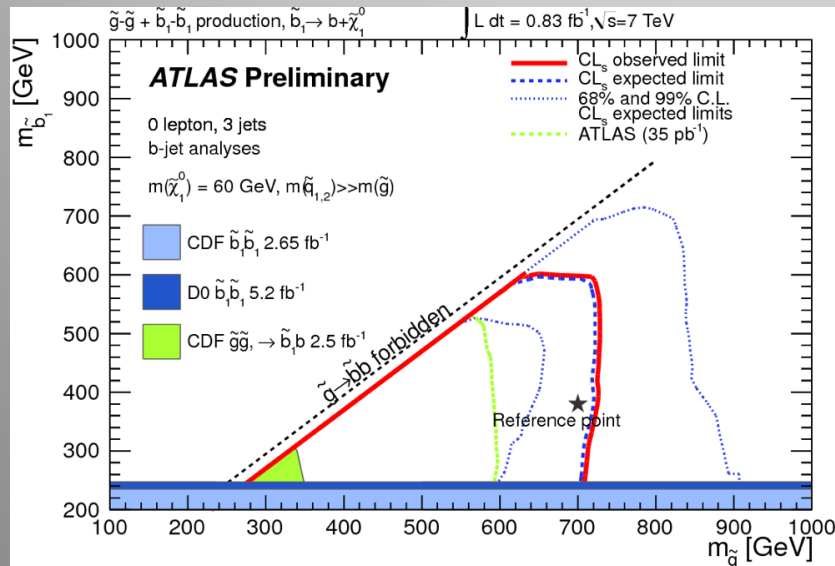
$$\begin{aligned} &\tilde{g}\tilde{g}(\text{production}) \\ &\tilde{g} \rightarrow b\tilde{b}_1 \\ &\tilde{b}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\tilde{g} \rightarrow \tilde{t}_1 t \\ &\tilde{t}_1 \rightarrow b\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm \end{aligned}$$

ATLAS-CONF-2011-130



ATLAS-CONF-2011-98

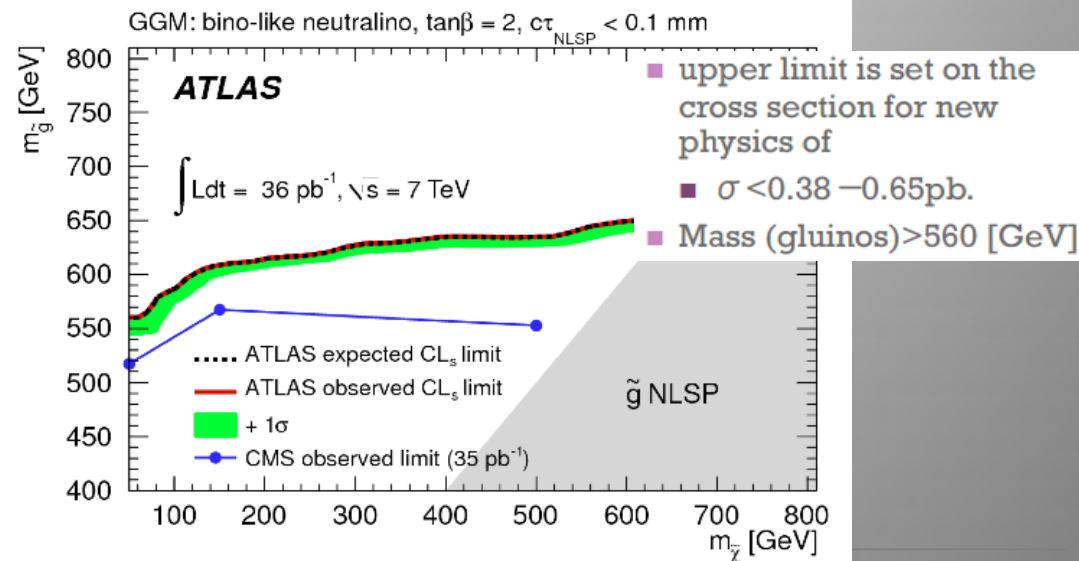
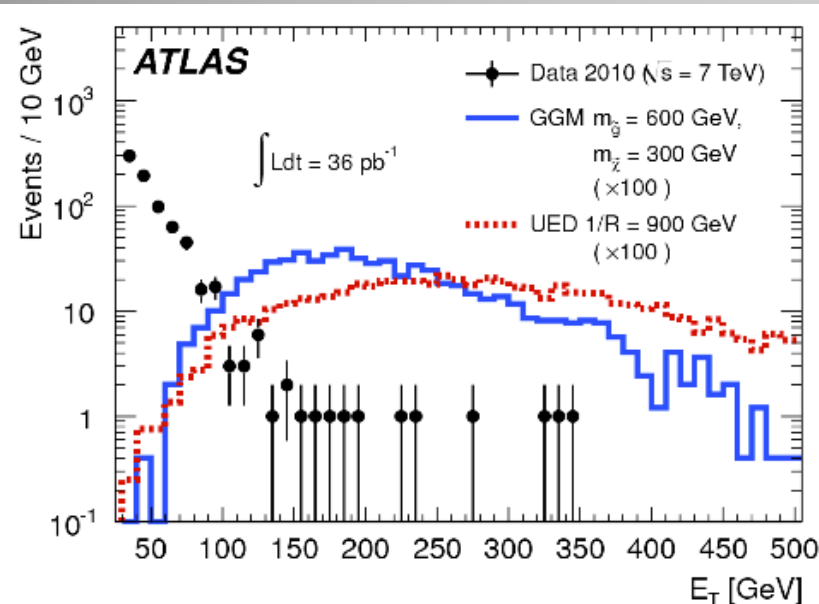
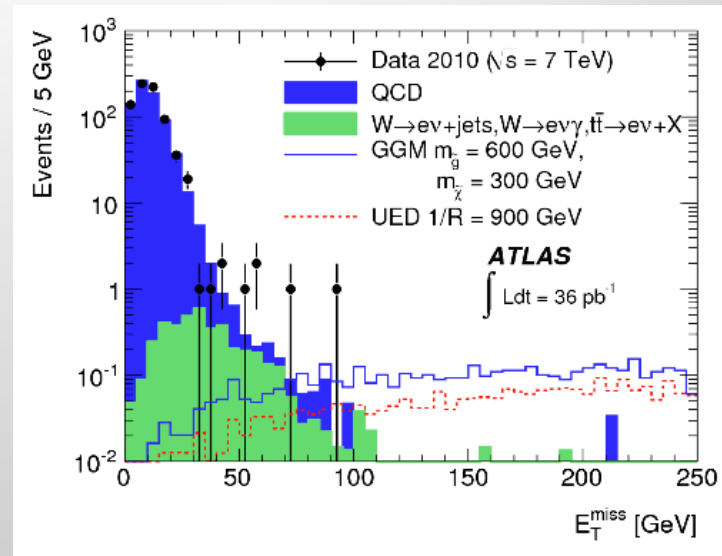


Gluinos have to be heavier than ~ 550 GeV from this search

Search for Gauge Mediated SUSY

$$\tilde{\chi}_1^0 \rightarrow \tilde{G}\gamma$$

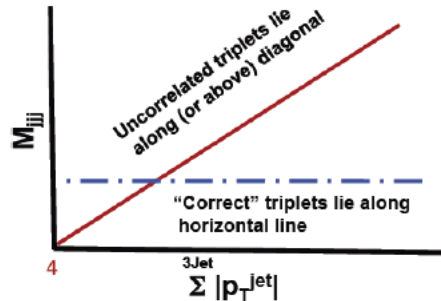
- 2 photons ($p_T > 30, 20 \text{ GeV}$)
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 125 \text{ GeV}$
- $N_{\text{signal}} = 0$
- $N_{\text{background}} = 0.10 \pm 0.04(\text{stat}) \pm 0.05(\text{syst})$



RP Violating SUSY Searches



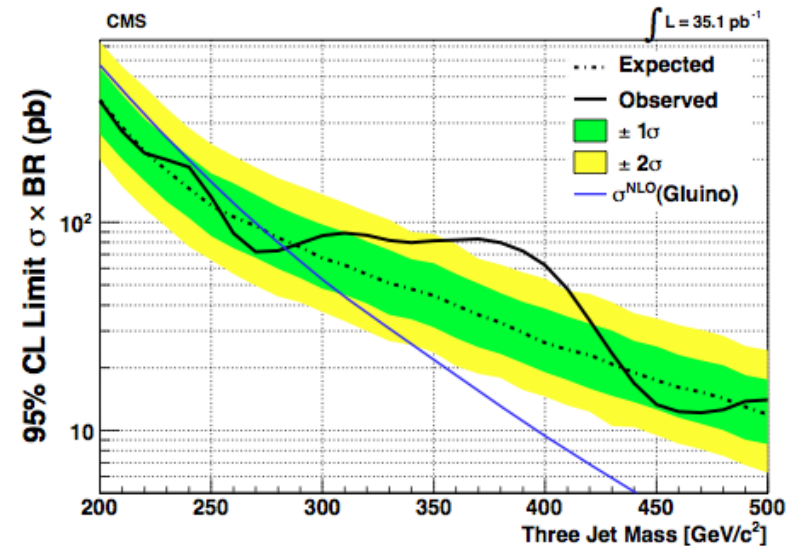
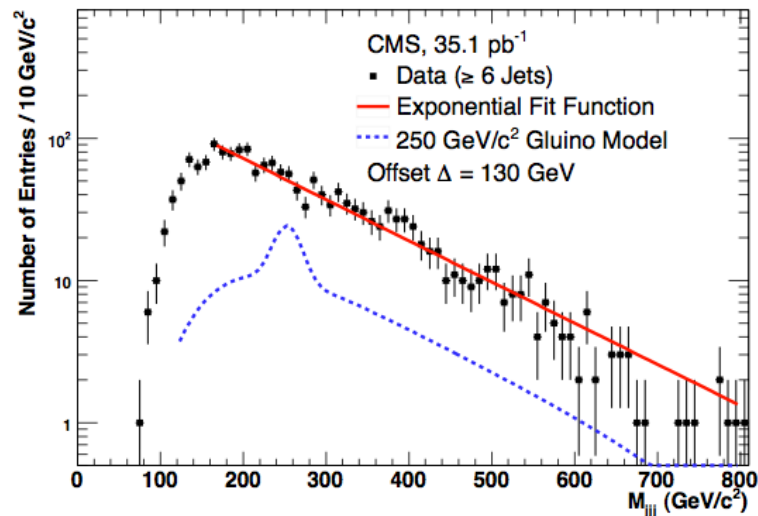
Sparticle decays into 3 jets



- Use a diagonal cut to remove combinatorial background as well as QCD background:

$$m_{jjj} < \sum |p_T(\text{triplet})| - \alpha \text{ (Offset)}$$

arXiv:1107.3084



No signal for gluino masses up to 280 GeV

High mass excursion is less than 2σ taking into account look elsewhere effect

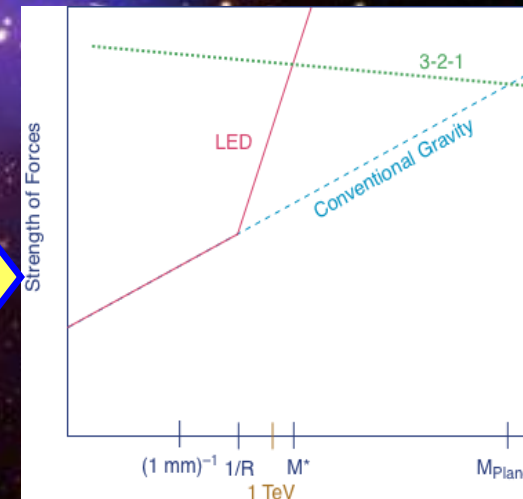
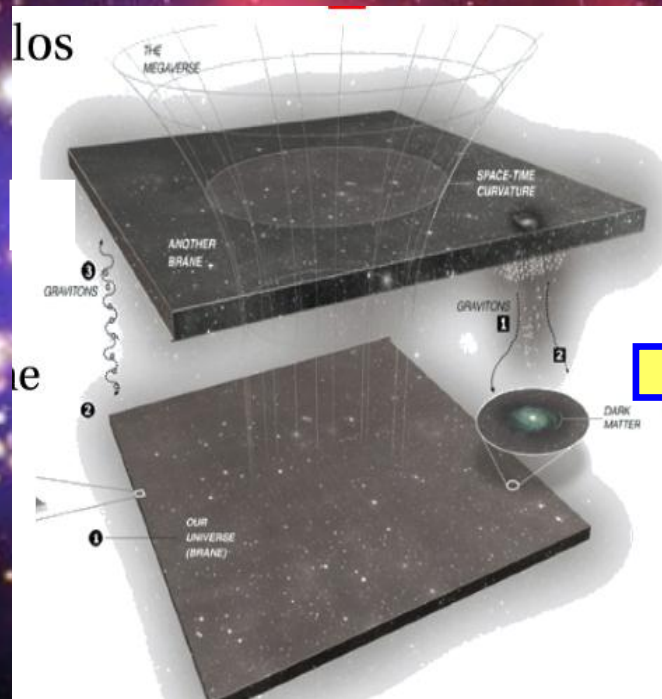
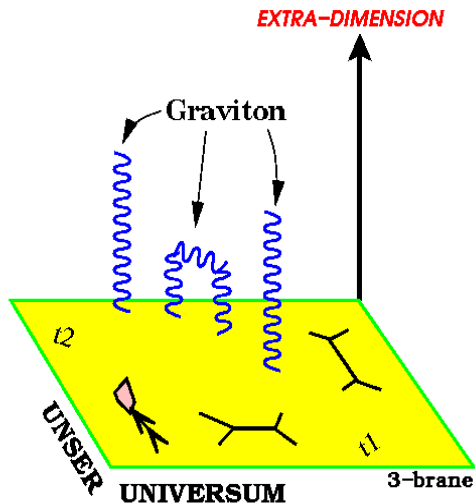
Extra Space Dimensions

Problem:

$$m_{EW} = \frac{1}{(G_F \cdot \sqrt{2})^{\frac{1}{2}}} = 246 \text{ GeV}$$



$$M_{Pl} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{G_N}} = 1.2 \cdot 10^{19} \text{ GeV}$$



Gravity becomes strong!

Models with Extra Dimensions

Large Extra Dimensions Planck scale (M_D) \sim TeV

Size: \gg TeV^{-1} ; SM-particles on brane; gravity in bulk
KK-towers (small spacing); KK-exchange; graviton prod.

Signature: e.g. x-section deviations; $\text{jet} + E_{T,\text{miss}}$

ADD

Arkani-Hamed Dimopoulos Dvali

Warped Extra Dimensions

RS

Randall Sundrum

5-dimensional spacetime with warped geometry
Graviton KK-modes (large spacing); graviton resonances

Signature: e.g. resonance in ee , $\mu\mu$, $\gamma\gamma$ -mass distributions ...

TeV-Scale Extra Dimensions look-like SUSY

SM particles allowed to propagate in ED of size TeV^{-1}

[scenarios: gauge fields only (nUED) or all SM particles (UED)]

Antoniadis

UED

nUED : KK excitations of gauge bosons

Universal Extra Dimensions

UED : KK number conservation; KK states pair produced (at tree-level) ...

Signature: e.g. Z'/W' resonances, $\text{dijets} + E_{T,\text{miss}}$, heavy stable quarks/gluons...

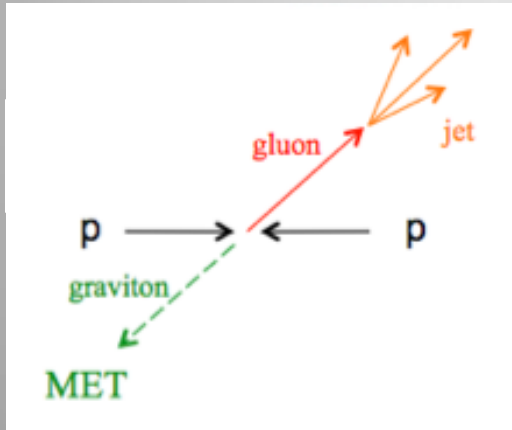


Search for Extra Dimensions

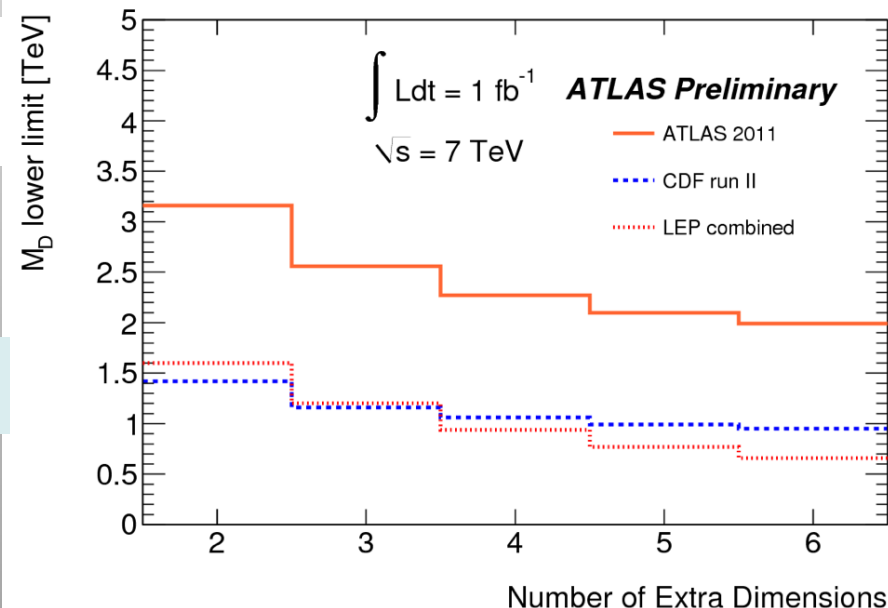
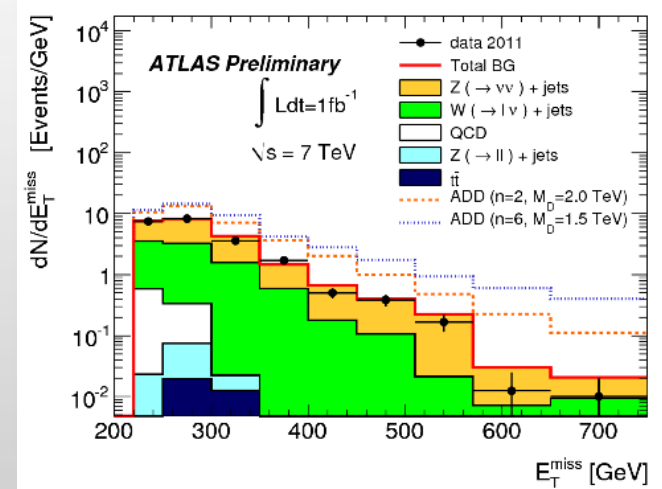
Mono-jet final state + Missing E_T (ADD)

ATLAS-CONF-2011-95

$p_T \text{ jet} > 250 \text{ GeV}$
 $\text{MET} > 220 \text{ GeV}$

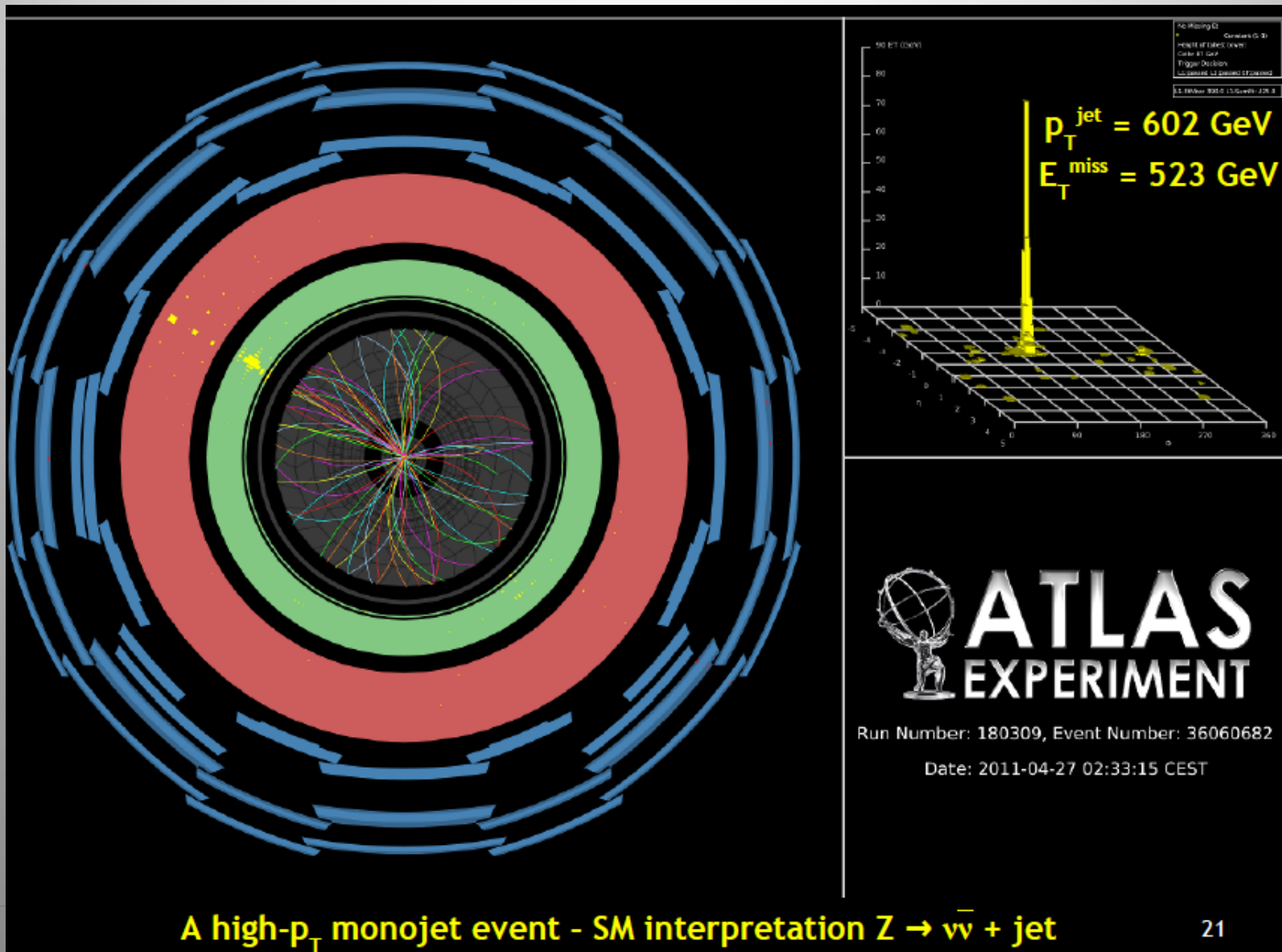


Lower Limit on the Planck Scale
 versus number of extra dimensions



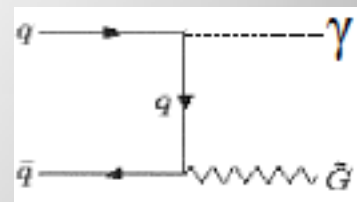
Limits on M_D between 2 and 3 TeV

A High p_T Mono-jet event



Search for Extra Dimensions

Mono-photon final state + Missing E_T (ADD)



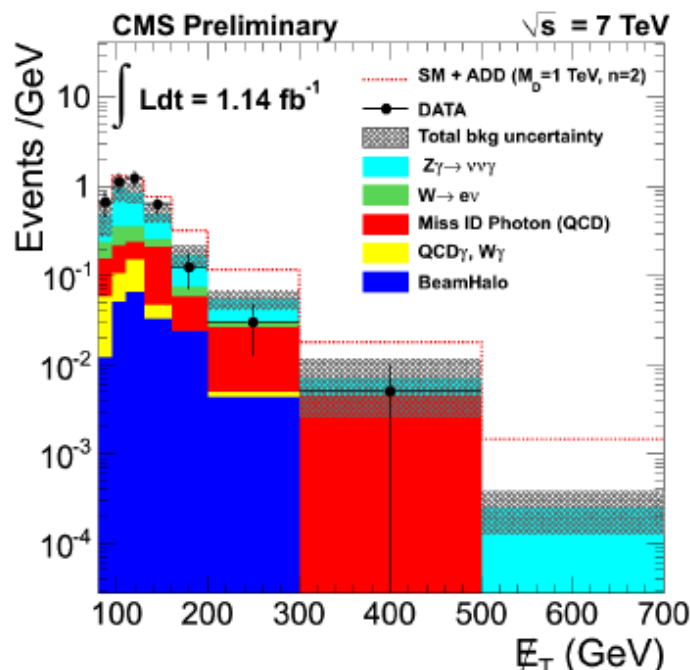
- Large Extra-D (ADD):
→ Graviton escape detector

- Similarly to monojet:

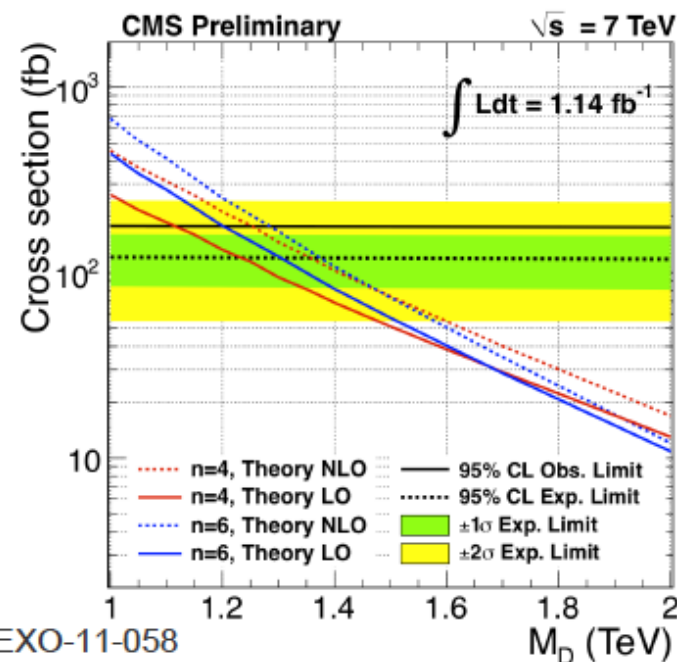
Look for a photon and ~ nothing else

For $n = 2-6$:

$M_D > 1.25 - 1.31 \text{ TeV}$



NEW!



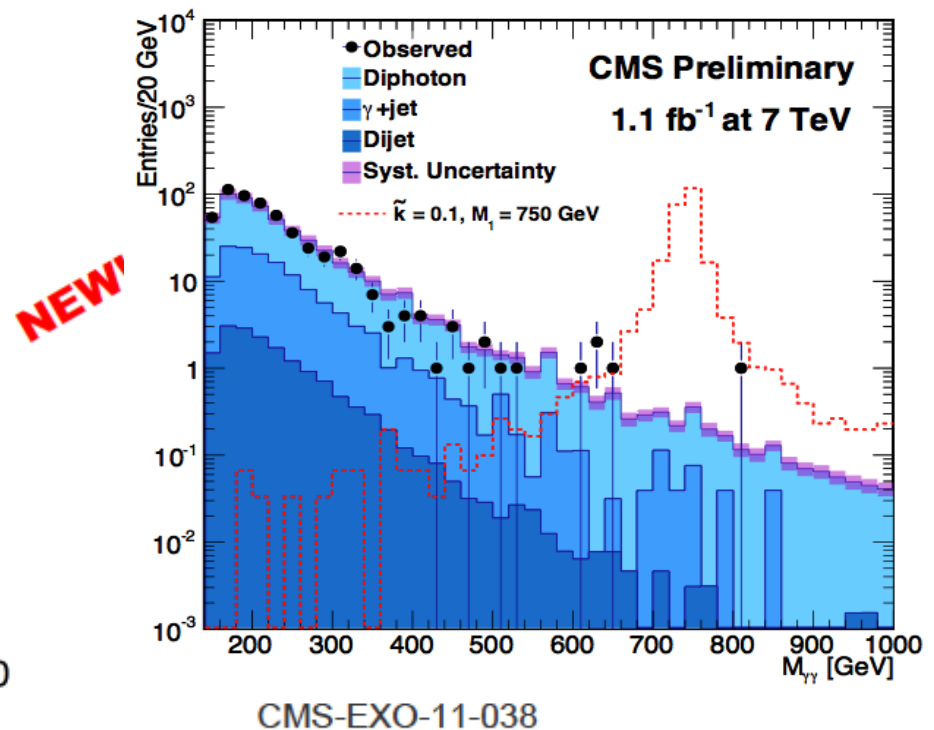
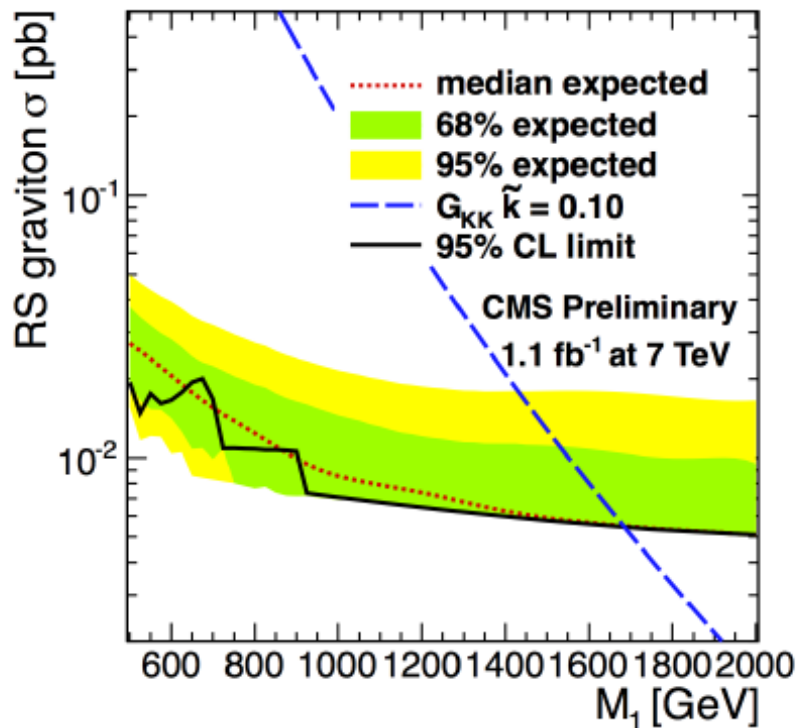
CMS-EXO-11-058

Search for Extra Dimensions

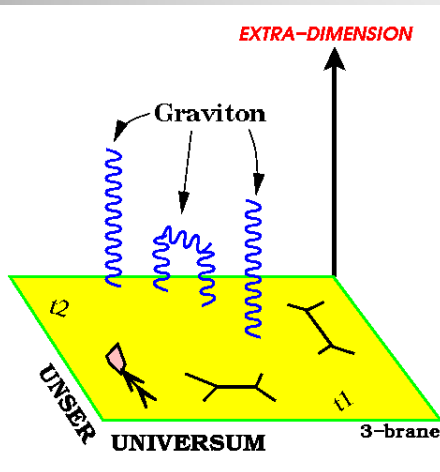
Two Photons Resonances (RS)

- Randall-Sundrum KK graviton excitation

RS graviton ($k/\text{MPI} = 0.1$):
 $m(G) > 1.7 \text{ TeV}$ at 95% C.L.

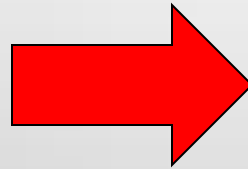


Search for Micro Black Holes

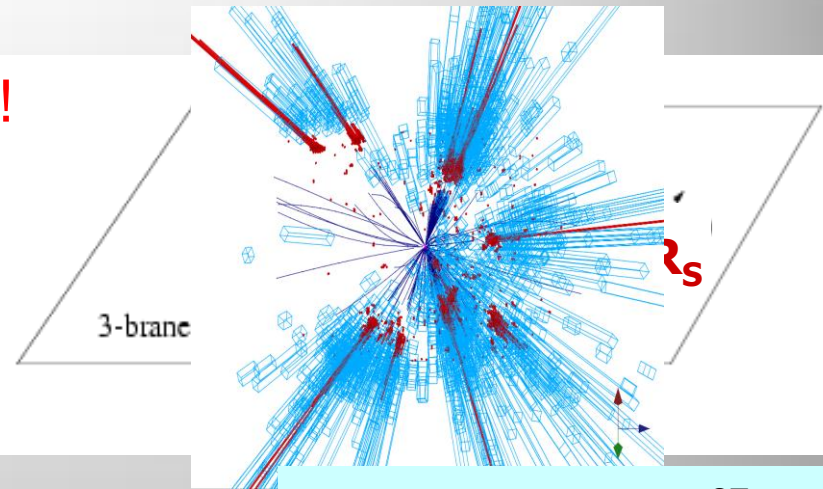


CMS-EXO-11-071

Extra Dimensions!



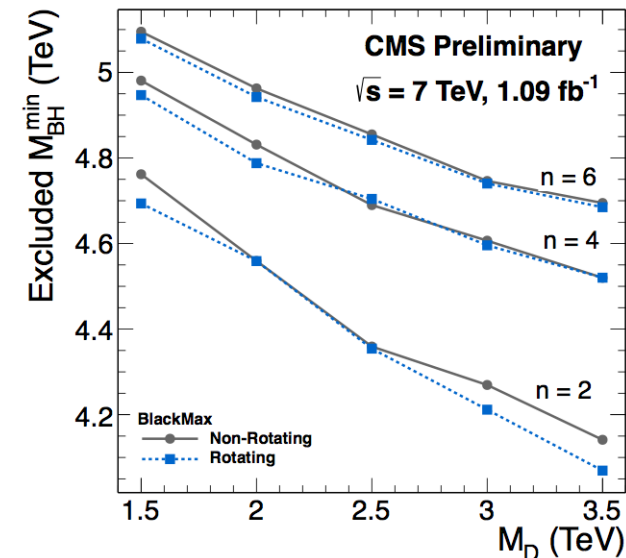
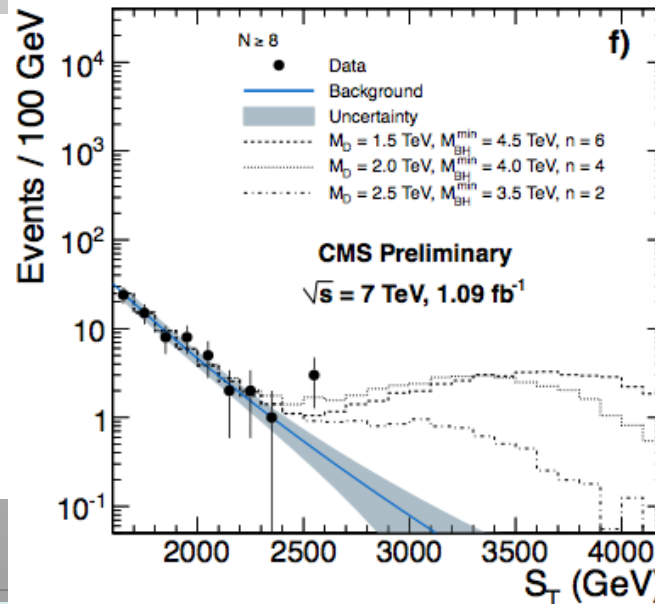
Planck scale
a few TeV?



Evaporates in 10^{-27} sec

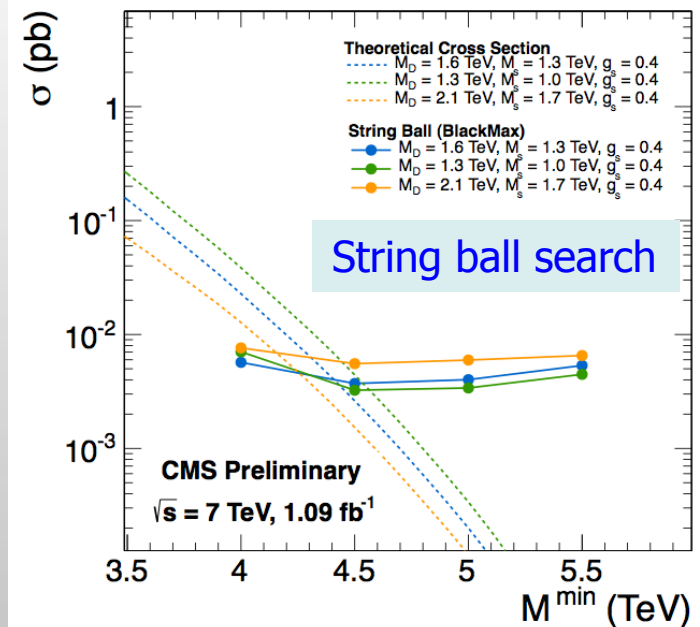
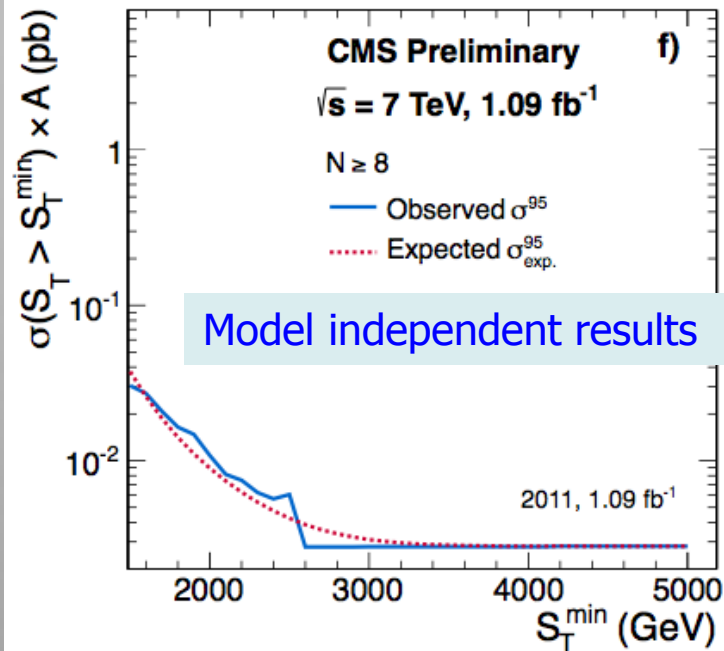
Look for the decay products
of an evaporating black hole

- Define S_T to be the scalar sum of all high p_T objects found in the event
- Look for deviations at high S_T

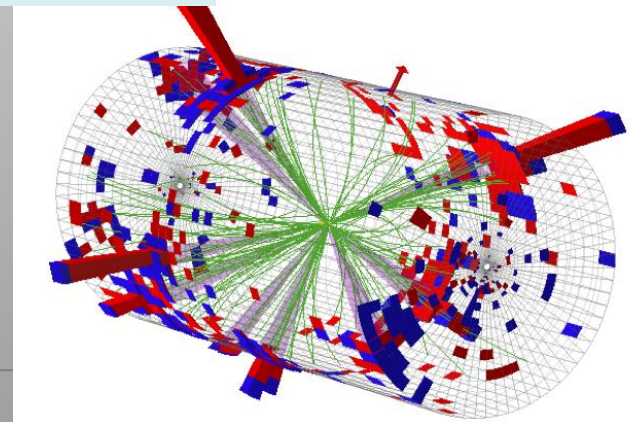
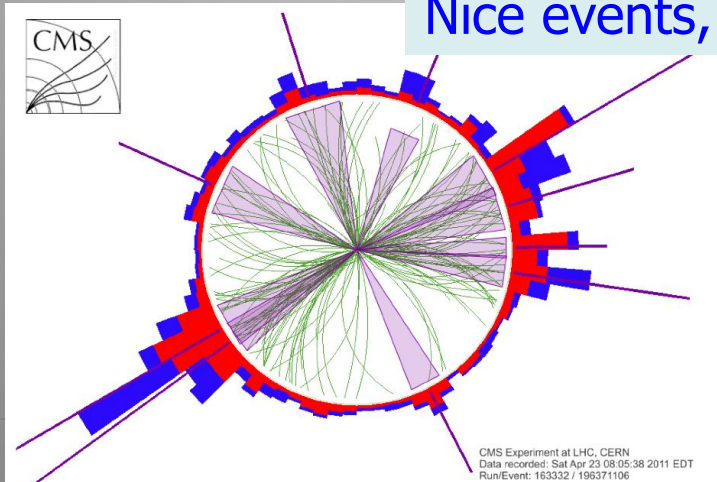


Black hole masses excluded in range ~5 TeV depending on assumptions

Search for Micro Black Holes



Nice events, eg this 10 jet event

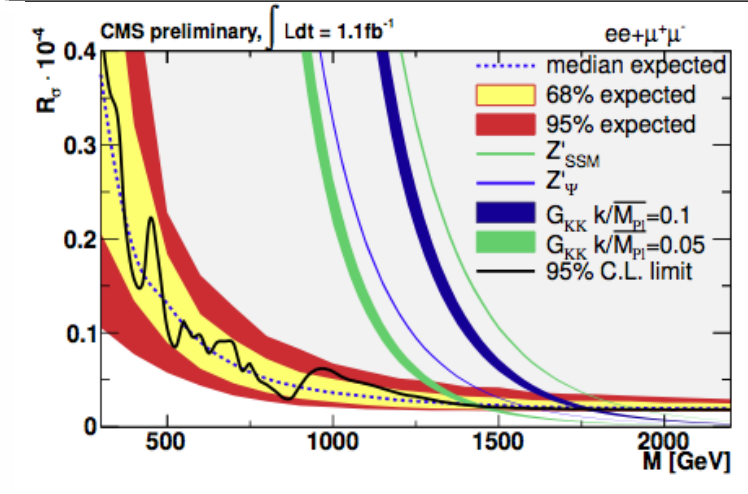
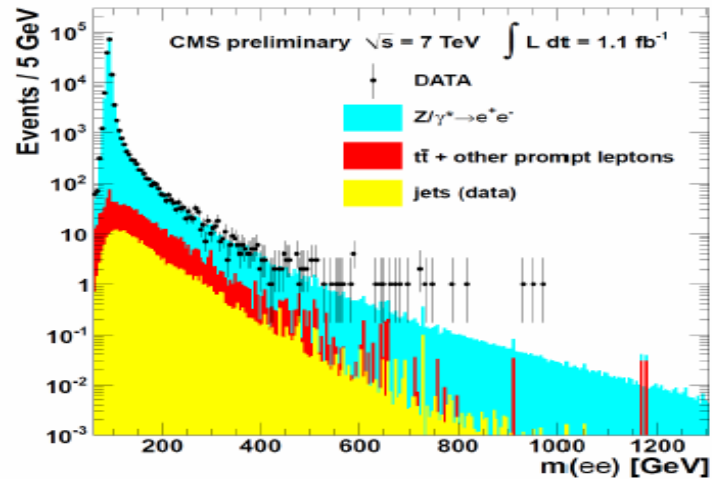
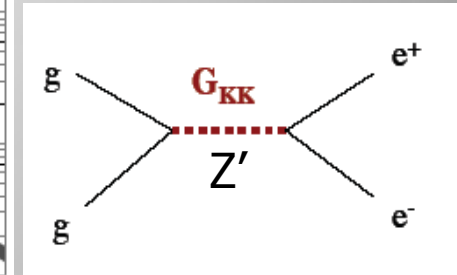
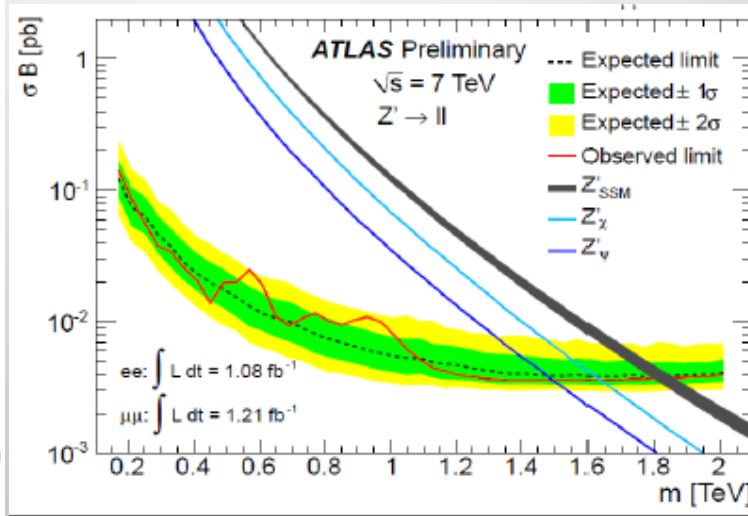
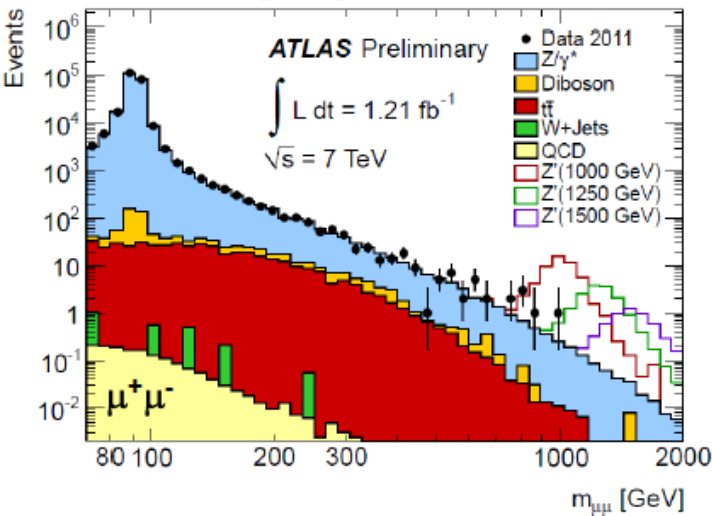


Other Searches

- New Gauge bosons
- Colored resonances
- Objects decaying into top quarks
- Strong EW symmetry breaking eg topcolor
- 4th Generation of quarks and leptons
- Substructure /contact interactions
- Technicolor
- Long lived particles
- Dark/Hidden Sector particles
- ...and more...

Search for G_{KK} or Z' Gauge Bosons

Study of the channels $Z' \rightarrow \mu\mu, ee$



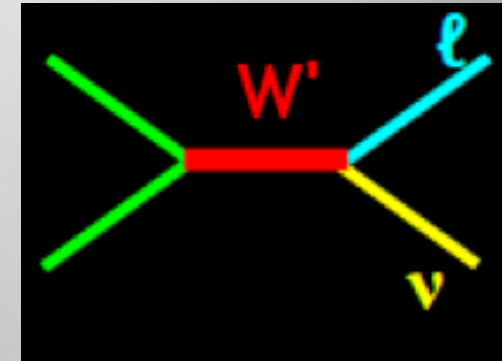
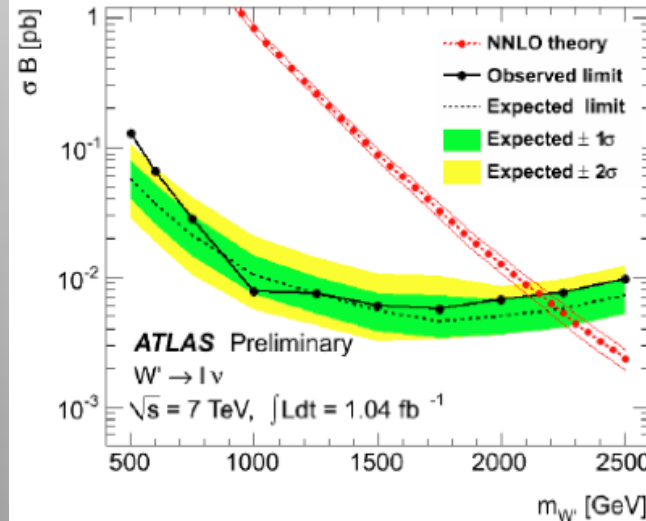
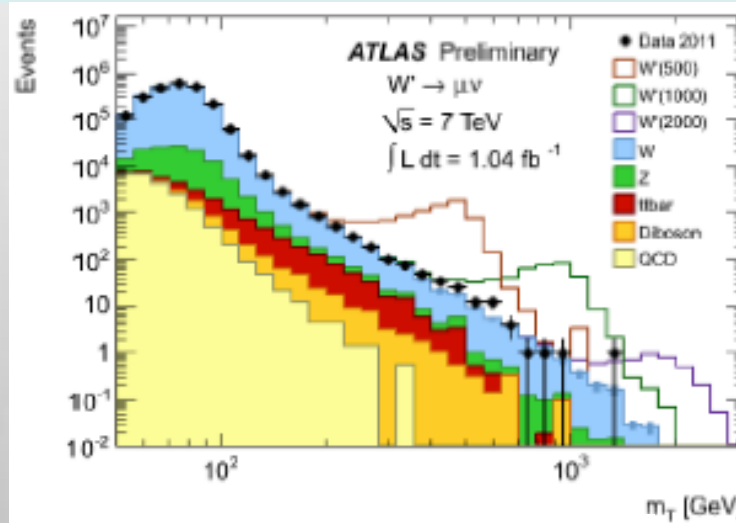
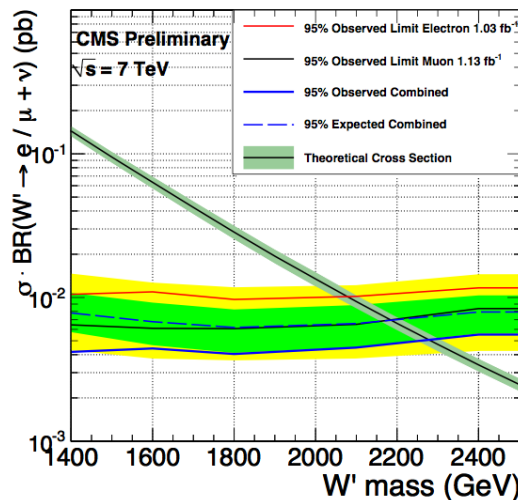
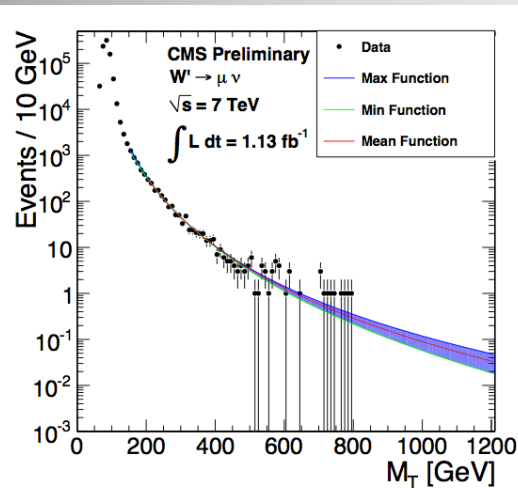
CMS-EXO-11-019

$G^* (k/m_{\pi} = 0.1)$

Exclude (SSM) Z' up to 1.94 TeV and G_{KK} up to 1.7 TeV or @ 95% CL

Search for W' Gauge Bosons

Study of the channels $W' \rightarrow \mu\nu, e\nu$



$$M_T = \sqrt{2p_T^l E_T^{\text{miss}} (1 - \cos \Delta\phi_{l, E_T^{\text{miss}}})}$$

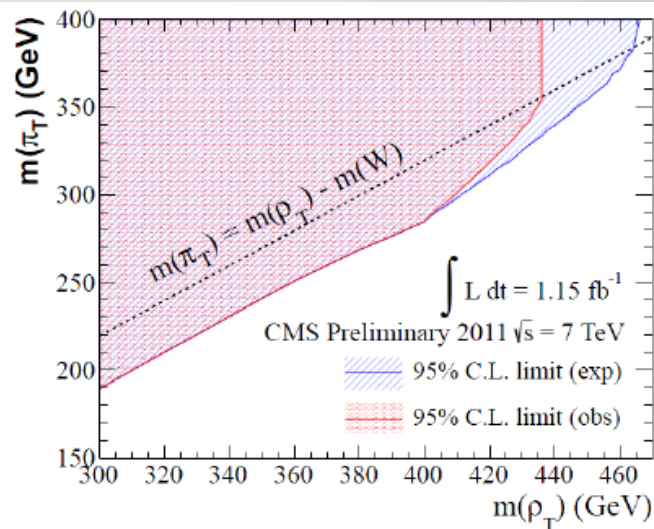
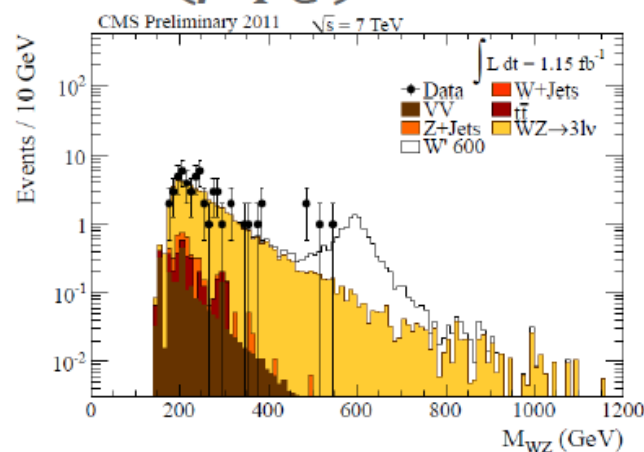
CMS-EXO-11-024

Exclude new W' bosons up to $\sim 2.27 \text{ TeV}$ @ 95% CL

Searching for Technicolor

$$W'(\rho_{TC}) \rightarrow WZ \rightarrow 3\ell\nu \quad (\ell = e, \mu)$$

Technicolor \sim QCD (color force); Higgs is composite



$W'_{SSM}: 784 \text{ GeV}$

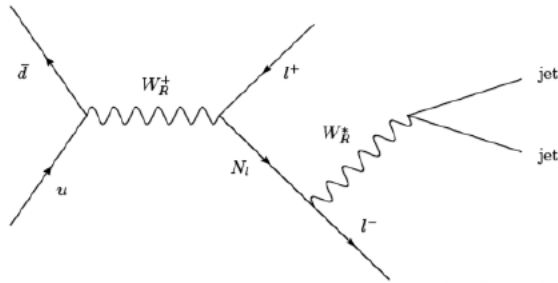
$\rho_{TC}: 382 \text{ GeV} \quad (M_{\pi_{TC}} = \frac{3}{4} M_{\rho_{TC}} - 25 \text{ GeV})$ **EXO-11-041**

$\rho_{TC}: 436 \text{ GeV} \quad (M_{\rho_{TC}} < M_{\pi_{TC}} + M_W)$

First search after TeVatron; Exclusion limits on SSM (784 GeV) and techni-color models (382-436 GeV)

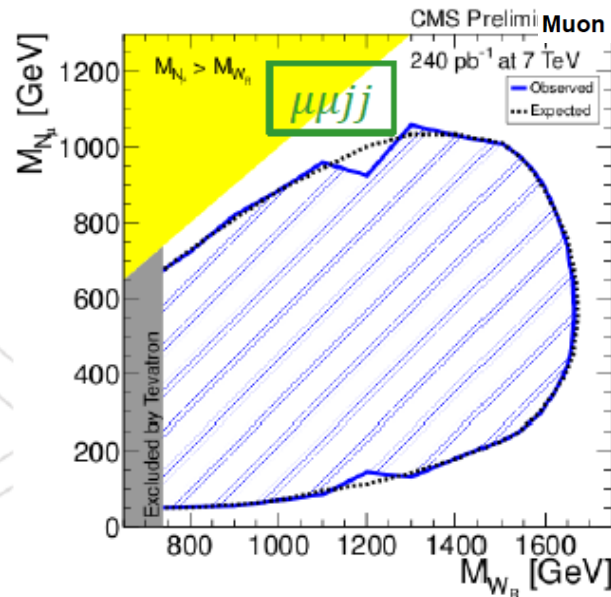
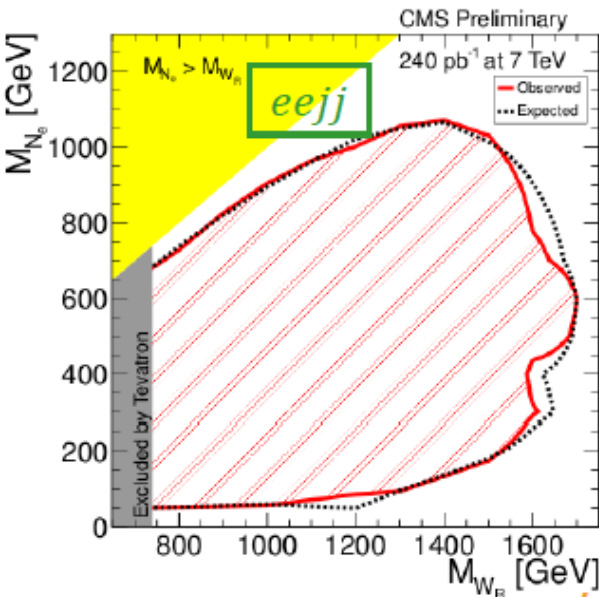
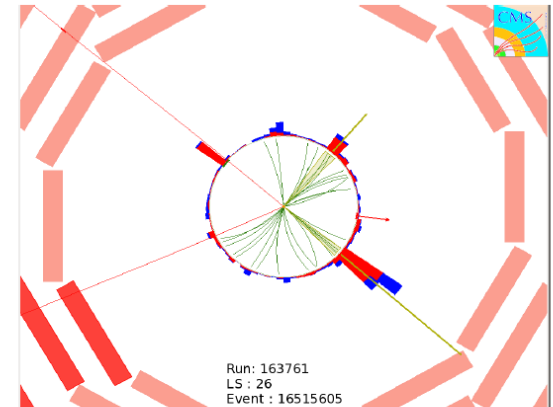
Heavy Neutrinos in W_R Decays

Left-right symmetric extension of the Standard Model



CMS-EXO-11-002

Select events with
2 leptons and 2 jets



Muon channel: Event with $M_{\mu\mu} = 331$ GeV, $M_{\mu\mu jj} = 881$ GeV

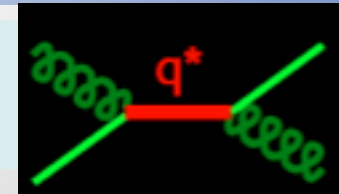
Large exclusion range
in mass of the W_R and
heavy neutrino

Tevatron excludes
 $W_R \sim 780$ GeV

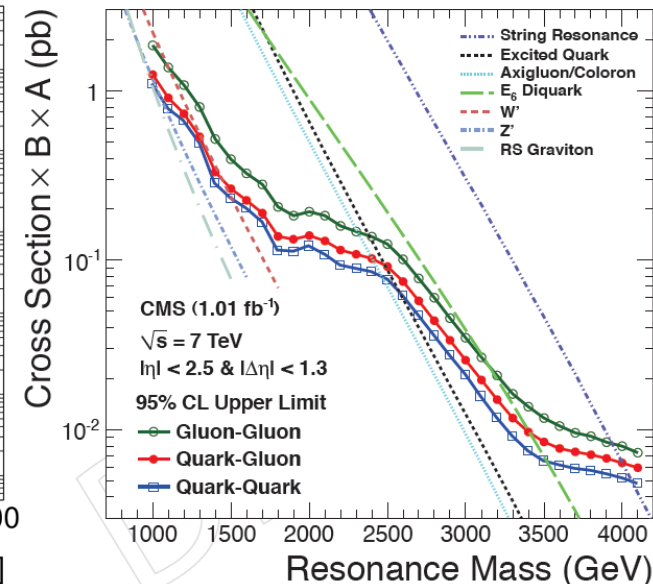
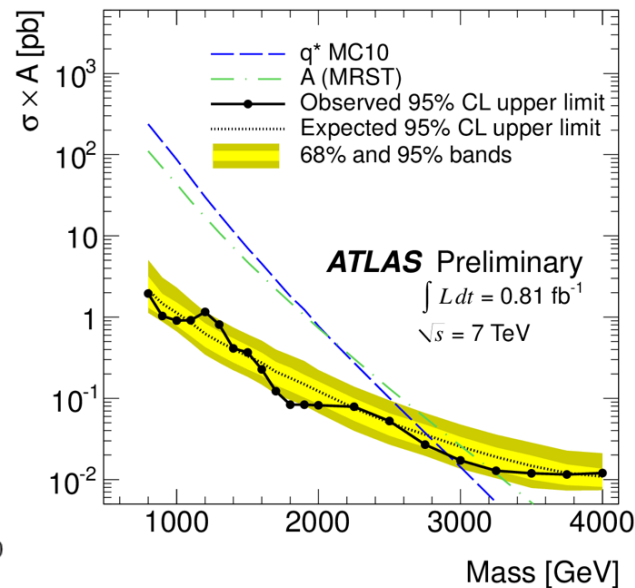
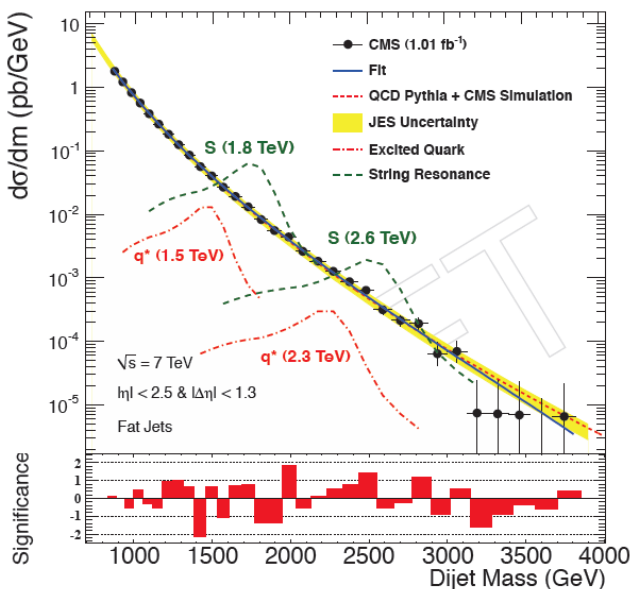
Search for Dijet Resonances

Select events with 2 jets with $p_T > 180$ GeV (ATLAS)
Search for a bump in the invariant jet mass

No bump found Limits $\rightarrow \sim 1\text{-}4$ TeV Range



CMS:arXiv:1107.4771: Sub. to PLB
ATLAS-CONF-2011-95



The data exclude new particles predicted in the following models at the 95%CL (CMS)

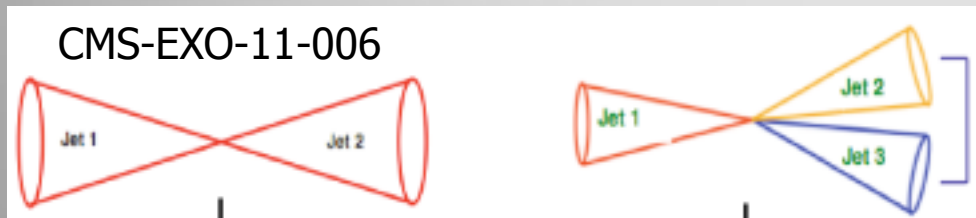
String resonances with mass $M(S) < 4.00$ TeV, E_6 diquarks with $M(D) < 3.52$ TeV, excited quarks with $M(q^*) < 2.49$ TeV, axigluons and colorons with $M(A,C) < 2.47$ TeV, and W' bosons with $M(W') < 1.51$ TeV

ATLAS

Model	95% CL Limits (TeV)	
	Expected	Observed
Excited Quark q^*	2.77	2.91
Axigluon	3.02	3.21
Color Octet Scalar	1.71	1.91

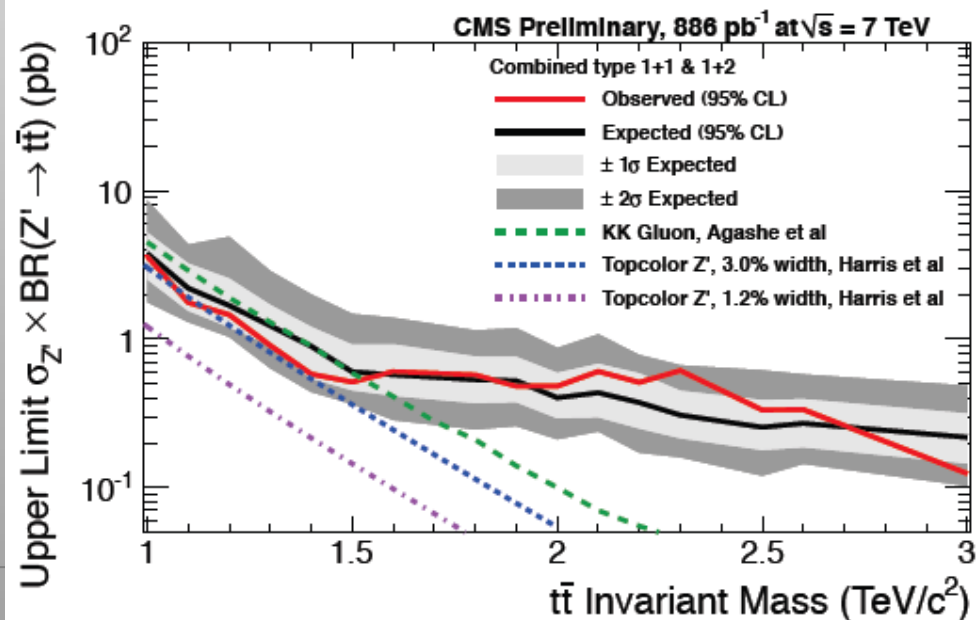
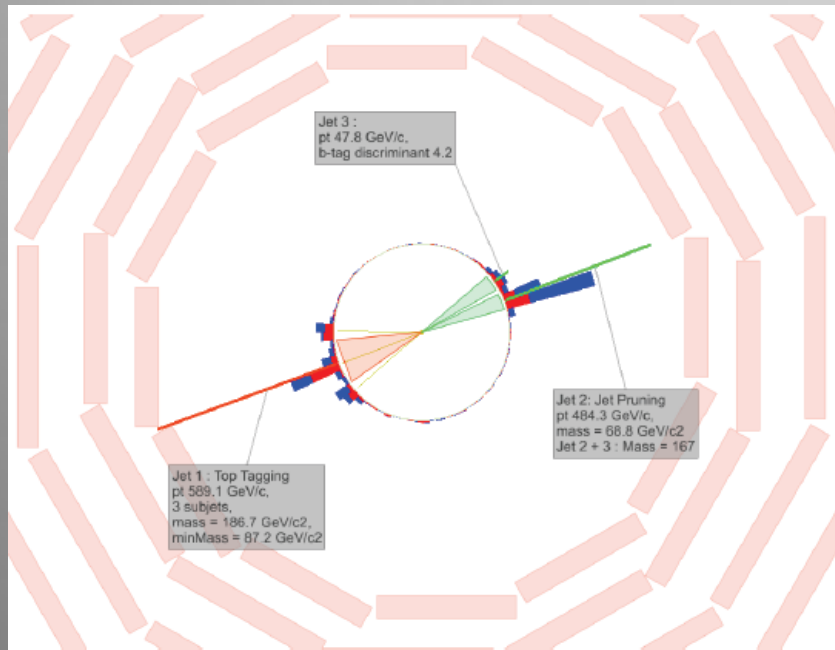
$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ Search

- Search in the all hadronic decay channel for the tops
- Tops are boosted for high mass Z' , jets merge
- Start from Cambridge-Aachen FAT jets and apply jet pruning to find sub-jets
- QCD background estimate from data (mistag method)



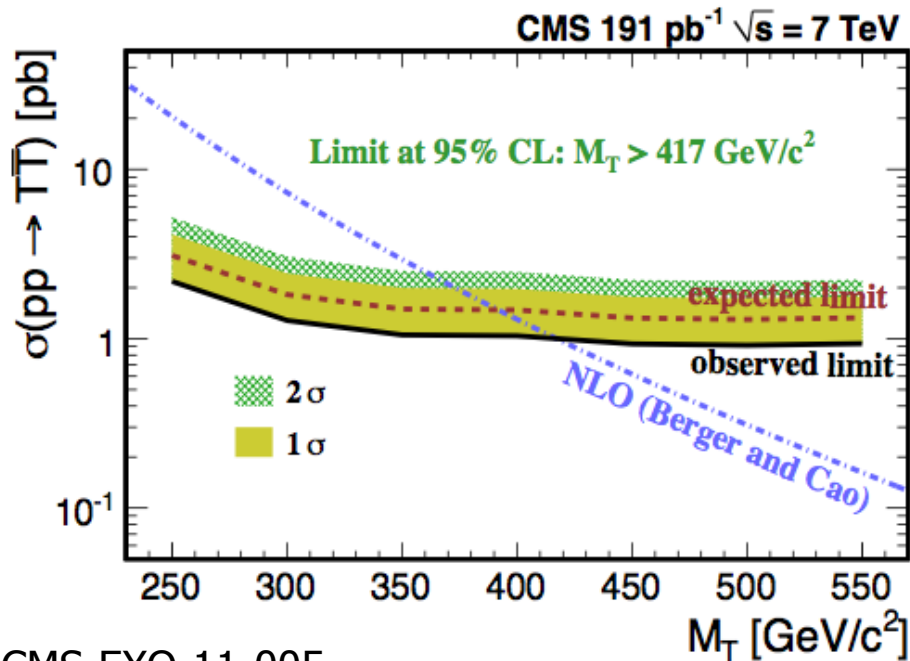
Particle flow an asset for this study!

Exclude KK-Gluons $1 < M < 1.5$ GeV



4th Generation: Top partners

$$T \rightarrow tZ$$

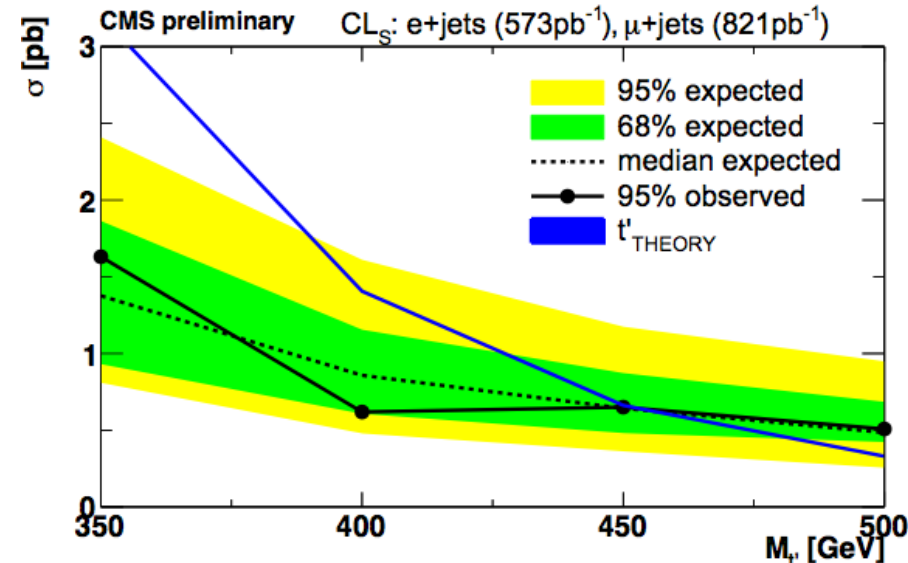


CMS-EXO-11-005

$M(T)$ [GeV/ c^2]	250	300	350	400	450	500	550
Observed limit [pb]	2.18	1.28	1.05	1.04	0.93	0.91	0.94

No top-like quark with tZ decay found with mass < 417 GeV at 95% CL

$$t'\bar{t}' \rightarrow WbW\bar{b} \rightarrow \ell\nu b q \bar{q} \bar{b}$$



CMS-EXO-11-0051

No t' with found in the region of mass < 450 GeV at 95% CL

$$b'\bar{b}' \rightarrow tW^- \bar{t}W^+ \rightarrow bW^+ W^- \bar{b}W^- W^+$$

No b' with $255 < \text{mass} < 361$ GeV

Long Lived Particles

Split Supersymmetry

- Assumes nature is fine tuned and SUSY is broken at some high scale
- The only light particles are the **Higgs** and the **gauginos**
 - Gluino can live long: sec, min, years!
 - R-hadron** formation (eg: gluino+ gluon): slow, heavy particles

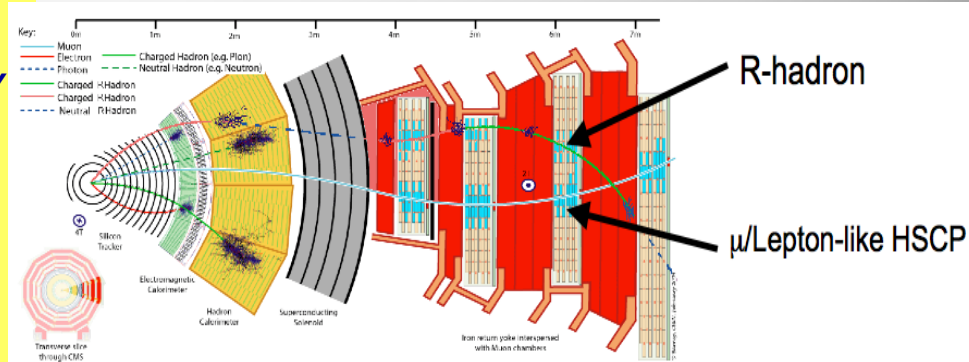
Unusual interactions with material

eg. **with the calorimeters of the experiments!**

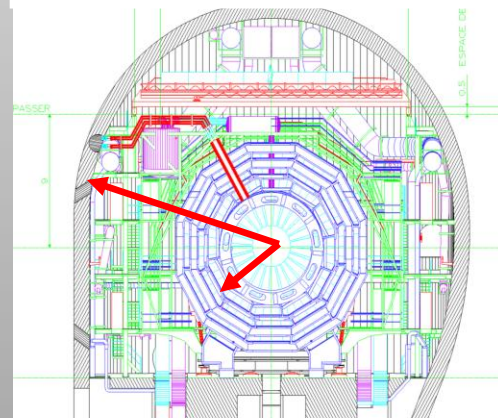
Gravitino Dark Matter and GMSB

- In some models/phase space the gravitino is the LSP
- \Rightarrow NLSP (neutralino, stau lepton) can live 'long'
- \Rightarrow non-pointing photons

\Rightarrow Challenge to the experiments!



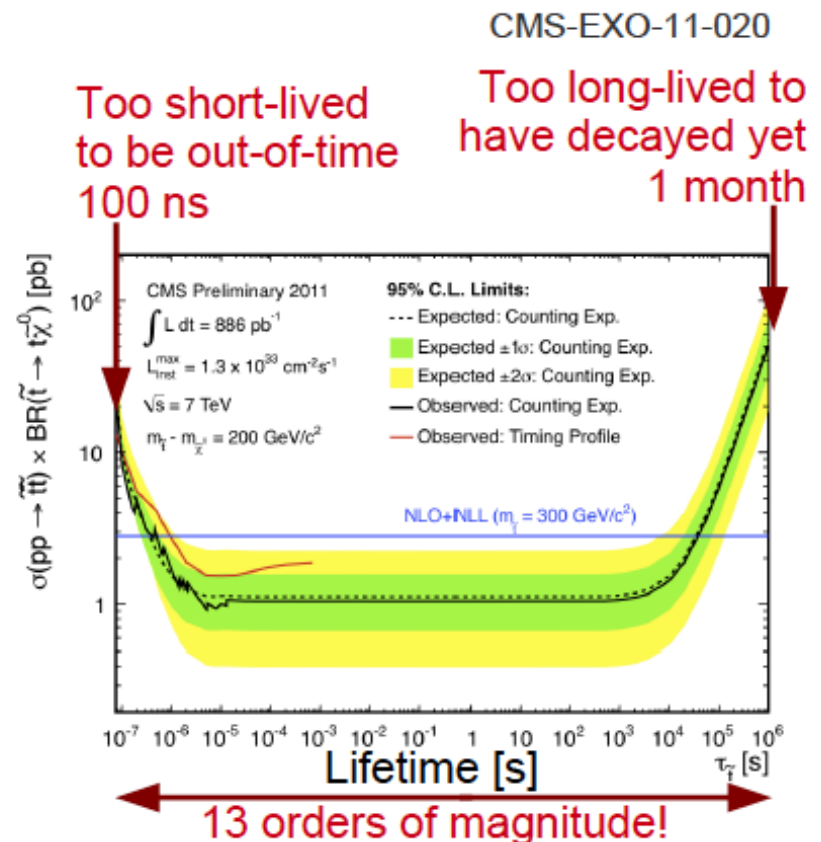
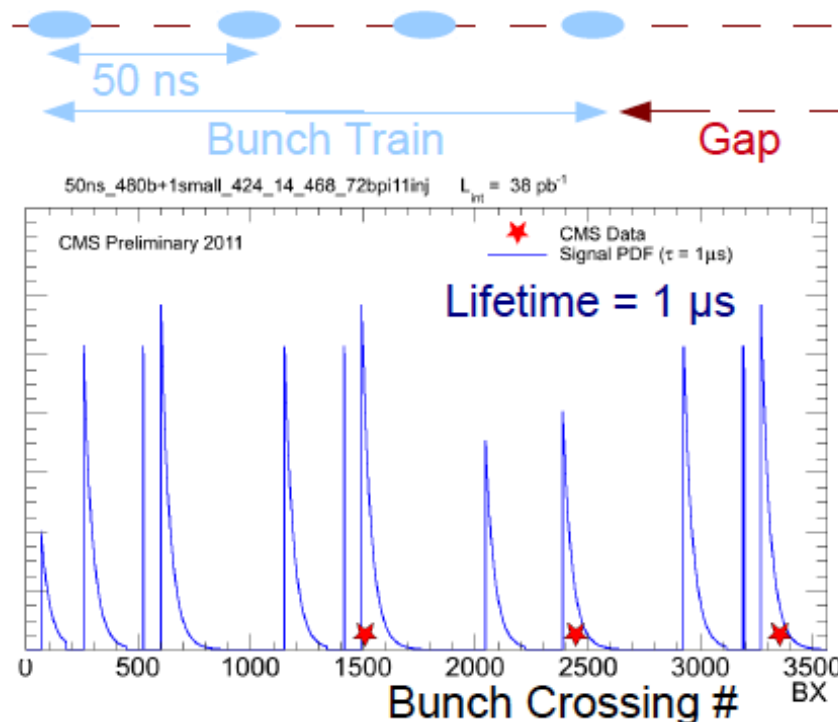
K. Hamaguchi, M Nojiri, ADR hep-ph/0612060
ADR, J. Ellis et al. hep-ph/0508198



Sparticles stopped in the detector, walls of the cavern, or dense 'stopper' detector. They decay after hours---months...

Search for Stopped Gluinos

- Out-of-time decay of heavy particles stopped in the detector
- Look for signal **without** collisions:
 - When no beam in the machine
 - Between bunch trains

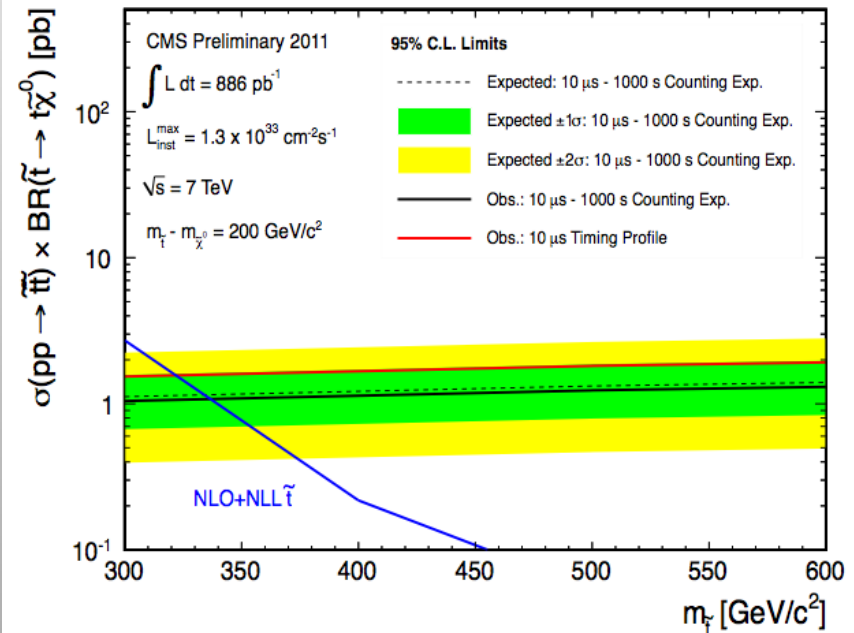
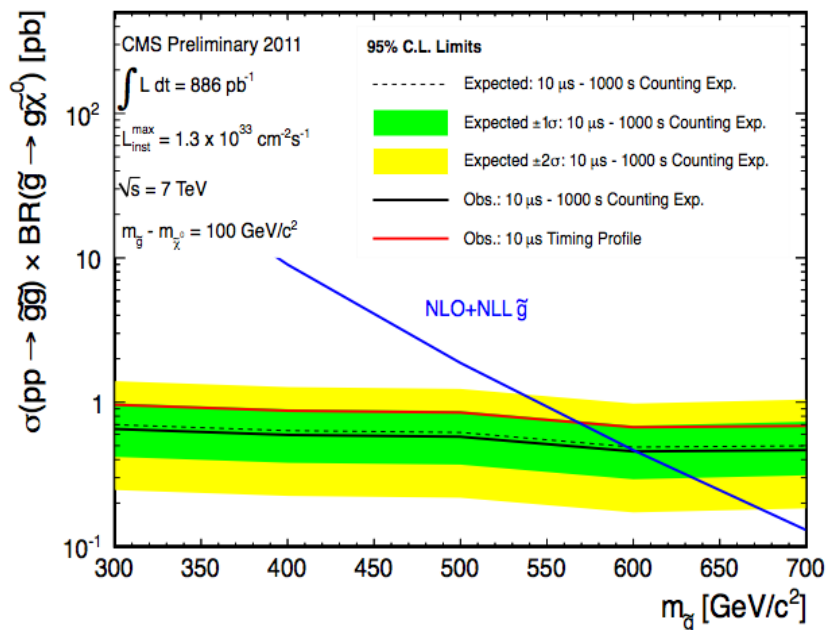


Search for Stopped Gluinos

Search for Heavy Stable Charged Particles that **stop in the detectors** and **decay a long time afterwards** (nsec, sec, hrs...)

Special data taking after the beams are dumped and during beam abort gaps

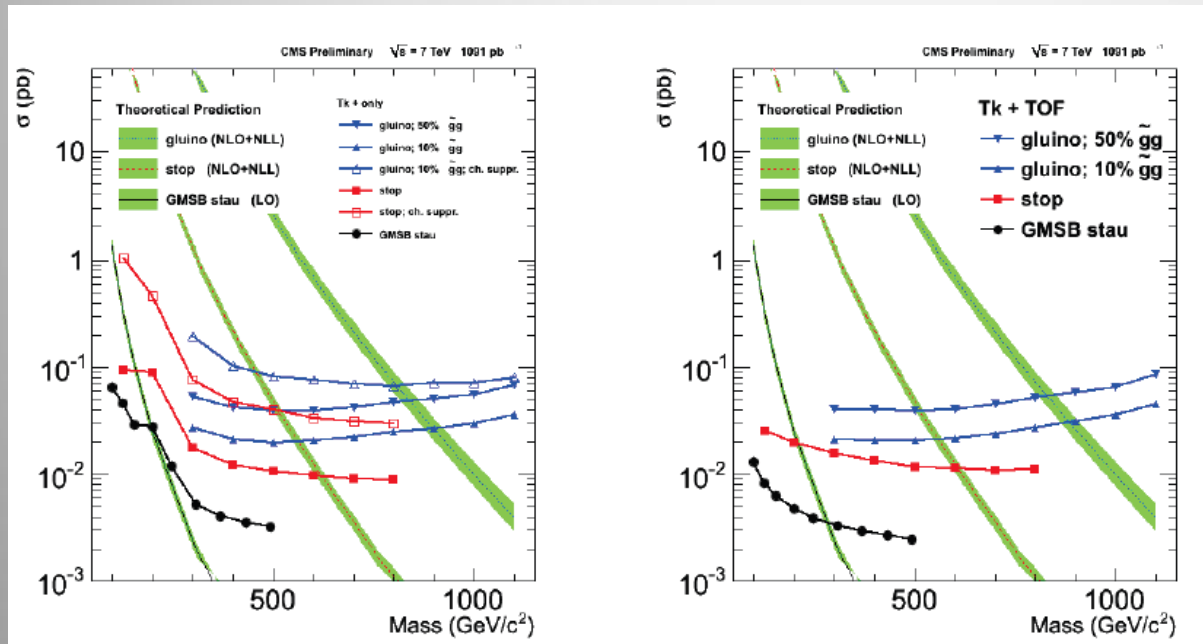
CMS-EXO-11-020



95% CL Limits: Stopped Gluinos > 600 GeV, Stopped Stop quarks > 337 GeV

Heavy Stable Charged Particles

CMS-EXO-11-022



Stable particles that traverse the detector, and move slowly

Eg heavy stable gluino or stop/stau

Search limits using tracker dE/dx and Muon TOF information

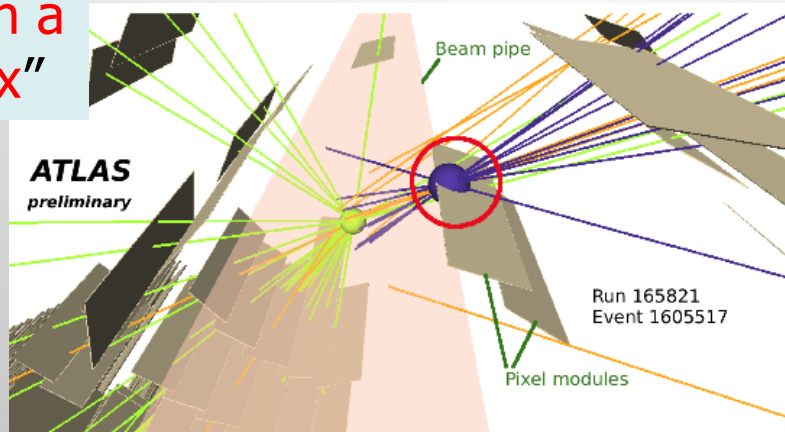
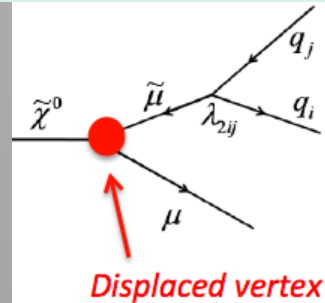
Result for 1 fb^{-1} :
#Events consistent with estimated background

95% C.L. mass limits are set for

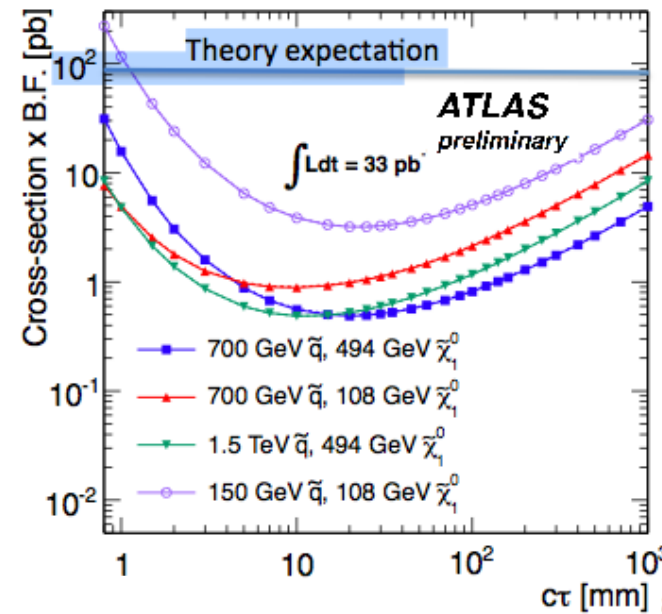
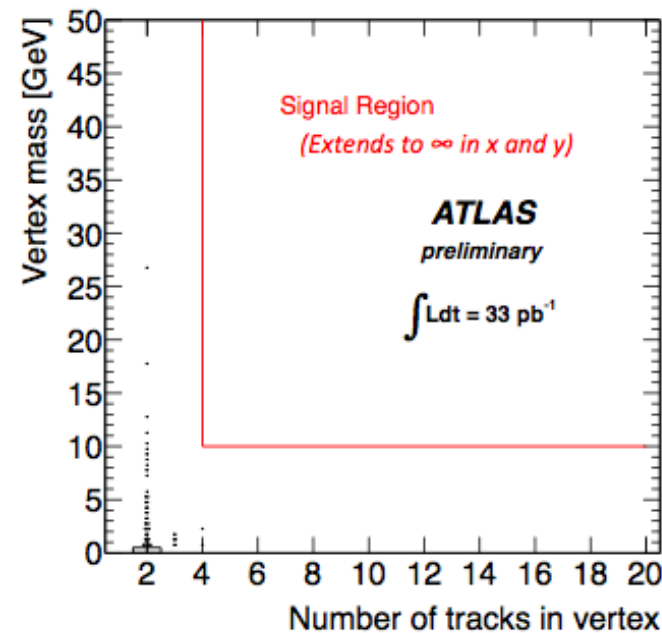
- Cloud model interaction scenario
 - Gluino (10% $\sim gg$): 899 GeV, Gluino (50% $\sim gg$): 839 GeV
 - Stop: 620 GeV GMSB Stau: 293 GeV ← NEW Addition
- Charge suppression interaction scenario
 - Gluino (10% $\sim gg$): 808 GeV, Stop: 515 GeV

Search for RPV SUSY

Using events with a
"displaced vertex"



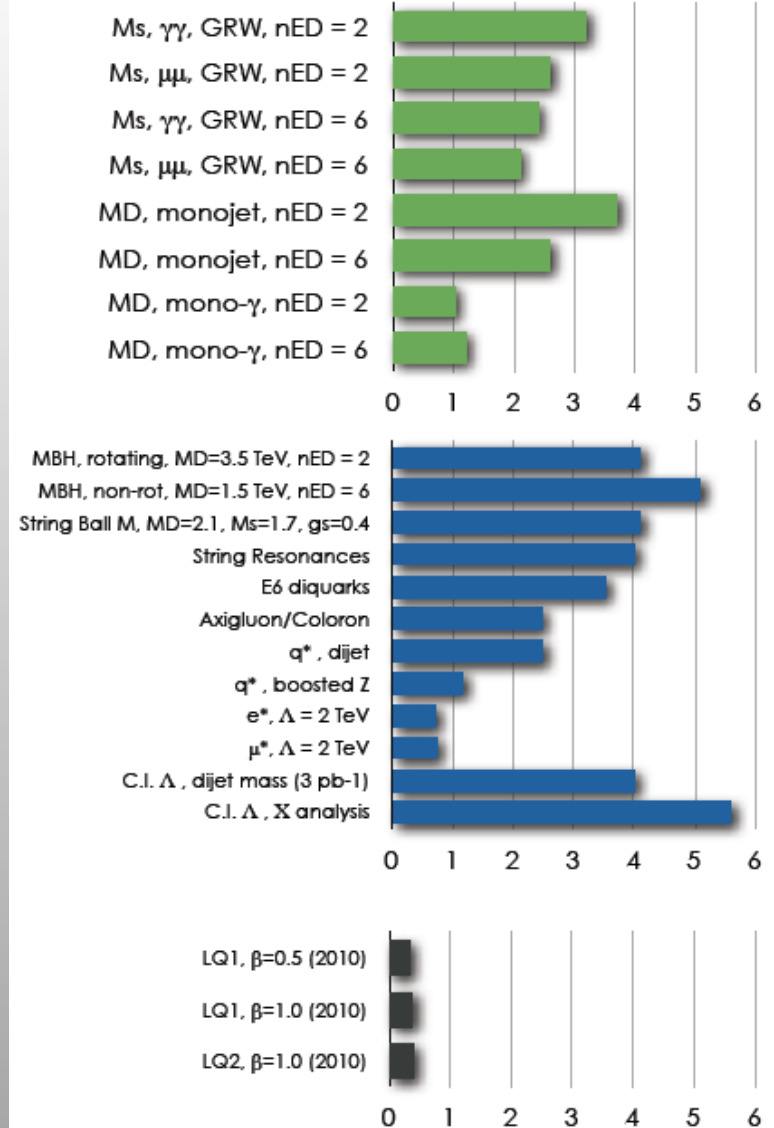
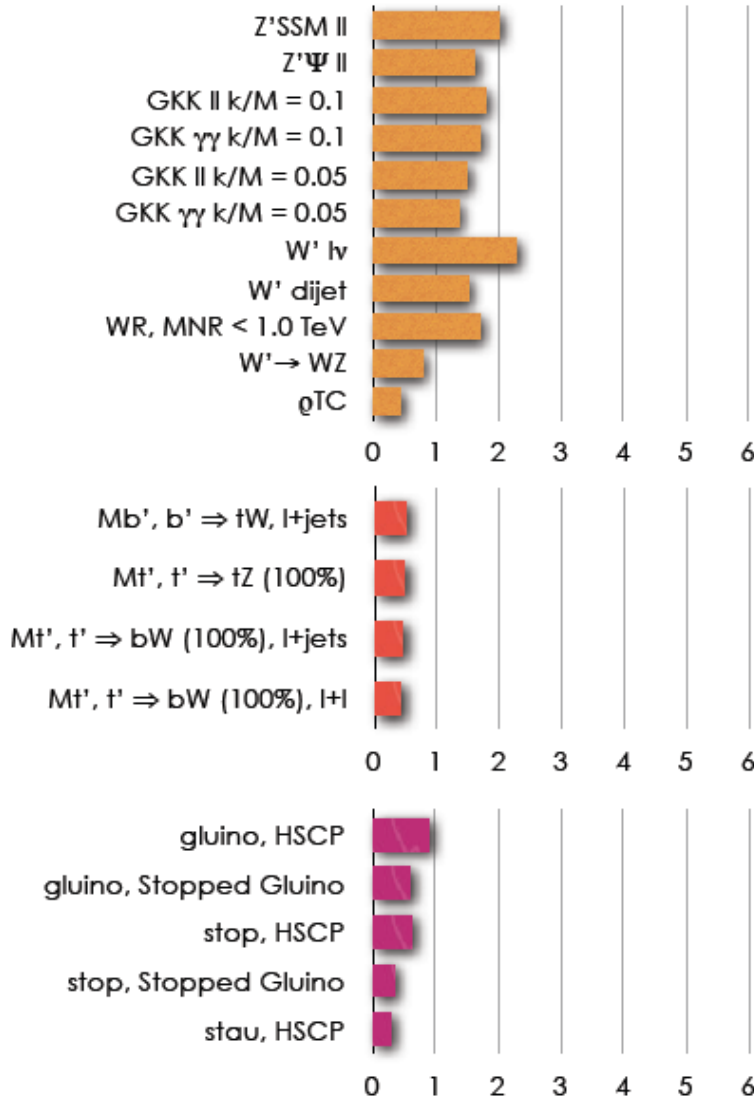
Event from a jet-trigger data sample, where a high-mass vertex (circled) is the result of an apparently random, large-angle intersection between a track and a low-mass hadronic-interaction vertex produced in a pixel module. The beampipe and some pixel modules are shown



No signal found

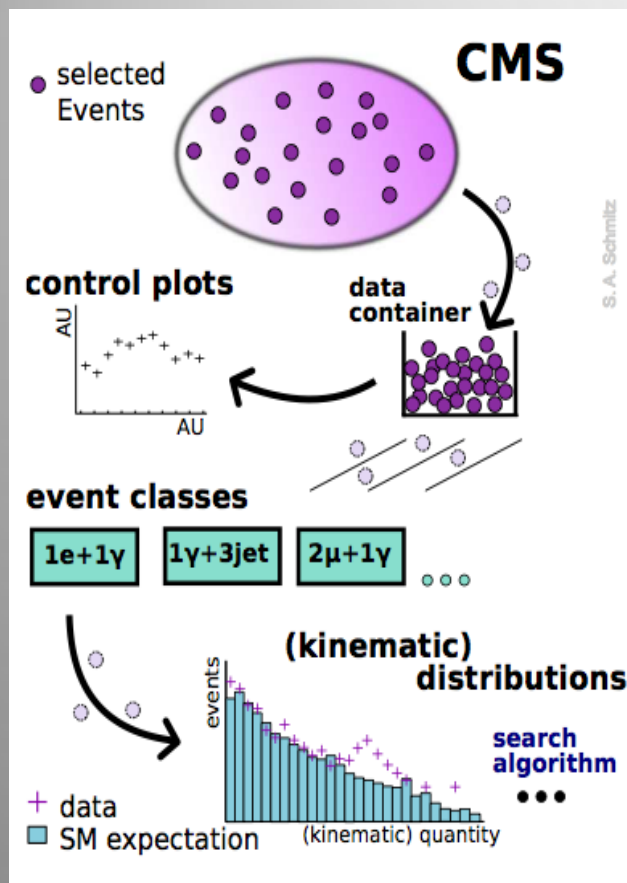
- $\sigma * \text{detector acceptance} * \epsilon$
 $< 0.09 \text{ pb @ 95\% Confidence level}$

Summary of the Searches (CMS)



Can we miss something?

CMS-EXO-10-021



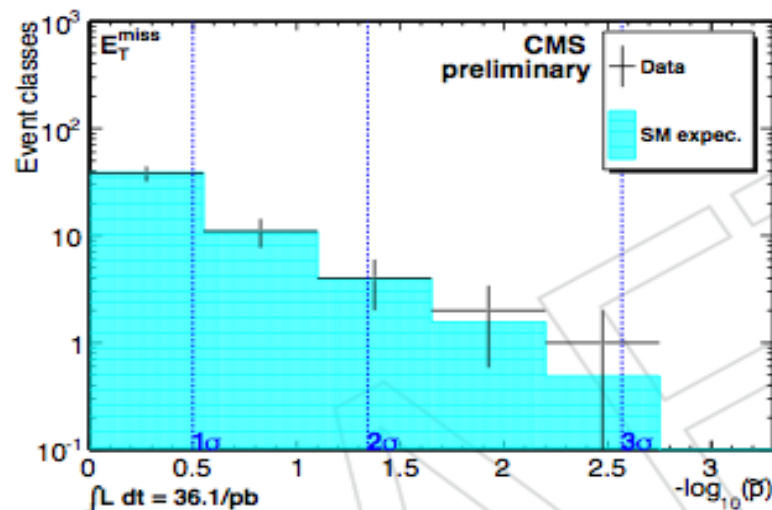
S. A. Schmitz

Model independent search

- Divide events into exclusive classes
- Study deviations from SM predictions in a statistical way

Distributions in each class

- $\sum p_T$ - Most general
- $M_{inv}^{(T)}$ - Good for resonances
- MET - Escaping particles



Probability distribution as expected for 35 pb^{-1}

Look at & watch the outliers...

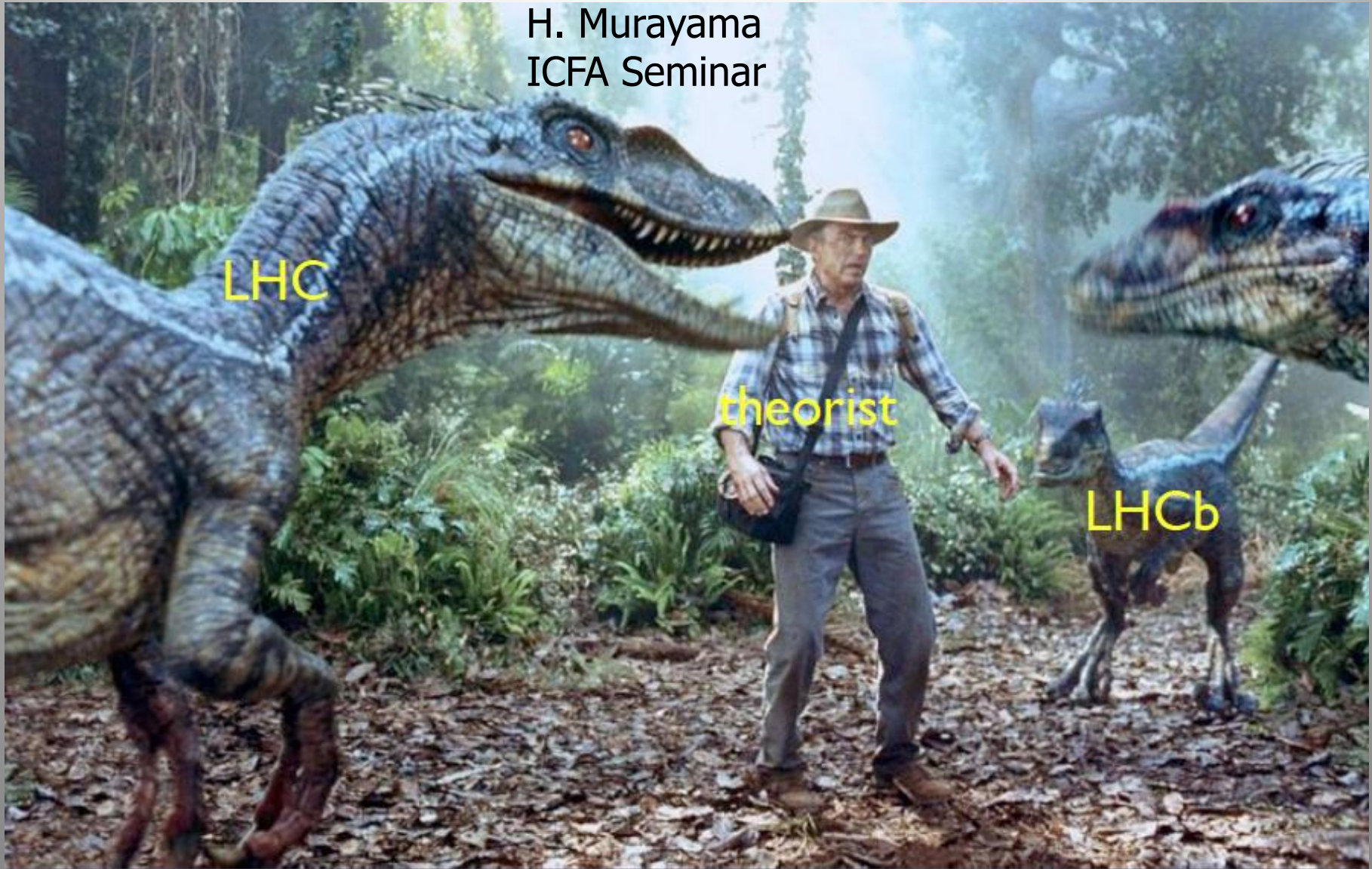
Summary

New signatures for new physics yet
→ Simple Summary (LP11: H. Bachacou)

	Lower Limit (95% C.L.)
SUSY ($m_{\tilde{q}} = m_{\tilde{g}}$)	1 TeV
Gauge bosons (SSM)	2 TeV
Excited quark	3 TeV

How does it feel to be a (BSM) Theorist?

H. Murayama
ICFA Seminar



Summary: The Searches are on!

- The LHC has entered new territory. The ATLAS and CMS experiments are ready for searches for new physics. The most popular example is SUSY, but many other New Physics model searches are covered.
- No sign of new physics yet in the first 1 fb^{-1} at 7 TeV.
Starts to cut into the 'preferred SUSY region'. The air for constrained models is getting very thin. We'll need to dig deeper. Input from our theory colleagues welcome!
- Some analyses have been released only with 35 pb^{-1} so far so these have a lot of headroom left.
- The LHC did its part so far with a great run in 2011. Expect between 10 and 20 fb^{-1} by end of 2012 (optimistic), and maybe a higher energy in 2012, which would help for searches

BACKUP